

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

Project ID:	10404
Project Name:	Inclusive Conservation Initiative
Countr(ies):	Global, Guatemala, Peru, Chile, Argentina, Congo DR, Tanzania, Kenya, Thailand, Nepal, Cook Islands, Fiji
Implementing Agency:	CI

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I. Overview

A. Description

Project name

Inclusive Conservation Initiative

Country

Global, Guatemala, Peru, Chile, Argentina, Congo DR,
Tanzania, Kenya, Thailand, Nepal, Cook Islands, Fiji

GEF ID

10404

Implementing Agency

CI

Executing Entity

CI Center for Communities and Conservation, IUCN Global
Programme on Governance and Rights, Sotz'il, FENAMAD,
Observatorio Ciudadano, FARN, ANAPAC, Ujamaa Community
Resource Team, IMPACT, Indigenous Peoples' Foundation for
Education and Environment, Nepal Federation of Indigenous
Nationalities, House of Ariki-House of Lau-CI-Fiji

Trust Fund

GET

Project Type

FSP

PIR Submission

9/7/2026

Fiscal Year , PIR Number

FY 2026 , 4th PIR

Objective

Enhance Indigenous Peoples' and Local Communities' (IPLCs) efforts to steward land, waters and natural
resources to deliver global environmental benefits.

B. Ratings and Disbursements

Implementation Progress

Satisfactory

Development Objective

Satisfactory

Overall risk

Moderate Risk

Project Financing

24,564,000.00

Cumulative Disbursement

13,768,552.00

C. Key Dates

CEO Endorsement/Approval 1/6/2022	Agency Approval 12/13/2019
Implementation Start 2/15/2022	First Disbursement 12/31/2023
Expected MTR 4/15/2025	Actual MTR 9/30/2025
Expected Completion 10/31/2027	Actual Completion

II. PROGRESS STATUS AND ISSUES

A. Progress: Information on progress and outcomes of project implementation activities

During the reporting period, the ICI continued to make steady progress across all five components, advancing Indigenous-led conservation, strengthening IPLC governance and capacity, expanding participation in international environmental policy processes, and enhancing knowledge sharing and learning. Key achievements included the continued implementation of all ten IPLC-led subprojects, two major learning exchanges, the launch and operationalization of catalytic grants, expansion of the ICI Fellowship Program, increased Indigenous engagement in global policy forums, and continued improvements to communications, monitoring, evaluation, and adaptive management systems. Overall, implementation remained on track and contributed to strengthening Indigenous leadership and delivering conservation outcomes at local, national, and global levels.

Component 1: Established on-the-ground projects led by IPLCs organizations

All ten ICI subprojects remained under active implementation throughout the reporting period, advancing priority actions to strengthen IPs and LCs' rights, governance systems, and stewardship of natural and cultural resources. Subprojects continued implementing activities that address environmental degradation of drivers, strengthen territorial governance, and promote sustainable livelihood and financing opportunities. Across the reporting year, Component 1 activities reached more than 40,000 direct beneficiaries and partners with near gender parity, reflecting continued engagement and participation across project landscapes. The PMU provided ongoing technical support to subprojects through site visits, capacity-building activities, reporting and monitoring support, and guidance on safeguards, gender integration, financial sustainability, and resource mobilization. Site visits conducted in Kenya, Chile, Peru, Guatemala, Argentina, and the Cook Islands strengthened implementation oversight, facilitated adaptive management, and supported subprojects in addressing emerging challenges and opportunities.

Component 2: Global IPLC Capacity Building

Component 2 focused on strengthening IPLC capacity, peer learning, and access to sustainable financing opportunities. A major milestone was the Third ICI Global Learning Exchange, held alongside the IUCN World Conservation Congress and Indigenous Peoples Summit in Abu Dhabi, which brought together 132 Indigenous leaders from 44 countries, including 23 ICI Indigenous leaders (57% men and 43% women). Survey results demonstrated clear improvements in participant knowledge across Indigenous leadership, equity and inclusion, access to finance, and integration of Indigenous knowledge, while 100% of participating organizations reported establishing new partnerships or collaborations, directly contributing to stronger cross-regional networks and partnerships. Building on this momentum, the Pacific Inclusive Conservation Learning Exchange was convened in the Cook Islands in June/July 2026, bringing together traditional leaders, women, youth, conservation practitioners, and ICI Fellows from nine countries to strengthen regional collaboration on customary governance, climate resilience, and Indigenous-led conservation.

Capacity-building efforts were further strengthened through continued development of the Makanisi Learning Academy and expanded support for sustainable financing. The Indigenous Negotiations, Governance, Project Management, and International Environmental Policy modules are advancing development, while a multilingual Training-of-Trainers package was finalized to increase accessibility. In addition, Catalytic Grants for Sustainable Financing were operationalized, with organizations able to access up to USD 10,000 each to pursue new funding opportunities and strengthen long-term sustainability. During the reporting period,

grant agreements were completed for all participating organizations to commence implementation. Progress also advanced on a Finance Mapping Study designed to identify funding opportunities and barriers affecting Indigenous Peoples' and Local Communities' access to conservation finance.

Component 3: Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities Leadership in International Environmental Policy

ICI continued to strengthen Indigenous participation and leadership in international environmental policy processes through its Fellowship Programme and support for engagement in major global forums. During the reporting period, four Fellows from the 2025-2026 cohort participated directly in international environmental policy processes, including the IUCN World Conservation Congress and COP-6 of the Minamata Convention, where they presented case studies and shared Indigenous perspectives on conservation, governance, and environmental challenges. In addition, five Indigenous leaders from Kenya, Tanzania, Thailand, Peru, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo represented ICI at the Eighth GEF Assembly, where ICI leaders contributed to high-level discussions on Indigenous-led conservation, direct access to finance, and the future of Indigenous Peoples' engagement within the GEF. The initiative's experience was highlighted during Assembly discussions as a leading example of Indigenous-led conservation finance and informed conversations around the proposed Indigenous Peoples funding initiative under GEF-9.

Building on these achievements, ICI expanded its Fellowship Program by selecting a new cohort of five International Policy Fellows for 2026-2027, exceeding the original target of three fellows through the mobilization of additional resources. The new cohort will focus on sustainable finance, Indigenous and traditional territories, and Indigenous knowledge and governance, while participating in international policy processes and developing policy-relevant case studies. Capacity-building efforts were also advanced through three thematic webinars delivered to Fellows during the reporting period and continued development of the International Environmental Policy Negotiations course focused on the Minamata Convention, with two of three planned modules completed and preparations underway for launch in English, Spanish, and French

Component 4: Knowledge to Action

ICI expanded its communications and knowledge-sharing efforts to increase the visibility, accessibility, and influence of Indigenous-led conservation. The ICI Knowledge Platform continued to grow its reach, with digital analytics showing 2,397 followers across channels and more than 21,000 content views during the reporting period, including over 17,000 social media views. Knowledge products developed and disseminated during the year included blogs, videos, policy products, newsletters, social media content, and the annual report *Walking the Talk: How Inclusive Conservation Is Delivering Results*, which was published in English, Spanish, and French to broaden accessibility and outreach.

Communications capacity across the portfolio was further strengthened through the development of a new global communications strategy, implementation of a communications training series for subproject teams, and the launch of communications mini-grants supporting locally led storytelling and outreach campaigns. In addition, ICI released a policy brief on direct financing for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities and launched the *Redefining Science* podcast series to elevate Indigenous voices and share lessons from the initiative with wider audiences. Regular updates to the ICI website, combined with preparations for a comprehensive website redesign, further strengthened the initiative's role as a platform for knowledge exchange, learning, and policy dialogue across the global ICI network

Component 5: Monitoring and Evaluation

The project continued strengthening its monitoring, evaluation, and learning system through implementation of Mid-Term Review recommendations, enhanced reporting processes, and expanded technical support to subprojects. Revised reporting tools, semiannual indicator reviews, safeguards monitoring, and technical guidance improved the quality, consistency, and comparability of results reported across the portfolio, while also strengthening gender-responsive monitoring and reporting. Key achievements included the adaptation and piloting of the Indigenous-centered Management and Governance (ManGo) Tool, advancement of Global Environmental Benefits reporting through ICCA and FAO EX-ACT methodologies, and establishment of the ICI Subprojects Core M&E Working Group. Additional learning and evidence-generation efforts included beneficiary livelihood surveys, pre- and post-learning exchange surveys, and field-based monitoring visits, all of which strengthened adaptive management and informed decision-making across the initiative.

