## QUESTION 1:

Has a combined environmental and social assessment/review that covers the proposed pro	iect
already been completed by implementing partners or donor(s)?	ject

Select answer below and follow instructions:

- X NO  $\rightarrow$  Continue to Question 2 (do not fill out Table 1.1)
- YES → No further environmental and social review is required if the existing documentation meets UNDP's quality assurance standards, and environmental and social management recommendations are integrated into the project. Therefore, you should undertake the following steps to complete the screening process:
  - 1. Use Table 1.1 below to assess existing documentation. (It is recommended that this assessment be undertaken jointly by the Project Developer and other relevant Focal Points in the office or Bureau).
  - 2. Ensure that the Project Document incorporates the recommendations made in the implementing partner's environmental and social review.
  - 3. Summarize the relevant information contained in the implementing partner's environmental and social review in Annex A.2 of this Screening Template, selecting Category 1.
  - 4. Submit Annex A to the PAC, along with other relevant documentation.

T	ABLE 1.1: CHECKLIST FOR APPRAISING QUALITY ASSURANCE OF EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL ASSESSMENT	Yes/No			
1.	Does the assessment/review meet its terms of reference, both procedurally and substantively?				
2.	Does the assessment/review provide a satisfactory assessment of the proposed project?	-			
3.	Does the assessment/review contain the information required for decision-making?				
4.	Does the assessment/review describe specific environmental and social management measures (e.g., mitigation, monitoring, advocacy, and capacity development measures)?				
5.	Does the assessment/review identify capacity needs of the institutions responsible for implementing environmental and social management issues?				
6.	Was the assessment/review developed through a consultative process with strong stakeholder engagement, including the view of men and women?				
7.	Does the assessment/review assess the adequacy of the cost of and financing arrangements for environmental and social management issues?				

Table 1.1 (e.g., am	1 (continued) For any "no" answers, describe below how the issue has been or will be resolved endments made or supplemental review conducted).
QUEST	TON 2:
Belect ans X N	Atputs and activities described in the Project Document fall within the following categories? Procurement (in which case UNDP's Procurement Ethics and Environmental Procurement Guide need to be complied with)  Report preparation  Training  Event/workshop/meeting/conference (refer to Green Meeting Guide)  Communication and dissemination of results  Swer below and follow instructions:  NO → Continue to Question 3  TES → No further environmental and social review required. Complete Annex A.2, selecting fategory 1, and submit the completed template (Annex A) to the PAC.
QUESTI	
social cha global, reg	proposed project include activities and outputs that support upstream planning processes ntially pose environmental and social impacts or are vulnerable to environmental and ange (refer to Table 3.1 for examples)? (Note that upstream planning processes can occur at gional, national, local and sectoral levels)  appropriate answer and follow instructions:
	<ul> <li>Continue to Question 4.</li> <li>ES →Conduct the following steps to complete the screening process:</li> <li>1. Adjust the project design as needed to incorporate UNDP support to the country(ies), to ensure that environmental and social issues are appropriately considered during the upstream planning process. Refer to Section 7 of this Guidance for elaboration of environmental and social mainstreaming services, tools, guidance and approaches that may be used.</li> <li>2. Summarize environmental and social mainstreaming support in Annex A.2, Section C of the Screening Template and select "Category 2".</li> <li>3. If the proposed project ONLY includes upstream planning processes then screening is complete, and you should submit the completed Environmental and Social Screening Template (Annex A) to the PAC. If downstream implementation activities are also included in the project then continue to Question 4.</li> </ul>

T	ABLE 3. 1 EXAMPLES OF UPSTREAM PLANNING PROCESSES WITH POTENTIAL DOWNSTREAM ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL IMPACTS	Check appropriate box(es) below
1.	Support for the elaboration or revision of <b>global-level</b> strategies, policies, plans, and programmes. For example, capacity development and support related to international negotiations and agreements. Other examples might include a global water governance project or a global MDG project.	
2.	Support for the elaboration or revision of <b>regional-level</b> strategies, policies and plans, and programmes.	X
	For example, capacity development and support related to transboundary programmes and planning (river basin management, migration, international waters, energy development and access, climate change adaptation etc.).	
3.	Support for the elaboration or revision of <b>national-level</b> strategies, policies, plans and programmes.  For example, capacity development and support related to national development policies, plans, strategies and budgets, MDG-based plans and strategies (e.g., PRS/PRSPs, NAMAs), sector plans.	X
4.	Support for the elaboration or revision of <b>sub-national/local-level</b> strategies, polices, plans and programmes.	X
	For example, capacity development and support for district and local level development plans and regulatory frameworks, urban plans, land use development plans, sector plans, provincial development plans, investment funds, provision of services, technical guidelines and methods, stakeholder engagement.	

