

**REQUEST FOR CLIMATE CHANGE ENABLING ACTIVITY** 

PROPOSAL FOR FUNDING UNDER THE GEF Trust Fund

## PART I: PROJECT IDENTIFIERS

EA Title:	Costa Rica's First Biennial Update Rep	Costa Rica's First Biennial Update Report		
Country(ies):	Costa Rica	GEF Project ID: <sup>1</sup>		
GEF Agency(ies):	UNDP (select)	GEF Agency Project ID:	5292	
Other Executing Partner(s):	National Meteorological Institute	Submission Date:	2013-09-11	
GEF Focal Area (s):	Climate Change	Project Duration (Months)	15	
Check if applicable:	NCSA NAPA	Agency Fee (\$):	33440	

#### A. EA FRAMEWORK\*

EA Objective: To assist Costa Rica in the preparation of its First Biennial Update Report for the fulfillment of the obligations under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

EA Component	Grant Type	Expected Outcomes	Expected Outputs	Grant Amount (\$)	Confirmed Co-financing (\$)
Information on national circumstances and institutional arrangements	ТА	National circumstances updated and institutional arrangements relevant to the preparation of the biennial report and the NC described.	General diagnosis of the country that includes an update of the main socio- economic indicators that affect emissions and mitigation actions in the country.	15,000	1,500
			Description of the current situation of development through a document containing the relevant information with respect to climate change.		
			Description of institutional arrangements relevant to the preparation of the biennial report and the National Communication.		
National Inventory of	ТА	National GHG Inventory for	Activity data collected for 2012	105,000	62,250

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Project ID number will be assigned by GEFSEC.

Greenhouse gases (GHG)		2012, using 2006 IPCC methodologies.	<ul> <li>in all sectors of the inventory.</li> <li>2012 Cover map</li> <li>National emission factors improved</li> <li>Inventory report published</li> </ul>		
Mitigation actions	ТА	Country mitigation actions including emission scenarios, mitigation scenarios, NAMAs and other mitigation actions.	Emission scenarios until 2030 including business as usual and different growth trends. Mitigation scenarios until 2030 including the implementation of NAMAs and other actions. NAMAs description report. Other actions report.	80,000	102,250

Constraints and	ТА	Financial,	Technology,	15,000	1,500
gaps and related		technical and	financial and	15,000	1,500
financial,		capacity needs	capacity needs for		
technical and		capacity needs	mitigation		
capacity needs			assessed.		
capacity needs			assessed.		
			Financial needs and		
			constraints in order		
			to adopt climate		
			change measures		
			and strategies		
			evaluated		
			Information		
			updated on		
			financial resources,		
			technology		
			transfer, capacity		
			building and		
			technical support		
			received from the		
			GEF, developed		
			country parties and		
			multilateral		
			organizations for		
			activities related		
			Climate change		
Monitoring,	ТА	An evaluation of	Description of the	45,000	81,500
reporting and		advances on	actions on MRV		
verification		monitoring,	carried out in the		
		reporting and	country.		
		verification	-		
		arrangements			

Education and	ТА	Education and	Workshops and	35,000	5,000
Public		Public awareness	training sessions		
awareness			organized to create		
			capacity in public,		
			scientific and		
			technological		
			institutions,		
			educational and		
			civil society		
			institutions; and		
			specially for		
			assisting local		
			governments in		
			integrating CC in		
			their planning.		
			Various		
			educational		
			materials prepared		
			and disseminated		
			aimed at the		
			general public,		
			teachers,		
			elementary and		
			secondary students,		
			academics and		
			local governments.		
			Web page		
Publication of	ТА	Costa Rica's First	improved. First Biennial	15 000	1 500
	IA			15,000	1,500
the Costa Rica's First Biennial		Biennial Update	Update Report		
		Report to the UNFCCC	published and submitted to the		
Update Report		published	UNFCCC		
		published	First Biennial		
			Update Report has been disseminated		
			to the national		
			stakeholders,		
			decision makers		
			and the civil		
			society.		
Monitoring and	ТА	Monitoring and	Project financial	10,000	4,500
evaluation	111	evaluation	and progress	10,000	т,500
e ruiuution		• • uruution	reports prepared		
			and submitted		
	(select)				
	(select)				
Subtotal				320,000	260,000
EA Management	Cost <sup>2</sup>			32,000	174,000
Total EA Cost				352000	434000

<sup>a</sup> List the \$ by EA components. Please attach a detailed project budget table that supports all the EA components in this table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This is the cost associated with the unit executing the project on the ground and could be financed out of trust fund or co-financing sources.