Progress Toward GEF Global Environmental Benefit

As of June 2026, the ICI project is performing strongly against its GEF Global Environmental Benefit targets, with most indicators already meeting or exceeding targets. These results reflect the contributions of all 10 subprojects through strengthened IPLC governance, territorial planning, conservation management, restoration, and sustainable resource use.

The project has exceeded its target for terrestrial protected areas under improved management, reaching 5.34 million hectares against a target of 4.55 million hectares. Progress has been driven by territorial and biocultural mapping across most subprojects, the development of management plans and co-management agreements, community monitoring, and stronger collaboration with government partners. While no new protected areas have been formally established, the project has significantly strengthened management effectiveness across existing conservation areas and IPLC territories. For landscapes under improved practices outside protected areas, the project has reached 3.62 million hectares, exceeding the target of 2.88 million hectares. Key activities include biocultural mapping alongside the development of biocultural protocols, the development of Life Plans and Community Management Plans, and sustainable livelihood initiatives such as agroforestry, tourism, and handicrafts. Additional contributions have come from environmental education and traditional knowledge programs that support the revitalization of local knowledge, cultural values, and practices that promote harmony between communities and their territories, as well as community-based monitoring and land registration efforts. The project has also greatly surpassed its land restoration target, reporting 523,764 hectares restored compared to a target of 14,314 hectares. Restoration results have been achieved through reforestation, rehabilitation of mining-degraded lands, and ecosystem restoration efforts led by Indigenous Peoples and local communities, particularly in natural grasslands and shrublands through holistic rangeland management approaches.

Results for marine habitats under improved practices have also exceeded expectations, achieving 232,482 hectares against a target of 165,200 hectares across the Pacific and in Panama. Achievements have been driven by marine mapping, traditional governance systems, community management of customary fishing grounds and locally managed marine areas, citizen science, fisheries monitoring, as well as mangrove conservation.

The project's estimated greenhouse gas mitigation potential is 67.1 million tCO₂e, more than three times the approved target of 20.9 million tCO₂e. These preliminary estimates are based on EX-ACT analysis and largely reflect the contribution of conservation, restoration, and sustainable land-use interventions. While highly promising, the estimates remain provisional and will be refined as additional field data become available.

Finally, the project has reached 128,362 direct beneficiaries, representing approximately 90% of the target of 142,514, with near gender parity (51% men and 49% women). This demonstrates strong progress toward delivering environmental benefits alongside equitable social outcomes for Indigenous Peoples and local communities.

Overall, the project is on track to meet or exceed most GEF targets, with particularly strong performance in protected area management, ecosystem restoration, landscape and marine conservation, and projected climate mitigation benefits. A key challenge remains the development and adaptation of monitoring tools that can quantitatively measure improvements in management effectiveness and governance systems that are rooted in Indigenous and local knowledge and practices, while also integrating scientific approaches and data. Strengthening these methodologies will be important to more fully capture the conservation outcomes generated through IPLC-led management and stewardship.

B. Challenges: Information on challenges of project implementation activities

Learning Module Delays: Delivery of Component 2 learning modules, including the development and launch of several courses, was delayed partly because of reduced staffing capacity on the partner platform originally supporting module development. As a corrective action, the PMU is working with two platforms. The remaining modules will be hosted on an alternative platform with new instructional design support, with launch targeted by Q2 FY27.

Site Visit Access Constraints (DRC & Tanzania): During Jan–June 2026, active health risks and regional travel advisories linked to the Ebola outbreak prevented planned monitoring and implementation site visits to ANAPAC (DRC) and UCRT (Tanzania). To maintain project oversight ahead of closure, these visits have been rescheduled to FY27.

Futa Mawiza Argentina Operating Context: Subproject implementation continued to navigate a complex and evolving institutional, policy, and environmental context throughout both reporting periods, including shifting territorial governance frameworks, increased extractive industry activity in the region, water scarcity, and reduced availability of national climate-related support. Forest fires were an added strain during this reporting period.

Land Use and Consultation Pressures in Peru: Subproject implementation continued to be shaped by competing land-use priorities in the region, particularly those driven by external stakeholders such as local governments and private industries, where

extractive activities such as mining and logging are often prioritized over conservation. Ongoing infrastructure development in Indigenous territories led by external actors has also underscored the importance of stronger community engagement in decision-making processes affecting these areas.

Operational Constraints in Guatemala and Tanzania: In Guatemala, elevated security conditions in parts of the western highlands led to increased movement restrictions, affecting planned field travel and site visits. In Tanzania, a period of political transition brought increased security measures and periodic restrictions on movement, which limited stakeholder engagement and required adjustments to planned timelines and travel.

Regulatory Delays in Thailand: Progress on Subdistrict Ordinances and some Special Cultural Zone declarations was delayed due to legal uncertainties and pending implementation guidance under newly enacted national legislation.

C. Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement remained a core element of project implementation across all ten ICI subprojects, in accordance with the Stakeholder Engagement Plan approved at CEO Endorsement. Throughout the reporting period, subprojects continued to engage Indigenous Peoples, local communities, government agencies, civil society organizations, and other key stakeholders through inclusive and participatory processes. These included territorial governance meetings, community consultations, multi-stakeholder workshops, regional exchanges, and national and international forums that supported collaborative decision-making, strengthened recognition of Indigenous knowledge and governance, and fostered alignment with national and international conservation, biodiversity and climate priorities.

Challenges included shifting government policies, political changes, and declining public investment in conservation and climate, which created a more challenging operating environment in some countries. In response, the project strengthened engagement in national and international policy forums, expanded partnerships with trusted private-sector and civil society stakeholders, and continued to support Indigenous leaders through defender protocols and targeted capacity-building efforts.

D. Gender Equality

Describe the progress towards achieving gender sensitive measures or targets as documented at CEO endorsement/approval in the gender action plan or equivalent. Please reply to the following questions in your description:

- a) Are all activities anticipated by the GMP implemented? Yes/No Why?

All 10 ICI subprojects are actively implementing their annual Gender Action Plans (GAPs), which contribute to the advancement of the ICI Gender Mainstreaming Plan (GMP). The PMU has provided targeted technical support through in-person field visits and monthly virtual working sessions to assist with the implementation of gender-related actions. During these technical support meetings, gender focal points have received guidance on improving gender reporting and have been given access to online training courses on gender issues, as well as participatory methodologies. In addition, the inclusion of gender issues in component 2, 3, and 4 of the projects has been done according to the activities anticipated in the GMP. One new activity included was the development of the male engagement strategies by the implementing partners organizations as a recommendation from the midterm evaluation. To support the development of these strategies, the gender focal points had technical sessions, and some organizations contracted experts on the topic to develop the document. PMU has also been planning a webinar for ICI partners on the topic of GBV and male engagement strategies in July to increase their capacity in relation to these two topics.

- b) Did the project face any challenges to implementing GMP as initially proposed? Please describe the challenges in case there are any.

The main challenge has been the UNDP Learning platform not been able to upload the “Gender, ILPC and Biodiversity Linkages” course in Spanish and French. The solution has been to move this module to the IUCN Academy however; the translations of this module will not be available until January 2027. Delaying subprojects ability to enroll in and complete the course.

- c) As compared to the original GMP, was any adaptive management applied to promote meaningful participation of women and advance towards other gender sensitive targets?

To promote the meaningful participation of women, the PMU supported the attendance of an Indigenous fellow at the sixth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Minamata Convention (COP-6) in Geneva by covering travel expenses for both the fellow and her young son. This support enabled her participation in the conference, which would otherwise not have been possible due to caregiving responsibilities, and reflects the project's commitment to removing barriers to women's full and effective participation in international policy processes.