## **QUESTION 4:**

Does the proposed project include the implementation of *downstream* activities that potentially pose environmental and social impacts or are vulnerable to environmental and social change?

To answer this question, you should first complete Table 4.1 by selecting appropriate answers. If you answer "No" or "Not Applicable" to all questions in Table 4.1 then the answer to Question 4 is "NO." If you answer "Yes" to any questions in Table 4.1 (even one "Yes" can indicated a significant issue that needs to be addressed through further review and management) then the answer to Question 4 is "YES":

- NO → No further environmental and social review and management required for downstream activities. Complete Annex A.2 by selecting "Category 1", and submit the Environmental and Social Screening Template to the PAC.
- $X YES \rightarrow Conduct$  the following steps to complete the screening process:
  - 1. Consult Section 8 of this Guidance, to determine the extent of further environmental and social review and management that might be required for the project.
  - 2. Revise the Project Document to incorporate environmental and social management measures. Where further environmental and social review and management activity cannot be undertaken prior to the PAC, a plan for undertaking such review and management activity within an acceptable period of time, post-PAC approval (e.g., as the first phase of the project) should be outlined in Annex A.2.
  - 3. Select "Category 3" in Annex A.2, and submit the completed Environmental and Social Screening Template (Annex A) and relevant documentation to the PAC.

<u>TABLE 4.1</u> :	ADDITIONAL SCREENING QUESTIONS TO DETERMINE THE NEED AND POSSIBLE
LES TEMPS TO	EXTENT OF FURTHER ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL REVIEW AND
	MANAGEMENT

1.	Biodiversity and Natural Resources	Answer (Yes/No/ Not Applicable)
1.1	Would the proposed project result in the conversion or degradation of <u>modified habitat</u> , <u>natural habitat</u> or <u>critical habitat</u> ?	No
1.2	Are any development activities proposed within a legally protected area (e.g., natural reserve, national park) for the protection or conservation of biodiversity?	No
1.3	Would the proposed project pose a risk of introducing invasive alien species?	No
1.4	Does the project involve natural forest harvesting or plantation development without an independent forest certification system for sustainable forest management (e.g., PEFC, the Forest Stewardship Council certification systems, or processes established or accepted by the relevant National Environmental Authority)?	No
1.5	Does the project involve the production and harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species without an accepted system of independent certification to ensure sustainability (e.g., the Marine Stewardship Council certification system, or certifications, standards, or processes established or accepted by the relevant National Environmental Authority)?	No
1.6	Does the project involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water?	No

TAE	BLE 4.1: ADDITIONAL SCREENING QUESTIONS TO DETERMINE TH EXTENT OF FURTHER ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL REV MANAGEMENT	
aricia	For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwate extraction.	er
1.7	Does the project pose a risk of degrading soils?	No
2.	Pollution	Answer (Yes/No/ Not Applicable)
2.1	Would the proposed project result in the release of pollutants to the environment due routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and transboundary impacts?	
2.2	Would the proposed project result in the generation of waste that cannot be recovered reused, or disposed of in an environmentally and socially sound manner?	, No
2.3	Will the propose project involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of chemic hazardous materials subject to international action bans or phase-outs?  For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants, or the Montreal Protocol.	
2.4	Is there a potential for the release, in the environment, of hazardous materials resulting their production, transportation, handling, storage and use for project activities?	g from No
2.5	Will the proposed project involve the application of pesticides that have a known negatified on the environment or human health?	ntive No
3.	Climate Change	
3.1	Will the proposed project result in significant greenhouse gas emissions?  Annex E provides additional guidance for answering this question.	No
3.2	Is the proposed project likely to directly or indirectly increase environmental and social vulnerability to climate change now or in the future (also known as maladaptive practically You can refer to the additional guidance in Annex C to help you answer this question. For example, a project that would involve indirectly removing mangroves from coasts or encouraging land use plans that would suggest building houses on floodplains could increase the surrounding population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population of the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding houses on the surrounding population is vulnerability to climate change.	ices)? al zones ld
4.	Social Equity and Equality	Answer (Yes/No/ Not Applicable)
4.1	Would the proposed project have environmental and social impacts that could affect indigenous people or other vulnerable groups?	No
4.2	Is the project likely to significantly impact gender equality and women's empowermen	nt <sup>2</sup> ? No
4.3	Is the proposed project likely to directly or indirectly increase social inequalities now of	or in No