# B. CO-FINANCING FOR THE EA BY SOURCE AND BY NAME

Sources of Co-financing	Name of Co-financier	Type of Cofinancing	Amount (\$)
National Government	National Meteorological	In-kind	194,000
	Institute		
GEF Agency	UNDP - LECB project	In-kind	240,000
(select)		(select)	
Total Co-financing			434,000

## C. GRANT RESOURCES REQUESTED BY AGENCY, FOCAL AREA AND COUNTRY

GEF Agency	Type of Trust Fund	Focal Area	Country Name/Global	EA Amount (a)	Agency Fee (b) <sup>2</sup>	Total (c)=(a)+(b)
UNDP	GEF TF	Climate Change	Costa Rica	352,000	33,440	385,440
(select)	(select)	(select)				0
(select)	(select)	(select)				0
(select)	(select)	(select)				0
(select)	(select)	(select)				0
Total Gra	Total Grant Resources			352,000	33,440	385,440

#### **D. EA MANAGEMENT COST**

Cost Items	Total Estimated Person Weeks/Months	Grant Amount (\$)	Co-financing (\$)	EA Total (\$)
Local consultants*	56.00	30,500	170,000	200,500
International consultants*				0
Office facilities, equipment, vehicles and communications*		1,500	4,000	5,500
Travel*				0
Others**	Specify "Others" (1) Specify "Others" (2) Specify "Others" (3)			0 0
Total		32,000	174,000	206,000

\* Details to be provided in Annex A. \*\*For Others, to be clearly specified by overwriting fields (1)-(3)

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR TABLE **D**, IF APPLICABLE:

If costs for office facilities, equipment, vehicles and communications, travels are requesting for GEF financing, please provide justification here:

S \$ 1,500 to be used to purchase computer to administrative assistant.

# PART II: ENABLING ACTIVITY JUSTIFICATION

A. ENABLING ACTIVITY	Costa Rica ratified the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) in 1994; and the Kyoto Protocol in 2005.
<b>BACKGROUND</b> <b>AND CONTEXT</b> (Provide brief	The Ministry of Environment and Energy (MINAE) is the leading entity that has taken the responsibility to implement the Convention through the following institutions:
information about projects implemented since a country became	• The Climate Change Office is the focal point to the Convention and with a facilitative role that seeks to promote the participation of public and private sectors by using this mechanism of the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol to open new opportunities.
party to the convention and results achieved):	• The National Meteorological Institute (IMN), which acts as focal point to the IPCC. The IMN has led the preparation of the National Communications including the greenhouse gas Inventories, as well as studies on vulnerability and adaptation, technology transfer, education, and public awareness, with the aid of resources from international cooperation.
	Through the National Meteorological Institute of the Ministry of the Environment and Energy, Costa Rica has developed two National Communications to the UNFCCC and actually is developing the third National Communication, undertaking the procedures and making the arrangements needed to provide continuity to the process.
	To that aim, the country received the assistance of the Global Environmental Facility (GEF) through three Institutional Strengthening projects implemented by IMN, with the United Nations Development Program (UNDP) as the implementing agency.
	Costa Rica's First National Communication was submitted to the Conference of the Parties in 2000, the Second National Communication in 2009 and actually the Third National Communication, whose inventory uses 2010 as baseline, is under development with the financial assistance of the GEF and UNDP as implementing agency.
	As a result of the new international context, framed by the Cancun and Durban COP decisions and recommendations, Costa Rica's Third National Communication project has proposed outcomes that would enable the country to be better prepared to face the new elements and obligations, such as NAMAs, MRV, national inventory reports, among others.
	Costa Rica also is implementing its enabling activity for the Cross Cutting Capacity Development (CCCD) project, which will provide an important overview of the country's activities in fulfillment of its obligations under the UNFCCC, the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD), and the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), as well as a roadmap to increase national capacities.
	In 2009, the Climate Change Inter ministerial Commission was created. The group arises as a new forum for the cross-sectorial coordination of any action to be undertaken by public and private institutions in the field of mitigation and adaptation to climate change. The inter ministerial Group includes representatives from the Ministry of Planning and Economic policies, Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Health, the National Emergency Committee.
	The National Strategy on Climate Change was published in 2008 and the National Action Plan in 2012. This National Plan is the strategic framework that identifies the actions and measures that society and the socioeconomic sectors will have to implement to adapt to climate change and climate variability, as well as the efforts required to mitigate the greenhouse gas emissions.