For exchanges and global policy engagement, it has been recommended that organizers adopt an affirmative action approach by aiming for at least 50% participation by women and ensuring that gender considerations are included as a dedicated topic in the event agenda. This helps promote gender equity and encourages the integration of gender perspectives into knowledge-sharing and decision-making processes.

- d) Did the project team/stakeholders observe any unintended outcomes (positive or negative) related to gender equality, that are difficult to capture in a quantitative way during this period of time? For example, women are more active in decision-making processes in the project, or public servants are more interested and open to advance gender outcomes, men or women are more reluctant to participate in the project activities, or other similar situations.

In relation to the “Gender, ILPC and Biodiversity Linkages” course, more people have enrolled than initially expected. For the last year among enrolled participants, 56.42% identified as female, 42.11% as male. Among participants who completed the course, 43.41% identified as female, 55.75% as male,

- e) Considering all the above, what are the recommendations for the next FY to continue advancing towards gender-sensitive targets?

Looking ahead to FY27, subprojects will focus on completing the remaining activities under their Gender Action Plans. Organizations developing male engagement strategies will also share their experiences and lessons learned with other ICI initiatives. In addition, the final year presents an opportunity to document and synthesize how each subproject advanced a gender-responsive approach, including through a potential publication showcasing lessons learned, good practices, and experiences across the ICI portfolio.

E. Knowledge Management

11. ICI Knowledge products at PMU level developed during this reporting period FY26 (July 25 – June 26).

Sr. No	Categories Knowledge Products	List of Knowledge Products
1	Lesson Learned Report	ICI Phase – III Report 2025 (English): The ICI Phase III Report 2025 “Walking the Talk: How Inclusive Conservation is Delivering Results”, was launched on August 7 th 2025, to coincide with the International Day of the World’s Indigenous Peoples (English, Spanish, and French)
2	Blog/ Article	Earth Day Blog: Territories of Life in Resilience and Resolve: https://www.inclusiveconservationinitiative.org/posts/territories-of-life-in-resilience-and-resolve
3		Phase 3 Report Blog: Walking the Talk: Indigenous Leadership Advances Inclusive Conservation Worldwide: https://inclusiveconservationinitiative.org/walking-the-talk-indigenous-leadership-advances-inclusive-conservation-worldwide/
4		Blog: My First Journey Beyond the Mountains: The Voice of an Indigenous Fellow on the Global Stage: https://inclusiveconservationinitiative.org/my-first-journey-beyond-the-mountains-the-voice-of-an-indigenous-fellow-on-the-global-stage/
5		International Women’s Day Podcast Series - <i>Indigenous Women Redefining Science</i> : https://www.instagram.com/reel/DUNsS-Lkggm/?utm_source=ig_web_copy_link&igsh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==
6		GEF Assembly Video: Instagram

7	Learning Exchange Video Documentari es	ICI Presents: When the River Speaks - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=te2kc1ESglc
8		Earth Day Video - Territories of Life in Resilience and Resolve video featuring Futa Mawiza Argentina and Chile: https://www.instagram.com/reel/DT2xPR_jCie/?utm_source=ig_web_copy_link&igsh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==
9		International Education Day Video on Fellows (English, Spanish, and French): https://www.instagram.com/reel/DT2xPR_jCie/?utm_source=ig_web_copy_link&igsh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==
10		ICI Video: Lighting the Path with Indigenous Knowledge: ICI Video Lighting the Path with Indigenous Knowledge — Inclusive Conservation Initiative

ICI Knowledge products at the subproject level developed during this reporting period FY26 (July 25 – June 26).

Sr. No.	Categories Knowledge Products	List of Knowledge Products
	Social Media Pages	Updates on subproject achievements, news stories, and implementation progress are regularly shared via their social media channels, available at the following pages: • FENAMAD: https://www.instagram.com/fenamad/ ; https://www.facebook.com/FENAMAD • Futa Mawiza Chile: https://www.instagram.com/futamawiza/ ; https://www.youtube.com/@F%C3%BCTaMawizaGulumapu • Futa Mawiza Argentina: https://www.instagram.com/fvtamawiza.puelmapu/ ; https://www.youtube.com/@FvtaMawiza • IMPACT Kenya: https://www.instagram.com/impacttrustkenya/ ; https://www.facebook.com/IMPACTKENYA2002 • UCRT Tanzania: https://www.instagram.com/ujamaa_crt/
	Web Sites	Many subprojects also maintain organizational websites that provide information about their broader work, highlight ICI-supported activities alongside other initiatives, and share news, resources, and project achievements: • NEFIN - https://www.nefin.org.np/ • ANAPAC RDC - https://anapacrdc.org/ • Sotz'il - https://sotzil-guatemaya.org/en/ • Futa Mawiza Argentina - https://confederacionmapuche.org/futa-mawiza/ • Futa Mawiza Chile - https://futamawiza.org/ • FENAMAD - https://fenamad.com.pe/

		• IMPACT Kenya - https://impactkenya.org/ • IPF Foundation - https://www.ipfinfo.org/ • UANKA - https://uankacookislands.com/
	Sub-Projects Knowledge Products	Video Year 2025 Implementation FENAMAD Community Bulletin 4 Futa Mawiza Chile Women's Exchange Summary Futa Mawiza Chile Fiji Traditional Governance Manual IMPACT Kenya ICI Research Programme https://www.cookislandsnews.com/internal/national/local/outer-islands/new-community-led-education-and-citizen-science-initiative-launched-in-mauke/

III: Minor Amendments

CONTEXT	
Result Framework	
Components and Cost	
Institutional And Implementation Arrangements	
Financial Management	
Implementation Schedule	
Executing Entity	
Executing Entity Category	
Minor Project Objective Change	
Safeguards	
Risk Analysis	
Increase of GEF Financing up to 5%	
Co-Financing	
Location of Project Activity	
others	

IV: Geographic Coordinates of Project Activities

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Cha Bu Si	20.125341	99.651793	

Location Description:

Ban Cha Bu Si is situated in the Mae Fah Luang District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Lahu community resides. The village is home to a population of 165 individuals, with 75 identifying as male and 90 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Ar Lae	20.14157	99.6946	

Location Description:

Ban Ar Lae is situated in the Mae Fah Luang District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Akha community resides. The village is home to a population of 252 individuals, with 124 identifying as male and 128 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pang Sa	20.107062	99.703248	1614525

Location Description:

Ban Pang Sa is situated in the Mae Chan District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Lisu community resides. The village is home to a population of 651 individuals, with 297 identifying as male and 354 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Cha Da	20.085687	99.718083	7323327

Location Description:

Ban Cha Da is situated in the Mae Chan District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Lahu community resides. The village is home to a population of 163 individuals, with 60 identifying as male and 103 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pong Pa Khaem	20.10601	99.657529	7421306

Location Description:

Ban Pong Pa Khaem is situated in the Mae Chan District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Akha community resides. The village is home to a population of 230 individuals, with 110 identifying as male and 120 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Lao Fu	20.11082	99.68715	7323353

Location Description:

Ban Lao Fu is situated in the Mae Chan District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Mien community resides. The village is home to a population of 1008 individuals, with 500 identifying as male and 508 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM and food security

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Cha Yi	20.104728	99.625397	7323340

Location Description:

Ban Cha Yi is situated in the Mae Chan District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Lahu community resides. The village is home to a population of 560 individuals, with 278 identifying as male and 282 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pong Khom	20.10605	99.645	7323392

Location Description:

Ban Pong Khom is situated in the Mae Chan District of Chiang Rai Province, where the indigenous Akha community resides. The village is home to a population of 672 individuals, with 334 identifying as male and 338 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pong Sa	19.09224	98.570844	7762158

Location Description:

Ban Pong Sa is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 475 individuals, with 239 identifying as male and 236 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Rai	19.115479	98.56835	1618904

Location Description:

Ban Huai Rai is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 207 individuals, with 103 identifying as male and 104 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Duea	19.136605	98.540996	1119945

Location Description:

Ban Huai Duea is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Lahu community resides. The village is home to a population of 398 individuals, with 214 identifying as male and 184 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Mueang Luang Karen	19.171027	98.558866	