 $^{1}$  Significant corresponds to  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  emissions greater than 100,000 tons per year (from both direct and indirect sources). Annex E provides additional guidance on calculating potential amounts of  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  emissions.

Women are often more vulnerable than men to environmental degradation and resource scarcity. They typically have weaker and insecure rights to the resources they manage (especially land), and spend longer hours on collection of water, firewood, etc. (OECD, 2006). Women are also more often excluded from other social, economic, and political development processes.

TA	BLE 4.1:	ADDITIONAL SCREENING QUESTIONS TO DETERMINE THE NEED A EXTENT OF FURTHER ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL REVIEW AND MANAGEMENT	ND POSSIBL		
	the future?		DESCRIPTION OF THE		
4.4	Will the pro	oposed project have variable impacts on women and men, different ethnic groups, ses?	No		
4.5	Have there in the proj	been challenges in engaging women and other certain key groups of stakeholders ect design process?	No		
4.6	Will the pr	roject have specific human rights implications for vulnerable groups?	No		
5.	Demographic	s and the same of	No		
5.1	Is the proje community	ct likely to result in a substantial influx of people into the affected (ies)?	No		
5.2	Would the proposed project result in substantial voluntary or involuntary resettlement of populations?  For example, projects with environmental and social benefits (e.g., protected areas, climate change adaptation) that impact human settlements, and certain disadvantaged groups within these settlements in particular.				
5.3	For examp coastal zone have seriou	Would the proposed project lead to significant population density increase which could affect the environmental and social sustainability of the project?  For example, a project aiming at financing tourism infrastructure in a specific area (e.g., coastal zone, mountain) could lead to significant population density increase which could have serious environmental and social impacts (e.g., destruction of the area's ecology, noise pollution, waste management problems, greater work burden on women).			
6.	Culture				
6.1		ct likely to significantly affect the cultural traditions of affected communities, ender-based roles?	No		
6.2	implementa	Will the proposed project result in physical interventions (during construction or implementation) that would affect areas that have known physical or cultural significance to indigenous groups and other communities with settled recognized cultural claims?			
6.3		Would the proposed project produce a physical "splintering" of a community?  For example, through the construction of a road, powerline, or dam that divides a			
7.	Health and	Safety			
7.1	Would the proposed project be susceptible to or lead to increased vulnerability to earthquakes, subsidence, landslides, erosion, flooding or extreme climatic conditions?  For example, development projects located within a floodplain or landslide prone area.		No		
7.2		ect result in increased health risks as a result of a change in living and working In particular, will it have the potential to lead to an increase in HIV/AIDS	No		
7.3	Will the prop	posed project require additional health services including testing?	No		
3.	Socio-Econo	omics			
8.1	use, develop	sed project likely to have impacts that could affect women's and men's ability to and protect natural resources and other natural capital assets?  e, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in	No		

TAB	LE 4.1: ADDITIONAL SCREENING QUESTIONS TO DETERMINE THE NEED EXTENT OF FURTHER ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL REVIEW AS MANAGEMENT	AND POSSIBLE
	communities who depend on these resources for their development, livelihoods, and well-being?	
8.2	Is the proposed project likely to significantly affect land tenure arrangements and/or traditional cultural ownership patterns?	No
8.3	Is the proposed project likely to negatively affect the income levels or employment opportunities of vulnerable groups?	
9.	Cumulative and/or Secondary Impacts	
9.1	Is the proposed project location subject to currently approved land use plans (e.g., roads, settlements) which could affect the environmental and social sustainability of the project?	N/A
	For example, future plans for urban growth, industrial development, transportation infrastructure, etc.	
9.2	Would the proposed project result in secondary or consequential development which could lead to environmental and social effects, or would it have potential to generate cumulative impacts with other known existing or planned activities in the area?	Yes
	For example, a new road through forested land will generate direct environmental and social impacts through the cutting of forest and earthworks associated with construction and potential relocation of inhabitants. These are direct impacts. In addition, however, the new road would likely also bring new commercial and domestic development (houses, shops, businesses). In turn, these will generate indirect impacts. (Sometimes these are termed "secondary" or "consequential" impacts). Or if there are similar developments planned in the same forested area then cumulative impacts need to be considered.	