	In this new national and international framework, and to fulfill the new obligations arisen from Cancun and Durban COP decisions related to the submission of national communications and biennial update reports, support from the Global Environment Facility is needed to continue to develop and consolidate the existing technical and institutional capacity and to continue the efforts of integrating climate change into national policies, plans and programmes.
	Costa Rica's First Biennial Update Report will provide an update of the country's most recent submitted national communication and particularly will build on the pertinent components of Third National Communication which will be submitted in March 2014 to the UNFCCC. The First BUR is planned to be submitted to the UNFCCC in December 2014.
<b>B.</b> ENABLING	The <b>long term objective</b> of the project is strengthen the technical capacity of Costa Rica in the
Α	development of actions that allow the integration of climate change into national and sectorial
GOALS,	development goals by giving continuity to the institutional and technical capacity strengthening
OBJECTIVES,	process.
AND	
ACTIVITIES (The proposal should briefly justify and describe the	The <b>immediate objective</b> of the project is to assist Costa Rica in the preparation and submission of its First Biennial Update Report to the Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC for the fulfillment of its obligations to the Convention under Dec. 1/CP. 16 par. 60 and Dec 2/CP. 17 par. 41 and its Annex III.
project framework. Identify also key stakeholders	The project <b>expected outcomes</b> are:
involved in the project including the private sector, civil society organizations, local and indigenous communities, and their respective roles, as applicable. Describe also how the gender dimensions are considered in project design and implementation.)	<ol> <li>Update the national circumstances and institutional arrangements relevant to the preparation of the biennial report and the national communications.</li> <li>To evaluate the National GHG Inventory with 2012 as the baseline year, using 2006 IPCC methodologies.</li> <li>To describe country mitigation actions including emission scenarios, mitigation scenarios, NAMAs and other mitigation actions</li> <li>To assess the technology, financial and capacity needs for mitigation.</li> <li>The support to the process of establishment of the domestic Measurement, Reporting and Verification arrangements.</li> <li>Education and Public awareness</li> <li>The publication and submission of the First Biennial Update Report according to the guidelines contained in Annex III of Dec.2/CP. 17</li> <li>The Project outcomes will be achieved through a wide range of outputs and activities, which are in line with the GEF's climate change enabling activities under the UNFCCC. Outcomes are:         <ul> <li>General diagnosis of the country that includes an update of the main socio-economic indicators that affect emissions and mitigation actions in the country.</li> <li>Description of the current situation of development through a document containing the relevant information with respect to climate change.</li> <li>Description of institutional arrangements relevant to the preparation of the biennial report and the National Communication</li> <li>Activity data collected for 2012 in all sectors of the inventory.</li> <li>2012 Cover map</li> <li>National emission factors improved for key sectors</li> <li>Inventory report published</li> <li>Emission scenarios until 2030 including business as usual and different growth trends.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

- NAMAs description and other mitigation actions report.
- Technology, financial and capacity needs for mitigation assessed.
- Financial needs and constraints in order to adopt climate change measures and strategies evaluated
- Information updated on financial resources, technology transfer, capacity building and
technical support received from the GEF, developed country parties and multilateral
organizations for activities related Climate change
- Description of the strategic actions on MRV carried out in the country
- Workshops and training sessions organized to create capacity in public, scientific and technological institutions, educational and civil society institutions; and specially for
assisting local governments in integrating CC in their planning.
- Educational materials aimed at the general public, teachers, elementary and secondary
students, academics and local governments.
- Web page improved.
- First Biennial Update Report published and submitted to the UNFCCC
- First Biennial Update Report has been disseminated to the national stakeholders, decision makers and the civil society.
The National Meteorological Institute (IMN) has been responsible for carrying out two National
Communications to the Conference of the Parties of the UNFCCC, four greenhouse gas emission
inventories and two adaptation projects. These efforts have contributed to the institutional
strengthening process, making IMN competent for the application of the Convention at national
level. In all projects, IMN has considered the participation of the different relevant stakeholders
including academia, private companies, government institutions and civil society
The integration of the different sectors strengthens the institutional and technical capacity of the
different stakeholders and institutions, not limited to a reduced group of experts and decision
makers from the governmental institution where lies the responsibility for the fulfillment of the
national obligations to the Convention.
The Ministry of Environment and Energy, through its Climate Change Office and the National
Meteorological Institute should perform a leadership and coordination role for the development
of those actions needed to the application of the Convention and its formal communication to the
international community, acting in coordination with the other stakeholders, integrating climate
change in the ongoing national activities for the achievement of results to be reported and communicated through the National Communications and Biennial Update Reports.
communicated through the National Communications and Dichmar Opdate Reports.
The key stakeholders involved in the project comprise different institutions and organizations,
with different roles and participation.
As stated shows The Minister of Environment ( 1.E. (MDMAD) (1. 1. (1. N. (1. 1.
As stated above, The Ministry of Environment and Energy (MINAE) through the National Meteorological Institute, will act as the Implementing Partner and will be in charge of the project
coordination.
Relevant Ministries, such as the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock, Ministry of Health,
Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport, National Electricity Institute play a key role in the
elaboration of the National GHG Inventories, as they support the estimation of the respective
sectorial emissions.