Location Description:

Ban Mae Mueang Luang Karen is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 531 individuals, with 233 identifying as male and 298 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Mueang Luang Lisu	19.167811	98.564677	

Location Description:

Ban Mae Mueang Luang Lisu is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Lisu community resides. The village is home to a population of 131 individuals, with 68 identifying as male and 63 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID

Ban Khun Sa Nai	19.12639	98.57744	7762147
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Location Description:

Ban Khun Sa Nai is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Hmong community resides. The village is home to a population of 877 individuals, with 455 identifying as male and 422 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pong Thak	19.072765	98.578622	7762157

Location Description:

Ban Pong Thak is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 307 individuals, with 161 identifying as male and 146 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pang Tong	19.054998	98.602857	7762050

Location Description:

Ban Pang Tong is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 416 individuals, with 209 identifying as male and 207 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Chok	19.280842	98.647489	7789002

Location Description:

Ban Mae Chok is situated in the Mae Tang District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 316 individuals, with 147 identifying as male and 169 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Hua Lao	19.190184	98.648922	8704107

Location Description:

Ban Hua Lao is situated in the Mae Tang District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 275 individuals, with 120 identifying as male and 155 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Hok	19.166547	98.640382	1157501

Location Description:

Ban Huai Hok is situated in the Mae Tang District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 340 individuals, with 165 identifying as male and 175 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, food security, income generation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Pong Tek	19.063343	98.479418	

Location Description:

Ban Huai Pong Tek is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Khun Sa Nok	19.126424	98.57753	7762141

Location Description:

Ban Khun Sa Nok is situated in the Pai District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Lae	18.36871	98.06251	1330895

Location Description:

Ban Mae Lae is situated in the Mae La Noi District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 246 individuals, with 122 identifying as male and 124 as female.

Activity Description:

Natural resource management, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban La-ang Nuea	18.3435967	98.0563043	7791883

Location Description:

Ban La-ang Nuea is situated in the Mae La Noi District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Laweu community resides. The village is home to a population of 143 individuals, with 72 identifying as male and 71 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban La-up	18.4024635	98.1086168	1330890

Location Description:

Ban La-up is situated in the Mae La Noi District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Laweu community resides. The village is home to a population of 975 individuals, with 536 identifying as male and 439 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Pong Tam	18.137455	98.164544	

Location Description:

Ban Pa Pong Tam is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 240 individuals, with 120 identifying as male and 120 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, biodiversity conservation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Pong Sung	18.127319	98.148574	1118239

Location Description:

Ban Pa Pong Sung is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 214 individuals, with 118 identifying as male and 96 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, biodiversity conservation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Lai Nuea	18.159974	98.099293	1462982

Location Description:

Ban Mae Lai Nuea is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 138 individuals, with 60 identifying as male and 78 as female.

Activity Description:

Special Cultural Zone for biodiversity conservation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Lai Lum	18.140527	98.115236	

Location Description:

Ban Mae Lai Lum is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 141 individuals, with 78 identifying as male and 63 as female.

Activity Description:

Special Cultural Zone for biodiversity conservation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Lai Bon	18.150842	98.113898	7761769

Location Description:

Ban Mae Lai Bon is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 100 individuals, with 47 identifying as male and 53 as female.

Activity Description:

Special Cultural Zone for biodiversity conservation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Kung	18.14837	98.13119	7761766

Location Description:

Ban Huai Kung is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 256 individuals, with 122 identifying as male and 134 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, biodiversity conservation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Pong	18.130163	98.162152	1157425

Location Description:

Ban Huai Pong is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 402 individuals, with 195 identifying as male and 207 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, biodiversity conservation and knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Lan Kham	18.746331	98.714359	1331025

Location Description:

Ban Mae Lan Kham is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 84 individuals, with 48 identifying as male and 36 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mai Lan Kham	18.77802	98.70003	1331025

Location Description:

Ban Mai Lan Kham is situated in the Sa Moengi District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 138 individuals, with 60 identifying as male and 78 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Hie	18.76013	98.71132	

Location Description:

Ban Huai Hie is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 96 individuals, with 51 identifying as male and 45 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Ya Sai	18.78133	98.69056	7073770

Location Description:

Ban Huai Ya Sai is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 175 individuals, with 90 identifying as male and 85 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Kha Nok	18.76871	98.66251	7788586

Location Description:

Ban Pa Kha Nok is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 706 individuals, with 372 identifying as male and 334 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Kha Nai	18.77898	98.64899	

Location Description:

Ban Pa Kha Nai is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 312 individuals, with 161 identifying as male and 151 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Khun Win	18.743923	98.692624	7789213

Location Description:

Ban Khun Win is situated in the Mae Wang District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 157 individuals, with 86 identifying as male and 81 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Yod	18.846203	98.158166	1149855

Location Description:

Ban Mae Yod is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 251 individuals, with 128 identifying as male and 123 as female.

Activity Description:

Traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Kloi	18.860051	98.168364	8670286

Location Description:

Ban Pa Kloi is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 195 individuals, with 101 identifying as male and 94 as female.

Activity Description:

Traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Ra Gi	18.849179	98.12877	

Location Description:

Ban Mae Ra Gi is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 34 individuals, with 20 identifying as male and 14 as female.

Activity Description:

Traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Khun Pae	18.320538	98.475239	1330914

Location Description:

Ban Khun Pae is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 694 individuals, with 339 identifying as male and 355 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pha khao	18.329001	98.470242	1330913

Location Description:

Ban Pha khao is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 67 individuals, with 39 identifying as male and 28 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Kloi	18.30821	98.47198	8670286

Location Description:

Ban Pa Kloi is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 309 individuals, with 142 identifying as male and 167 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID

Ban Bon Na	18.307279	98.495052	7788971
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Location Description:

Ban Bon Na is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 226 individuals, with 109 identifying as male and 117 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Khayan	18.30026	98.49204	1119633

Location Description:

Ban Khayan is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 75 individuals, with 36 identifying as male and 39 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mai	18.30129	98.49704	1601579

Location Description:

Ban Mai is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 134 individuals, with 68 identifying as male and 66 as female.

Activity Description:

Climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Om Ting	18.316537	98.50463	1118411

Location Description:

Ban Om Ting is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 180 individuals, with 98 identifying as male and 82 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Kong Son	18.313124	98.493293	7791688

Location Description:

Ban Kong Son is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 70 individuals, with 38 identifying as male and 32 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Kong Phae	18.301023	98.510373	7791433

Location Description:

Ban Kong Phae is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 361 individuals, with 179 identifying as male and 182 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Ton Phung	18.322223	98.479992	

Location Description:

Ban Ton Phung is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 599 individuals, with 296 identifying as male and 303 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation, and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae To	18.826978	98.62141	7784707

Location Description:

Ban Mae To is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 207 individuals, with 120 identifying as male and 87 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Khun To	18.76017	98.63009	7788558

Location Description:

Ban Khun To is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 183 individuals, with 86 identifying as male and 97 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae La Eak	18.82605	98.61277	

Location Description:

Ban Mae La Eak is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 247 individuals, with 123 identifying as male and 124 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Yao	18.768679	98.61352	1330984

Location Description:

Ban Huai Yao is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 136 individuals, with 94 identifying as male and 42 as female.

Activity Description:

Special cultural zone, NRM, traditional livelihoods, knowledge transmission

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Nong Khri Su Nai	18.827345	98.582359	

Location Description:

Ban Nong Khri Su Nai is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 523 individuals, with 248 identifying as male and 275 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Hat	17.701603	98.112812	1119188

Location Description:

Ban Mae Hat is situated in the Sa Moeng District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 634 individuals, with 323 identifying as male and 311 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Haet	17.664782	98.105652	7761683

Location Description:

Ban Mae Haet is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 607 individuals, with 311 identifying as male and 296 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Um Lo	17.676917	98.045223	7761679

Location Description:

Ban Um Lo is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 569 individuals, with 276 identifying as male and 293 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Um Lo Nuea	17.693513	98.070528	7761679

Location Description:

Ban Um Lo Nuea is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 432 individuals, with 224 identifying as male and 208 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Sop Khong	17.637551	98.090962	7761681

Location Description:

Ban Sop Khong is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 853 individuals, with 422 identifying as male and 431 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Ma Nam	17.662208	98.086822	7421269

Location Description:

Ban Huai Ma Nam is situated in the Sop Moei District of Mae Hong Son Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 357 individuals, with 169 identifying as male and 188 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Sop Mae Ruam	18.896213	98.323501	7788750

Location Description:

Ban Sop Mae Ruam is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 597 individuals, with 315 identifying as male and 282 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Sa	18.815304	98.334818	1116997

Location Description:

Ban Mae Sa is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 835 individuals, with 439 identifying as male and 396 as female.'