## ANNEX A.2: ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SCREENING SUMMARY (To be filled in after Annex A.1 has been completed)

Name of	Proposed Project:	Integrating global environment commitments in investment and development decision-making
A. Envir	onmental and Social	Screening Outcome
Select fro	m the following:	
Categ	ory 1. No further acti	on is needed
benef are pr	its, impacts, and/or ris	w and management is needed. There are possible environmental and social sks associated with the project (or specific project component), but these or very long-term and so extremely difficult or impossible to directly
		and management is needed, and it is possible to identify these with a inty. If Category 3, select one or more of the following sub-categories:
and	d can often be handled t ther review and assessn	risks are limited in scale and can be identified with a reasonable degree of certainty through application of standard best practice, but require some minimal or targeted ment to identify and evaluate whether there is a need for a full environmental and the case the project would move to Category 3b).
req		risks may well be significant, and so full environmental and social assessment is scoping exercise will need to be conducted to identify the level and approach of propriate.
B. Environmanagem		<u>Issues</u> (for projects requiring further environmental and social review and
This might project, as	nt include both environs well as risks that need	the key potential environmental and social issues raised by this project. Inmental and social opportunities that could be seized on to strengthen the ed to be managed. You should use the answers you provided in Table 4.1 as well as any further review and management that is conducted.
managem Convention currently	ent through REDD+ tons. The Solomon Isl being exploited and n	ject lies in capitalizing on best appropriate practices for sustainable forest to deliver cost-effective outcomes expected under the three Rio lands is a country with important (but limited) forest resources that are nanaged to meet priority national economic objectives. However, as a with limited natural resource reduce poverty and catalyze sustainable socio-

This project is specifically targeted to help the Solomon Islands realize this efficiency, with particular attention to integrating obligations under the three Rio Conventions through new and improved best practices for sustainable forest management. A secondary or consequential development impact that this project will may have is that the demonstration of the aforementioned new and improved practices is that they may require a curtailment of current extractive and unsustainable forest resource management, which may lead to a reduction of revenues for local community representatives. As a potential and foreseen risk, the project will pay close attention to choosing the set of new and improved practices that will have the least negative socio-economic costs, and to complement these with the identification of sustainable

economic development.

alternative livelihood options through the pilot project (output 1.2) and resource mobilization strategy (output 1.3).

C. Next Steps (for projects requiring further environmental and social review and management):

In this section, you should summarize actions that will be taken to deal with the above-listed issues. If your project has Category 2 or 3 components, then appropriate next steps will likely involve further environmental and social review and management, and the outcomes of this work should also be summarized here. Relevant guidance should be obtained from Section 7 for Category 2, and Section 8 for Category 3.

The adaptive collaborative management approach to the project is intended to ensure that stakeholder concerns, in particular the traditionally marginalized stakeholders, i.e., local communities, are able to voice their priorities and concerns early on in the project implementation process so that the right and sound decisions are made.

A risk to this project is one that is common to many other environmental projects, which is that stakeholders do not have strong environmental values and become disinterested in the project. The project will manage this risk by convening a number of awareness-raising meetings and workshops, among other means to actively engage stakeholders.

The project's design also sets out to shorten the divide between protecting the environment and socio-economic priorities. This is to be achieved through the careful development and implementation of the REDD+ Roadmap that will now contain stronger indicators of Rio Convention-related targets and obligations. The mainstreaming activities of the project are specifically designed to reconcile the dual and equally important environmental and socio-economic priorities. As with other GEF projects, activities include awareness-raising workshops and dialogues to help raise the social consciousness and value that the global environmental conservation contributes to long-term socio-economic development.

The Local Project Appraisal Committee (LPAC) for this project will be convened after CEO endorsement.

## D. Sign Off

Project Manager

PAC

Programme Manager a G G C - Date 6 May 2014

Date