	In the development of the mitigation actions, an important role is played by the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock, Costa Rican Coffee Institute, National Electricity Institute, in particular regarding assumptions related to sector specific mitigation plans and in updating the baseline scenario, based on the newest available data (reference scenario), as well as for the NAMAs identification and preparation for its inclusion in the National Registry and its submission to the UNFCCC. The National Meteorological Institute will take part in capacity building activities for identification, preparation and implementation of mitigation actions for GHG emissions in key economic sectors. Relevant sectorial ministries and bodies will participate in capacity building and strengthening activities aimed at the identification, preparation and implementation of mitigation actions for GHG emissions in key economic sectors. The Climate Change Inter-ministerial Committee plays an important role as a consultation committee, as it includes representatives from the Ministry of Environment and Energy (MINAE), Ministry of Science, Technology and Telecommunications (MICITT), Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock (MAG), among others. Climate change is a phenomenon that affects the entire population, however, children, the elderly and women are groups that are most affected. That is why organizations representing these groups, especially women, will be incorporated into the project, not only as beneficiaries but also in the decision-making process of climate change related activities. Understanding how the different social roles and economic status of men and women are affected differently by climate change will improve actions taken to adapt to and to mitigate climate change.
C. DESCRIBE	Institutional framework
C. DESCRIBE THE ENABLING ACTIVITY AND INSTITUTIONA L FRAMEWORK FOR PROJECT IMPLEMENTAT ION (discuss the work intended to be undertaken and the output expected from each activity as outlined in Table A ).	<ul> <li>Institutional framework</li> <li>On behalf of the Government, the Ministry of Environment and Energy (MINAE), through the National Meteorological Institute (IMN), will act as the Implementing Partner.</li> <li>The IMN will be the executing and operational unit that will coordinate and implement the project activities for the preparation of the Biennial Update Report, in the same role it has now for the Third National Communication, and has had in the past for the previous National Communications.</li> <li>The Government will give in-kind support to the project through the technical experts, the use of office equipment, premises for conference and meetings, the provision of office space. It will also provide the coordinator (project manager) of the project.</li> <li>UNDP Costa Rica will be the GEF Implementing Agency for the project and will provide administrative support and budgetary and financial monitoring for the execution of project activities.</li> <li>UNDP will also provide continuous technical support to the project through its international climate change advisor.</li> <li>UNDP will also provide co-financing through the Low Emission Capacity Building project, which is focused at creating capacity to foster low emission development, in line with Costa Rica's goal to achieve carbon neutrality by 2021.</li> </ul>

#### Activities for Project implementation

#### National circumstances

A description of the national development priorities, objectives and circumstances on the basis of climate change will be provided. This outcome will be taking into account all new studies, projects and research developed since the preparation of the Second National Communication.

It will also include aspects as geography, demography, natural resources, climate and education, social and cultural aspects, as well as macroeconomic parameters, employment, income and services. The characterization of the specific sectors such as agriculture, forestry, soils, ecosystems and biodiversity, water resources, fisheries, coastal resources, energy, waste, tourism, transport and health will be addressed. Specially, it will be analyzed how the national circumstances described may affect Costa Rica's ability to deal with mitigating and adapting to climate change.

Also as part of this outcome, the information on the institutional arrangements relevant to the preparation of the national communications and the biennial update reports will be updated.

#### **GHG National Inventories**

Costa Rica has developed four national inventories of greenhouse gases with Reference years 1990, 1996, 2000 and 2005. Actually, on the Third National Communication project is currently being developed for 2010 and finalized by March 2014 and it is expected to review the other inventories using the methodology described in the 2006 Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and including the most appropriate tiers to our national circumstances.