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae O	18.820787	98.402535	1117002

Location Description:

Ban Mae O is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 738 individuals, with 389 identifying as male and 349 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, traditional livelihoods and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Mae Kho	18.8254	98.3622	1117014

Location Description:

Ban Mae Kho is situated in the Mae Chaem District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 627 individuals, with 330 identifying as male and 297 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM and sustainable economic development

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
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Ban Khun Tae	18.394527	98.502344	7846903
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Location Description:

Ban Khun Tae is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 785 individuals, with 389 identifying as male and 396 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Kia Nok	18.39112	98.507194	

Location Description:

Ban Pa Kia Nok is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 45 individuals, with 21 identifying as male and 24 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Pa Kia Nai	18.38035	98.54559	7791502

Location Description:

Ban Pa Kia Nai is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 125 individuals, with 66 identifying as male and 59 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Manao	18.35638	98.511571	1330920

Location Description:

Ban Huai Manao is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 242 individuals, with 127 identifying as male and 115 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Hin Lak Fai	18.364475	98.493346	

Location Description:

Ban Hin Lak Fai is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 307 individuals, with 148 identifying as male and 159 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Sam Lang	18.346534	98.499721	7791716

Location Description:

Ban Sam Lang is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 63 individuals, with 32 identifying as male and 31 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Sompoi Mai	18.371444	98.52852	7791488

Location Description:

Ban Huai Sompoi Mai is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 192 individuals, with 85 identifying as male and 107 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Sompoi	18.371444	98.52852	8040117

Location Description:

Ban Huai Sompoi is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 450 individuals, with 151 identifying as male and 299 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Khanun1	18.360659	98.542246	1117050

Location Description:

Ban Huai Khanun1 is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 103 individuals, with 53 identifying as male and 50 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Khanun2	18.357893	98.546832	1117050

Location Description:

Ban Huai Khanun2 is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 65 individuals, with 36 identifying as male and 29 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ban Huai Khanun3	18.358233	98.555939	1117050

Location Description:

Ban Huai Khanun3 is situated in the Chom Thong District of Chiang Mai Province, where the indigenous Karen community resides. The village is home to a population of 138 individuals, with 75 identifying as male and 63 as female.

Activity Description:

NRM, climate change adaptation and income generation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Kao Nam Tao	7.200142	99.847101	

Location Description:

Mani Kao Nam Tao is situated in the Pa Lian District of Trang Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 37 individuals, with 22 identifying as male and 15 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Koun Mai Dam	7.242662	99.863547	

Location Description:

Mani Koun Mai Dam is situated in the Pa Lian District of Trang Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 63 individuals, with 27 identifying as male and 36 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Koa Hua Sum	7.222416	99.83621	

Location Description:

Mani Koa Hua Sum is situated in the Pa Lian District of Trang Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 34 individuals, with 15 identifying as male and 19 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Chong Hub	7.030175	99.76672	

Location Description:

Mani Chong Hub is situated in the Tong Wa District of Satun Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 7 individuals, with 3 identifying as male and 4 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Raw Pla	7.116609	99.804795	

Location Description:

Mani Raw Pla is situated in the Tong Wa District of Satun Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 25 individuals, with 14 identifying as male and 11 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Phu Pha Pach	7.130696	100.010409	

Location Description:

Mani Phu Pha Pach is situated in the Manang District of Satun Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 27 individuals, with 18 identifying as male and 9 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Wong Sai Tong	7.149704	99.943757	

Location Description:

Mani Wong Sai Tong is situated in the La Ngu District of Satun Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 52 individuals, with 28 identifying as male and 24 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Kong La	7.397064	99.930111	

Location Description:

Mani Kong La is situated in the Kong La District of Pattalung Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 35 individuals, with 18 identifying as male and 17 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Loahan	7.171063	100.077546	

Location Description:

Mani Loahan is situated in the Pabon District of Pattalung Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 38 individuals, with 22 identifying as male and 16 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Pa Klong Kian	7.001571	100.116294	

Location Description:

Mani Pa Klong Kian is situated in the Rattapum District of Song Kla Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 9 individuals, with 2 identifying as male and 11 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mani Pa Dong Chiak Chang	6.883991	100.144859	

Location Description:

Mani Pa Dong Chiak Chang is situated in the Khuan Ka Long District of Satun Province, where the indigenous Mani community resides. The village is home to a population of 14 individuals, with 6 identifying as male and 8 as female.

Activity Description:

Bio-cultural conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mustang	29.1833	83.9563	1283022

Location Description:

Mustang District: (a. Thini village ward no. 5, Gharapjhung rural municipality b. Syang village ward no. 3, Gharapjhung rural municipality c. Chimang village ward no.1, Gharapjhung rural municipality)

Activity Description:

Component 1 and Component 3: Awareness raising and capacity building on rights-based advocacy. Component 2: • Sustainable, participatory, just, and responsible natural resource management practices and biodiversity conservation by ensuring an inclusive paradigm in conservation initiatives. • IPs and LCs-based/culture and environment friendly enterprises to strengthen their lifeways and economic sustainability. Component 4: Documentation and dissemination of knowledge and practices of IPs related to their lifeways, natural resources, and biodiversity. Component 5: Support conservation of cultural sites or territories for communities to be able to continue their lifeways and wellbeing. Component 6: Monitoring and evaluations.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Manang	28.6641	84.0222	1283076

Location Description:

Manang District: (a. Nashon village, ward no-1 of Taal rural municipality. b. Thanchok village, ward no-1 and 2 of Chame rural municipality)

Activity Description:

Component 1 and Component 3: Awareness raising and capacity building on rights-based advocacy. Component 2: • Sustainable, participatory, just, and responsible natural resource management practices and biodiversity conservation by ensuring an inclusive paradigm in conservation initiatives. • IPs and LCs-based/culture and environment friendly enterprises to strengthen their lifeways and economic sustainability. Component 4: Documentation and dissemination of knowledge and practices of IPs related to their lifeways, natural resources, and biodiversity. Component 5: Support conservation of cultural sites or territories for communities to be able to continue their lifeways and wellbeing. Component 6: Monitoring and evaluations.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lamjung	28.2100	84.3638	1283150

Location Description:

Lamjung District: (a. Marsyangdi rural municipality)

Activity Description:

Component 1 and Component 3: Awareness raising and capacity building on rights-based advocacy. Component 2: • Sustainable, participatory, just, and responsible natural resource management practices and biodiversity conservation by ensuring an inclusive paradigm in conservation initiatives. • IPs and LCs-based/culture and environment friendly enterprises to strengthen their lifeways and economic sustainability. Component 4: Documentation and dissemination of knowledge and practices of IPs related to their lifeways, natural resources, and biodiversity. Component 5: Support conservation of cultural sites or territories for communities to be able to continue their lifeways and wellbeing. Component 6: Monitoring and evaluations.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
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Myagdi	28.546	83.4633	12095495
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Location Description:

Myagdi District: (a. Annapurna Rural Municipality)

Activity Description:

Component 1 and Component 3: Awareness raising and capacity building on rights-based advocacy. Component 2: • Sustainable, participatory, just, and responsible natural resource management practices and biodiversity conservation by ensuring an inclusive paradigm in conservation initiatives. • IPs and LCs-based/culture and environment friendly enterprises to strengthen their lifeways and economic sustainability. Component 4: Documentation and dissemination of knowledge and practices of IPs related to their lifeways, natural resources, and biodiversity. Component 5: Support conservation of cultural sites or territories for communities to be able to continue their lifeways and wellbeing. Component 6: Monitoring and evaluations.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Kaski	28.3455	83.9708	12095483

Location Description:

Kaski District: (a. Chomrong village ward no 11, Annapurna rural municipality).

Activity Description:

Component 1 and Component 3: Awareness raising and capacity building on rights-based advocacy. Component 2: • Sustainable, participatory, just, and responsible natural resource management practices and biodiversity conservation by ensuring an inclusive paradigm in conservation initiatives. • IPs and LCs-based/culture and environment friendly enterprises to strengthen their lifeways and economic sustainability. Component 4: Documentation and dissemination of knowledge and practices of IPs related to their lifeways, natural resources, and biodiversity. Component 5: Support conservation of cultural sites or territories for communities to be able to continue their lifeways and wellbeing. Component 6: Monitoring and evaluations.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mai-Ndombe	2.5911	19.3350	2313191

Location Description:

Bio-cultural landscape of non-flooded forests (East of the Country); Bio-cultural landscape of flooded forests (West of the Country); Landscape of dense or clear dry forests, transitional forests, forest-savannah mosaic and wooded savannahs, trees, shrubs, or grass (Centre of DRC).

Activity Description:

Protection and sustenance of Biodiversity through traditional systems of conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Sankuru	-4.9666	23.45	205828

Location Description:

Bio-cultural landscape of non-flooded forests (East of the Country); Bio-cultural landscape of flooded forests (West of the Country); Landscape of dense or clear dry forests, transitional forests, forest-savannah mosaic and wooded savannahs, trees, shrubs, or grass (Centre of DRC).

Activity Description:

Protection and sustenance of Biodiversity through traditional systems of conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mweka	-4.8519	21.5594	207596

Location Description:

Bio-cultural landscape of non-flooded forests (East of the Country); Bio-cultural landscape of flooded forests (West of the Country); Landscape of dense or clear dry forests, transitional forests, forest-savannah mosaic and wooded savannahs, trees, shrubs, or grass (Centre of DRC).

Activity Description:

Protection and sustenance of Biodiversity through traditional systems of conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Walikale	1.4305	28.0752	204337

Location Description:

Bio-cultural landscape of non-flooded forests (East of the Country); Bio-cultural landscape of flooded forests (West of the Country); Landscape of dense or clear dry forests, transitional forests, forest-savannah mosaic and wooded savannahs, trees, shrubs, or grass (Centre of DRC).

Activity Description:

Protection and sustenance of Biodiversity through traditional systems of conservation

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Laikipia	-0.3333	36.7666	189794

Location Description:

The Ewaso Nyiro Ecosystem-Specially the mid Ewaso Nyiro

Activity Description:

Supporting self-strengthening of pastoralist communities into better manage of their territories using their own knowledge systems and in accordance with their own aspirations while also delivering global environmental benefits.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Samburu Isiolo	1.3333	37.1166	180782

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Location Description:

The Ewaso Nyiro Ecosystem-Specially the mid Ewaso Nyiro

Activity Description:

Supporting self-strengthening of pastoralist communities into better manage of their territories using their own knowledge systems and in accordance with their own aspirations while also delivering global environmental benefits.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Marsabit	2.3347	37.9908	187585

Location Description:

The Ewaso Nyiro Ecosystem-Specially the mid Ewaso Nyiro

Activity Description:

Supporting self-strengthening of pastoralist communities into better manage of their territories using their own knowledge systems and in accordance with their own aspirations while also delivering global environmental benefits.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Neuquén	-38.9516	-68.0591	3843123

Location Description:

Andean Patagonian Forest located in the mountain range area, it is a tour with great presence of lakes and rivers.

Activity Description:

The project consists of strengthening the conservation and governance of the geographic area known as the 'Futa Mawiza Biocultural Territory' (large, forested mountain), located in the Andes Mountains, between 37° and 40° south latitude.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Patagonia	-44	-68	3841798

Location Description:

Andean Patagonian Forest located in the mountain range area, it is a tour with great presence of lakes and rivers.

Activity Description:

The project consists of strengthening the conservation and governance of the geographic area known as the 'Futa Mawiza Biocultural Territory' (large, forested mountain), located in the Andes Mountains, between 37° and 40° south latitude.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Zones Huiliche	-54.8019	-68.3029	

Location Description:

Andean Patagonian Forest located in the mountain range area, it is a tour with great presence of lakes and rivers.

Activity Description:

The project consists of strengthening the conservation and governance of the geographic area known as the 'Futa Mawiza Biocultural Territory' (large, forested mountain), located in the Andes Mountains, between 37° and 40° south latitude.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lafkenche	-38.4192	-63.5989	

Location Description:

Andean Patagonian Forest located in the mountain range area, it is a tour with great presence of lakes and rivers.

Activity Description:

The project consists of strengthening the conservation and governance of the geographic area known as the 'Futa Mawiza Biocultural Territory' (large, forested mountain), located in the Andes Mountains, between 37° and 40° south latitude.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Pehuence	-38.9433	-68.2135	

Location Description:

Andean Patagonian Forest located in the mountain range area, it is a tour with great presence of lakes and rivers.

Activity Description:

The project consists of strengthening the conservation and governance of the geographic area known as the 'Futa Mawiza Biocultural Territory' (large, forested mountain), located in the Andes Mountains, between 37° and 40° south latitude.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Curarrehue	-39.3602	-71.5875	3892884

Location Description:

The Futa Mawiza ICI will be executed in southern Chile, specifically at the foot of the Villarrica, Quetrupillan and Lanin volcanic range.

Activity Description:

Strengthening territorial governance for the development of proposals for new conservation areas with a Mapuche perspective

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Panguipulli	-39.6436	-72.3327	3877348

Location Description:

The Futa Mawiza ICI will be executed in southern Chile, specifically at the foot of the Villarrica, Quetrupillan and Lanin volcanic range.

Activity Description:

Strengthening territorial governance for the development of proposals for new conservation areas with a Mapuche perspective

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Rarotonga	-21.23274	-159.77245	11695425

Location Description:

The location of these Islands is all in the Cook Islands – Isolated in one case with nearly 700km from the southern to the northern most island, that is Pukapuka and Mangaia.

Activity Description:

The activities are honed onto Customary-Environmental(nature), Knowledge, Model and capacity Building issues, (developing biocultural protocols).

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Pukapuka	-10.85371	-165.8474	11,695,389

Location Description:

The location of these Islands is all in the Cook Islands – Isolated in one case with nearly 700km from the southern to the northern most island, that is Pukapuka and Mangaia.

Activity Description:

The activities are honed onto Customary-Environmental(nature), Knowledge, Model and capacity Building issues, (developing biocultural protocols).

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mangaia	-21.9261	-157.9186	11695127

Location Description:

The location of these Islands is all in the Cook Islands – Isolated in one case with nearly 700km from the southern to the northern most island, that is Pukapuka and Mangaia.

Activity Description:

The activities are honed onto Customary-Environmental(nature), Knowledge, Model and capacity Building issues, (developing biocultural protocols).

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Atiu	-19.9957	-158.1095	11695126

Location Description:

The location of these Islands is all in the Cook Islands – Isolated in one case with nearly 700km from the southern to the northern most island, that is Pukapuka and Mangaia.

Activity Description:

The activities are honed onto Customary-Environmental(nature), Knowledge, Model and capacity Building issues, (developing biocultural protocols).

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Takutea	-19.8127	-158.2883	4035532

Location Description:

The location of these Islands is all in the Cook Islands – Isolated in one case with nearly 700km from the southern to the northern most island, that is Pukapuka and Mangaia.

Activity Description:

The activities are honed onto Customary-Environmental(nature), Knowledge, Model and capacity Building issues, (developing biocultural protocols).