As part of this project, the 2012 Inventory will be developed using the 2006 Guidelines. Moreover, the national emission factors for the agriculture, forestry and other land use sectors will be used. In particular, the Low Emission Capacity Building project in Costa Rica is currently developing nationally appropriate emission factors for the livestock sub-sector. These emission factors will be made available to the BUR team and used for the 2012 GHG inventory.

The 2012 National Inventory will include the estimation of the net emissions involving direct greenhouse gases: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFC), perfluorocarbons (PFC) and sulfur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>). Furthermore, it includes the estimation of the indirect emissions of greenhouse gases (ozone precursors) such as: nitrogen oxide (NOx), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO) and non-methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOCs).

The sectors of the national activity considered in the above-mentioned Guidelines, and consequently in the inventory, include Energy, Industrial Processes and Product Use, Agriculture, forestry and other land use and Waste.

The inventory to be prepared in the framework of this First Biennial Update Report, as in the previous inventories, will be under the responsibility and coordination of the National Meteorological Institute in close coordination with the Climate Change Office.

The main activities to be undertaken for this component are:

1. Renew and strengthen Institutional arrangements with other institutions/Ministries for specific sectors (Energy/Agriculture, Land Use)

	2. Data collection/ interaction with data providers (for 2012 inventory) and other key
	<ol> <li>Bata concerned interfaction with and providers (for 2012 inventory) and other key stakeholders.</li> <li>Preparation of working sheets and summary tables, uncertainty estimation and</li> </ol>
	management,
	<ol> <li>Preparation of graphics, tables and analysis of results.</li> <li>Publication of 2012 Inventory report.</li> </ol>
Mi	tigation actions
Cos red read	sta Rica is compromised to be carbon neutral for 2021. Identifying the low-cost options for lucing the carbon intensity of the economy and designing effective interventions is crucial to ch this goal. th the goal of implementing national appropriate mitigation actions in the context of
esta	tainable development and national development priorities, Costa Rica has proposed to ablish several NAMAs in order to identify existing or potential national actions and its purission to the UNFCCC.
(co	addition to that, Costa Rica is currently developing the preparation of NAMAs in agriculture offee and livestock) and energy. The results of these initiatives will be incorporated to this piect.
As the	part of the activities under this BUR, a report will be elaborated containing a description on national arrangements to enable the implementation of NAMAs. important activity of this project will be the collection of data on mitigation actions or groups
of a BU asso acti par	actions being developed in Costa Rica and its analysis in order to provide a description in the IR that includes name, nature of the action, coverage, quantitative goals, progress indicators, ociated methodologies and assumptions, objectives, steps taken or envisaged to achieve the ion, progress of implementation and results achieved. Data collection will also be done on ticipation in international carbon market mechanisms. e mitigation analysis proposed will build on the results obtained in previous and current
stud	dies and projects. In particular, baseline and mitigation scenarios until 2030 for abatement of IG emissions will be further developed.
Fin	nancial, Technology and capacity building needs and support received.
PN	part of the project "Technology Needs Assessment for Climate Change" supported by UMA, a technology needs assessment using the UNFCCC TNA Handbook was performed. e results of this project will be incorporated on the report.
fina acti ana	part of this BUR and expecting to contribute to the above mentioned activities, a study of ancial, technological and capacity needs and constraints of institutions responsible for ivities related to climate change will be conducted through the collection, synthesis and alysis of existing information, individual interviews or group discussions, site visits, among ters.
An dom and Fin	<b>onitoring, Reporting and Verification</b> integral assessment will be conducted regarding the different options and possibilities for the mestic MRV according to the guidelines to be developed, considering national circumstances d capabilities, as well as taking into account the different nature of the mitigation actions. hally, a report will be prepared describing the progress of implementation of such institutional angements.