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Makame – Simanjiro cluster	-4.6333	36.7333	155204

Location Description:

1. Makame – Simanjiro cluster – this savanna ecosystem, important to the Maasai pastoralist and Akie hunter-gatherer groups, is characterized by acacia woodlands and open seasonal wetland plains, critical for dispersal of migratory elephant from Tarangire National Park, but also hosting a high density of resident wildlife. 2. Lake Natron and west Longido cluster - this area is characterized by a rugged arid landscape, the caustic soda lake, and short grass savanna. 3. Lake Eyasi and Yaeda Valley cluster - the woodlands in this cluster are critical to Hadzabe hunter-gatherers, Datoga pastoralists, and Iraqw agro-pastoralists. The area is of high natural resource value, including a contiguous wildlife corridor to the Ngorongoro Conservation Area.

Activity Description:

1. Securing Indigenous lands in biodiverse areas through the Tanzanian legal framework 2. Management of land and natural resources in the secured biodiverse areas is carried out. 3. Communities benefit from sustainable land and natural resources

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lake Natron and west Longido cluster	2.4166	36	151891

Location Description:

1. Makame – Simanjiro cluster – this savanna ecosystem, important to the Maasai pastoralist and Akie hunter-gatherer groups, is characterized by acacia woodlands and open seasonal wetland plains, critical for dispersal of migratory elephant from Tarangire National Park, but also hosting a high density of resident wildlife. 2. Lake Natron and west Longido cluster - this area is characterized by a rugged arid landscape, the caustic soda lake, and short grass savanna. 3. Lake Eyasi and Yaeda Valley cluster - the woodlands in this cluster are critical to Hadzabe hunter-gatherers, Datoga pastoralists, and Iraqw agro-pastoralists. The area is of high natural resource value, including a contiguous wildlife corridor to the Ngorongoro Conservation Area.

Activity Description:

1. Securing Indigenous lands in biodiverse areas through the Tanzanian legal framework 2. Management of land and natural resources in the secured biodiverse areas is carried out. 3. Communities benefit from sustainable land and natural resources

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lake Eyasi and Yaeda Valley cluster	3.6666	35.0833	160049

Location Description:

1. Makame – Simanjiro cluster – this savanna ecosystem, important to the Maasai pastoralist and Akie hunter-gatherer groups, is characterized by acacia woodlands and open seasonal wetland plains, critical for dispersal of migratory elephant from Tarangire National Park, but also hosting a high density of resident wildlife. 2. Lake Natron and west Longido cluster - this area is characterized by a rugged arid landscape, the caustic soda lake, and short grass savanna. 3. Lake Eyasi and Yaeda Valley cluster - the woodlands in this cluster are critical to Hadzabe hunter-gatherers, Datoga pastoralists, and Iraqw agro-pastoralists. The area is of high natural resource value, including a contiguous wildlife corridor to the Ngorongoro Conservation Area.

Activity Description:

1. Securing Indigenous lands in biodiverse areas through the Tanzanian legal framework 2. Management of land and natural resources in the secured biodiverse areas is carried out. 3. Communities benefit from sustainable land and natural resources

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
FUNDALACHUA	15.4708	-90.3708	3598119

Location Description:

Fundalachua, Alta Verapaz, Guatemala: Nestled amidst in green mountains, Fundalachua captivates with its tranquil beauty and rich cultural heritage.

Activity Description:

1. Training of leaders of indigenous peoples on governance and leadership, construction of infrastructure, Restoration degraded areas, establishment of permeant of plots of agroforestry, Tourist services. 2. Establishment of communal nurseries, workshops, networking, meetings, youth activities and trainings, production of forest plants. 3. Recovery of forest cover in areas of biocultural importance, production of enterprises and community industry, capacity building activities. 4. Agriculture, agroforestry, sustainable use

of wood and firewood, traditional handicrafts, and weavings. 5. Improve management of marine coastal systems, mapping of land, manual on IP&LC rights etc.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Alta Verapaz Guatemala	15.6666	-90	3599773

Location Description:

Alta Verapaz, Guatemala: Nestled amidst in green mountains, Fundalachua captivates with its tranquil beauty and rich cultural heritage.

Activity Description:

1. Training of leaders of indigenous peoples on governance and leadership, construction of infrastructure, Restoration degraded areas, establishment of permeant of plots of agroforestry, Tourist services. 2. Establishment of communal nurseries, workshops, networking, meetings, youth activities and trainings, production of forest plants. 3. Recovery of forest cover in areas of biocultural importance, production of enterprises and community industry, capacity building activities. 4. Agriculture, agroforestry, sustainable use of wood and firewood, traditional handicrafts, and weavings. 5. Improve management of marine coastal systems, mapping of land, manual on IP&LC rights etc.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
AK Tenamit Izabal Guatemala,	15.5	-89	3595259

Location Description:

Ak'Tenamit, which means 'New Village' in the Q'eqchi' language, is a development project in Eastern Guatemala on the Dulce River.

Activity Description:

1. Training of leaders of indigenous peoples on governance and leadership, construction of infrastructure, Restoration degraded areas, establishment of permeant of plots of agroforestry, Tourist services. 2. Establishment of communal nurseries, workshops, networking, meetings, youth activities and trainings, production of forest plants. 3. Recovery of forest cover in areas of biocultural importance, production of enterprises and community industry, capacity building activities. 4. Agriculture, agroforestry, sustainable use of wood and firewood, traditional handicrafts, and weavings. 5. Improve management of marine coastal systems, mapping of land, manual on IP&LC rights etc.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Sotzil Chimaltenango Guatemala,	14.6611	-90.8194	3598572

Location Description:

Sotzil Chimaltenango Guatemala: A picturesque town nestled in the highlands, showcasing vibrant Mayan culture, colonial-style houses, and stunning natural landscapes.

Activity Description:

1. Training of leaders of indigenous peoples on governance and leadership, construction of infrastructure, Restoration degraded areas, establishment of permeant of plots of agroforestry, Tourist services. 2.

Establishment of communal nurseries, workshops, networking, meetings, youth activities and trainings, production of forest plants. 3. Recovery of forest cover in areas of biocultural importance, production of enterprises and community industry, capacity building activities. 4. Agriculture, agroforestry, sustainable use of wood and firewood, traditional handicrafts, and weavings. 5. Improve management of marine coastal systems, mapping of land, manual on IP&LC rights etc.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Tikonel Chimaltenango Guatemala,	14.6611	-90.8194	3598572

Location Description:

Tikonel Chimaltenango, nestled in the heart of Guatemala, captivates with its picturesque landscapes, rich Mayan heritage, and vibrant cultural traditions.

Activity Description:

1. Training of leaders of indigenous peoples on governance and leadership, construction of infrastructure, Restoration degraded areas, establishment of permeant of plots of agroforestry, Tourist services. 2. Establishment of communal nurseries, workshops, networking, meetings, youth activities and trainings, production of forest plants. 3. Recovery of forest cover in areas of biocultural importance, production of enterprises and community industry, capacity building activities. 4. Agriculture, agroforestry, sustainable use of wood and firewood, traditional handicrafts, and weavings. 5. Improve management of marine coastal systems, mapping of land, manual on IP&LC rights etc.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
FPCI Guna Yala Panama	9.25	-78.25	3701537

Location Description:

FPCI Guna Yala Panama is in the Guna Yala region of Panama.

Activity Description:

1. Training of leaders of indigenous peoples on governance and leadership, construction of infrastructure, Restoration degraded areas, establishment of permeant of plots of agroforestry, Tourist services. 2. Establishment of communal nurseries, workshops, networking, meetings, youth activities and trainings, production of forest plants. 3. Recovery of forest cover in areas of biocultural importance, production of enterprises and community industry, capacity building activities. 4. Agriculture, agroforestry, sustainable use of wood and firewood, traditional handicrafts, and weavings. 5. Improve management of marine coastal systems, mapping of land, manual on IP&LC rights etc.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Scope of Manu National Park	-12.0419	-71.7875	9179689

Location Description:

Corresponds to the entire madre de dios river basin and tributaries.

Activity Description:

1. Territory of Life of the Harakbut Nation: Ancestral Territory Mapping 2. Territorio de Vida de la Nacion Ese eja: Consolidatiion Veeduria por Pueblo. 3. Territory of life of the Yine Nation: Protection, monitoring, and surveillance of PIA Territories. 4. Territory of Life of the Matsiguenka Nation: Capacity buiding for the Management of the Manu National Park.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Alto Purus National Park	-10.4125	-71.6611	8739674

Location Description:

Corresponds to the entire madre de dios river basin and tributaries.

Activity Description:

1. Territory of Life of the Harakbut Nation: Ancestral Territory Mapping 2. Territorio de Vida de la Nacion Ese eja: Consolidatiion Veeduria por Pueblo. 3. Territory of life of the Yine Nation: Protection, monitoring, and surveillance of PIA Territories. 4. Territory of Life of the Matsiguenka Nation: Capacity buiding for the Management of the Manu National Park.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Bahuaja Sonene National Park	-13.5091	-69.5738	8199362

Location Description:

Corresponds to the entire madre de dios river basin and tributaries.

Activity Description:

1. Territory of Life of the Harakbut Nation: Ancestral Territory Mapping 2. Territorio de Vida de la Nacion Ese eja: Consolidatiion Veeduria por Pueblo. 3. Territory of life of the Yine Nation: Protection, monitoring, and surveillance of PIA Territories. 4. Territory of Life of the Matsiguenka Nation: Capacity buiding for the Management of the Manu National Park.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Amarakaeri Communal Reserve Area	-12.7833	-70.9538	10173010

Location Description:

Corresponds to the entire madre de dios river basin and tributaries.

Activity Description:

1. Territory of Life of the Harakbut Nation: Ancestral Territory Mapping 2. Territorio de Vida de la Nacion Ese eja: Consolidatiion Veeduria por Pueblo. 3. Territory of life of the Yine Nation: Protection, monitoring, and surveillance of PIA Territories. 4. Territory of Life of the Matsiguenka Nation: Capacity buiding for the Management of the Manu National Park.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Scope of the Madre de Dios Territorial Reserve	-12	-70.25	3935619

Location Description:

Corresponds to the entire madre de dios river basin and tributaries.

Activity Description:

1. Territory of Life of the Harakbut Nation: Ancestral Territory Mapping 2. Territorio de Vida de la Nacion Ese eja: Consolidation Veeduria por Pueblo. 3. Territory of life of the Yine Nation: Protection, monitoring, and surveillance of PIA Territories. 4. Territory of Life of the Matsigenka Nation: Capacity building for the Management of the Manu National Park.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Murkuchida	-4.066918	35.076202	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Endamilay	-4.041412	35.13435354	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Endalat	-4.020727	35.203898	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Dirim	-4.001832	35.2506	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Yaeda kati	-3.9618	35.271711	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Garbabi	-3.931507	35.335587	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mongowamono	-3.8301497	35.270053	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Yaeda chini	-3.960672	35.155656	

Location Description:

Activity Description:

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Eshkesh	-3.983619	35.046018	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Conflict resolution and CVL

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Gelai Lumbwa	-2.877934962	36.18581544	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Holistic rangeland management

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ilchang'it Sapukin	-2.568898989	36.20681215	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Holistic rangeland management

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Gelai Meirugoi	-2.734673484	36.11305908	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Holistic rangeland management

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Loondoluo	-2.734700547	36.11304105	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Holistic rangeland management

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Magadini	-2.751833863	36.06958229	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Holistic rangeland management

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Nadaare	-2.877728869	36.10395491	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Land Conflict resolution

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ngage	-4.166048023	37.48106037	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Land Conflict resolution

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lengasiti	-3.568768456	37.15369711	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Land Conflict resolution

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Naisinyai	-4.421249315	37.02463615	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Land Conflict resolution

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lemkuna	-3.890365	37.44863	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity:1.1.1; Facilitate securing of 12 CVL acquisition

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Loosoito	-3.689588	37.109565	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity:1.1.1; Facilitate securing of 12 CVL acquisition

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Laangai	-4.287419	37.21662	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity 2.1: Train and coach 8 village councils, traditional leaders and natural resource committees responsible for managing rangeland and forest resources.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lerumo	-4.6450556	37.4868928	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity 2.1: Train and coach 8 village councils, traditional leaders and natural resource committees responsible for managing rangeland and forest resources.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ruvu Remit	-4.76803	37.73371	11,005,116

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity 2.1: Train and coach 8 village councils, traditional leaders and natural resource committees responsible for managing rangeland and forest resources.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Gunge	-4.589172	37.878667	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity 2.1: Train and coach 8 village councils, traditional leaders and natural resource committees responsible for managing rangeland and forest resources.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ndedo	-4.98877	36.75921	11,005,106

Location Description:

Wildlife management Area

Activity Description:

Activities Makame WMA- RZMP and financial training and governance

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Katikati	-4.9694319	36.3916445	

Location Description:

Wildlife management Area

Activity Description:

Activities Makame WMA- RZMP and financial training and governance

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Ngabolo	-5.0023035	36.903173	

Location Description:

Wildlife management Area

Activity Description:

Activities Makame WMA- RZMP and financial training and governance

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Makame	-4.71192	36.57169	11,005,082

Location Description:

Wildlife management Area

Activity Description:

Activities Makame WMA- RZMP and financial training and governance

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Irkiushioibor	-4.739872	36.38895	

Location Description:

Wildlife management Area

Activity Description:

Activities Makame WMA- RZMP and financial training and governance

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Tinaga	-2.079366	35.719114	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Fencing and planting of native trees around water catchment areas and nearby waterways in two sites in Lake Natron-west Longido cluster

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Kisangiro	-2.0898664	35.804018	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Fencing and planting of native trees around water catchment areas and nearby waterways in two sites in Lake Natron-west Longido cluster

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
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Oldonyosambu	-2.15	35.93333	
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Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Fencing and planting of native trees around water catchment areas and nearby waterways in two sites in Lake Natron-west Longido cluster

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Domanga	-3.93291	34.9737956	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Train and coach 3 CBO's (e.g., Makame WMA, EECDI, Lake Eyasi Cultural Tourism Board) in management and use of community funds generated through various sources such as tourism and carbon offse

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Endanyawish	-3.717633	35.32284	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Train and coach 3 CBO's (e.g., Makame WMA, EECDI, Lake Eyasi Cultural Tourism Board) in management and use of community funds generated through various sources such as tourism and carbon offse

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Dumbechand	-3.713763	35.111737	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Train and coach 3 CBO's (e.g., Makame WMA, EECDI, Lake Eyasi Cultural Tourism Board) in management and use of community funds generated through various sources such as tourism and carbon offse

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Endesh	-3.798059	34.955413	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Train and coach 3 CBO's (e.g., Makame WMA, EECDI, Lake Eyasi Cultural Tourism Board) in management and use of community funds generated through various sources such as tourism and carbon offse

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Mongowamono	-3.8301497	35.270053	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Formulation and training of 9 WRLFs across 3 Clusters in 9 villages.

Activity VICOBA skills and provision of seed capital

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Eshkesh	-3.983619	35.046018	

Location Description:

Village land

Activity Description:

Activity: Formulation and training of 9 WRLFs across 3 Clusters in 9 villages.

Activity VICOBA skills and provision of seed capital

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Makame	-4.71192	36.57169	

Location Description:

Wildlife management Area

Activity Description:

Activity: Train and coach 3 CBO's (e.g., Makame WMA, EECDI, Lake Eyasi Cultural Tourism Board) in management and use of community funds generated through various sources such as tourism and carbon offse

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lof Raquithue	-39.7447	-71.47997	12,549,968

Location Description:

Community Ruka

Activity Description:

Presentation of the biocultural map

COMPONENTE2.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Port Elma Villa La Angostura	-40.7473751	-71.6729436	10,234,558

Location Description:

Inn

Activity Description:

Pu Zomo Encounter

COMPONENT 5

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Junín de los Andes	-39.94931	-71.07543	

Location Description:

Ruka Mapuche

Activity Description:

Xawvn Wijice Zonal Council

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GeoName ID
Lof Newen Mapu	38.8836915	-68.1523986	

Location Description:

Ruka comunitaria

Activity Description:

Transfer of Mapping Experience

Medicial Plants workshop

V. ANNEX

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