	Education and public awareness
	Workshops and training sessions organized to create capacity in public, scientific and
	technological institutions, educational and civil society institutions; and specially for assisting
	local governments in integrating CC in their planning.
	Diverse educational materials aimed at the general public, teachers, elementary and secondary
	students, academics and local governments.
	Web page improved.
	Compilation, Publication and Submission of the First Biennial Update Report
	The First Biennial Update Report document will be compiled according to the guidelines
	contained in Annex II of Dec. 2. CP 17 and it will be submitted to the Conference of the Parties
	in the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change according to the requirements
	and formats established by the UNFCCC Secretariat.
D. DESCRIBE,	This enabling activity will not produce GHG emission reductions directly but will contribute to
IF POSSIBLE,	better understanding and improved capacity for implementation of Costa Rica's climate change
THE	policy.
EXPECTED	
COST-	
<b>EFFECTIVENES</b>	
<b><u>S</u></b> OF THE	
<b>PROJECT:</b>	

E. DESCRIBE THE BUDGETED M&E PLAN:	The project will be subject to the monitoring and evaluation rules and practices of UNDP / GEF. According to GEF requirements, progress report on activities and achievements related to each component of the project should be presented quarterly to the UNDP office in Costa Rica as well as to the UNDP/GEF Regional Coordination Unit. The final report will be submitted at the final tripartite meeting between the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Minister of Environment and Energy and UNDP and then be submitted to the UNFCCC. Quarterly financial reports will be submitted to the UNDP office in Costa Rica, as well as annual financial audits in accordance with UNDP rules and regulations.
	Project start A Project Inception Workshop will be held within the first 2 months of project start with those with assigned roles in the project organization structure, UNDP country office and where appropriate/feasible regional technical policy and program advisors as well as other stakeholders. The Inception Workshop is crucial to building ownership for the project results and to plan annual work plan. The project will ensure broad participation at the national level and shared experience in the international level.
	<ul> <li>End of Project</li> <li>During the last three months, the Project Coordinator with the collaboration of the project team will prepare the Final Project Report, to be submitted and reviewed by the national coordination institution (OPP) and UNDP.</li> <li>Audit on Project will follow UNDP Financial Regulations and Rules and applicable Audit policies.</li> <li>The results of the project, both partial and final will be disseminated widely to the scientific and</li> </ul>
F. EXPLAIN THE DEVIATIONS	political communities as well as to the general public, to enhance awareness of climate change aspects and thus preserve the sustainability of the project.
FROM TYPICAL COST RANGES (WHERE APPLICABLE):	

#### PART III: APPROVAL/ENDORSEMENT BY GEF OPERATIONAL FOCAL POINT(S) AND GEF AGENCY(IES)

A. RECORD OF ENDORSEMENT OF GEF OPERATIONAL FOCAL POINT(S) ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT(S): (Please attach the <u>country endorsement letter(s)</u> with this template).

NAME	POSITION	MINISTRY	<b>DATE</b> (Month, day, year)
Rubén Muñoz	International Cooperation Director	MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY	07/30/2013

#### **B.** CONVENTION PARTICIPATION

CONVENTION	<b>DATE OF RATIFICATION/</b> ACCESSION (mm/dd/yy)	NATIONAL FOCAL POINT
UNCBD		
UNFCCC	04/07/1994	MR. WILLIAM ALPIZAR
UNCCD		
STOCKHOLM CONVENTION		

### **B. GEF AGENCY(IES) CERTIFICATION**

This request has been prepared in accordance with GEF policies and procedures and meets the standards of the GEF Project Review Criteria for Climate Change Enabling Activity approval.

Agency Coordinator, Agency name	Signature	Date (Month, day, year)	Project Contact Person	Telephone	E-mail Address
Adriana Dinu Officer in Charge Deputy Executive Coordinator UNDP-GEF	Ainm	August, 27, 2013	Yamil Bonduki, Senior Programme Manager UNDP (Green- LECRDs)	+ 1 212 906 6659	yamil.bonduki@undp.org

# CONSULTANTS TO BE HIRED FOR THE ENABLING ACTIVITY

	\$/	Estimated	
Position Titles	Person Week	Person Weeks	Tasks to be Performed
For EA Management			
Local			
The project Coordinator will be MINAE – IMN counterpart	Co-financing	65	<ul> <li>Prepare a detailed work plan for the project and budget</li> <li>Prepare terms of reference for subcontracts and consultants and subject to the approval of project manager</li> <li>Monitor, coordinate and facilitate national and international consultants work, including subcontracts for various activities to be executed.</li> <li>Coordinate all activities undertaken by the project</li> <li>Evaluate technical proposals and submit them to the project manager for approval</li> <li>Keep project manager informed about the progress of the execution</li> <li>Control expenditures and ensure proper management of project resources.</li> <li>Submit expenditures report to UNDP</li> <li>Keep an update the inventory of equipment purchased</li> <li>Attend Advisory Committee meetings and track the results of these meetings.</li> <li>Obtain the signature of the Combined Quarterly Report of Expenditures and budget revisions (mandatory, general, and substantive) according to UNDP guidelines. Submit them to UNDP Costa Rica.</li> </ul>

	0.6	<i>cr</i>	A 1 ( ) 1 1 1
Project Officer	Co-financing	65	Assist the coordinator to monitor
			progress against the approved work plan.
			• Manage the day to day operations of
			the project implementation unit
			Assist the coordinator in the
			implementation of technical and operational
			activities for the preparation of the outputs of
			the BUR
			• Prepare the terms of reference for the
			consultants and experts to be hire by the project
			<ul> <li>Assist the coordinator in the selection</li> </ul>
			process of the consultants to be hired
			• Participate in the planning,
			organization and execution of project activities
			Review technical and support
			information on climate change studies that may
			contribute to the project activities
			• Participate in the edition of the BUR
			report
Administrative Assistant	500	61	Assist the Coordinator to monitor
			disbursements in accordance to the Project
			Budget and Disbursement Plan.
			<ul> <li>Maintain the Project's files and</li> </ul>
			supporting documentation for payments.
			Compile and/or prepare the
			documentation necessary for the procurement
			of services, good and supplies under the project
			• Performed the procurement of
			services, good and supplies under the project
			• Support, as necessary, the organization
			of training, workshops and other events
			organized by the project
			• Assist in the preparation of documents
			related to project activities.
			• Undertake other administrative/
			financial duties as requested by the Project
			Coordinator
			• Prepare the payment's request as
			<ul> <li>authorized by the project coordinator</li> <li>Prepare administrative and financial</li> </ul>
			riepure administrative and infanteral
			reports
			• Assist the project officer in the
			organization of seminars, training activities,
			workshops and other events for stakeholders.
International			
For Technical Assistance			
			+
Local			

Climate Change export	400	13	• Identify information that should be
Climate Change expert	400	15	•
			gathered
			Collect data from the different
			organizations and institutions that are involved
			in order to obtain the corresponding figures and
			statistics
			Analyze the national circumstances
			updating relevant data such as the gross
			domestic product, population, agricultural
			trends, environmental services and energy
			sources.
			• Collection of information about the
			institutional arrangements relevant to the
			preparation of the national communications and
			biennial updates report on a continuous basis.
National CHC Inventory	Co financing	156	
National GHG Inventory	Co-financing	156	Review the revised IPCC guidelines
Coordinator will be MINAE			document in order to include the differences in
– IMN counterpart			the inventory evaluation
			• Organize data gathering of the
			inventory, as well as data validation and
			management
			Coordinate the necessary activities for
			the update the national emission factors for
			some categories.
			• Identify specific training needs for the
			evaluation group
			• Prepare the inventory report
			containing the description to the contribution of
			different sectors to GHG emissions
CC Mitigation expert	800	26	Evaluation of emission scenarios until
ee whilgation expert	000	20	2030 including business as usual and different
			growth trends.
			• Evaluation of mitigation scenarios until
			2030 including the implementation of NAMAS
			and other actions.
			Collection and analysis of relevant
			information regarding the mitigation actions
			being developed in Costa Rica
			• Prepare a report containing a
			description on the mitigation actions including
			the implementation of NAMAs.
CC Expert	800	13	• Conduct a study of financial,
*			technological and capacity needs and
			constraints of institutions responsible for
			activities related to climate change through the
			collection, synthesis and analysis of existing
			information, individual interviews or group
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		discussions, site visits, among others.

MDV avport	800	30	• Conduct a study for the identification
MRV expert	800	50	and assessment of the different options and
			possibilities for the domestic MRV according
			to the guidelines to be developed by the
			UNFCCC, considering national circumstances
			and capabilities, as well as taking into account
			the different nature of the mitigation actions.
			• Prepare a report describing the
			progress of implementation of such
			institutional arrangements and framework.
Education and public	Co-financing	65	Assess existing resources such as
awareness expert will be	C C		personnel, support from other institutes and
MINAE – IMN counterpart			offices related to Environmental Education
F			• Establish alliances with professional
			related to climate change, meteorology and
			education that may cooperate and review that
			will be produced.
			<ul> <li>Develop diverse educational materials</li> </ul>
			aimed at the general public, teachers,
			elementary and secondary students, academics
			and local governments.
			Organize workshops and training
			sessions to create capacity in public, scientific
			and technological institutions, educational and
			civil society institutions; and specially for
			assisting local governments in integrating CC
			in their planning.
			• Include the material on the CC web
			page.
Editor	800	13	Compile, consolidate, harmonize information
		-	from different consultants and experts, and
			elaborate the BUR report according to the
			guidelines contained in Annex II od Dec
			2/CP.17
International			
International			
L	1	1	

### Annex B

#### **OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE TO FOCAL AREA ENABLING ACTIVITIES**

## Biodiversity

- GEF/C.7/Inf.11, June 30, 1997, Revised Operational Criteria for Enabling Activities
- GEF/C.14/11, December 1999, An Interim Assessment of Biodiversity Enabling Activities
- October 2000, *Revised Guidelines for Additional Funding of Biodiversity Enabling Activities (Expedited Procedures)*

#### Climate Change

- <u>GEF/C.9/Inf.5</u>, February 1997, *Operational Guidelines for Expedited Financing of Initial Communications* <u>from Non-Annex 1 Parties</u>
- October 1999, Guidelines for Expedited Financing of Climate Change Enabling Activities Part II, Expedited Financing for (Interim) Measures for Capacity Building in Priority Areas
- <u>GEF/C.15/Inf.12</u>, April 7, 2000, *Information Note on the Financing of Second National Communications to* the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change
- <u>GEF/C.22/Inf.15/Rev.1</u>, November 30, 2007, Updated Operational Procedures for the Expedited Financing of National Communications from Non-Annex 1 Parties

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

- <u>GEF/C.17/4</u>, April 6, 2001, *Initial Guidelines for Enabling Activities for the Stockholm Convention on* <u>Persistent Organic Pollutants</u>
- <u>GEF/C.39/Inf.5</u>, October 19, 2010, *Guidelines for Reviewing and Updating the NIP under the Stockholm* <u>Convention on POPs</u>

# Land Degradation

• (ICCD/CRIC(5)/Inf.3, December 23, 2005, National Reporting Process of Affected Country Parties: Explanatory Note and Help Guide

#### National Capacity Self-Assessment (NCSA)

- Operational Guidelines for Expedited Funding of National Self Assessments of Capacity Building Needs, September 2001
- <u>A Guide for Self-Assessment of Country Capacity Needs for Global Environmental Management,</u> <u>September 2001</u>

#### National Adaptation Plan of Action (NAPA)

• GEF/C.19/Inf.7, May 8, 2002, Notes on GEF Support for National Adaptation Plan of Action,

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Annex C
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# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SCREENING SUMMARY

Name of Proposed Project: First Biennial Update Report (Costa Rica)

A. Environmental and Social Screening Outcome

 $\square$  Category 1. No further action is needed

Category 2. Further review and management is needed. There are possible environmental and social benefits, impacts, and/or risks associated with the project (or specific project component), but these are predominantly indirect or very long-term and so extremely difficult or impossible to directly identify and assess.

Category 3. Further review and management is needed, and it is possible to identify these with a reasonable degree of certainty. If Category 3, select one or more of the following sub-categories:

Category 3a: Impacts and risks are limited in scale and can be identified with a reasonable degree of certainty and can often be handled through application of standard best practice, but require some minimal or targeted further review and assessment to identify and evaluate whether there is a need for a full environmental and social assessment (in which case the project would move to Category 3b). See Section 3 of the Review and Management Guidance.

Category 3b: Impacts and risks may well be significant, and so full environmental and social assessment is required. In these cases, a scoping exercise will need to be conducted to identify the level and approach of assessment that is most appropriate. See Section 3 of Review and Management Guidance.

B. Environmental and Social Issues (for projects requiring further environmental and social review and management)

#### NOT REQUIRED

C. Next Steps (for projects requiring further environmental and social review and management):

NOT REQUIRED

D. Sign Off

Project Manager: maude.veyret-picot - Signed Date: 2013-08- 21

# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SCREENING CHECKLIST

Name of Proposed Project: First Biennial Update Report (Costa Rica)

#### **QUESTION 1**

Has a combined environmental and social assessment/review that covers the proposed project already been completed by implementing partners or donor(s)?

### **QUESTION 2**

Do ALL outputs and activities described ONLY fall in the Project Document fall within the following categories?
1. Procurement (in which case UNDP's Procurement Ethics and Environmental Procurement Guide need to be
complied with)
2. Report preparation
3. Training
4. Event/workshop/meeting/conference (refer to Green Meeting Guide)
5. Communication and dissemination of results
Answer to Question 2: Yes