

UNEP GEF PIR Fiscal Year 2023

1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023

1- Identification

roject details								
GEF ID	10279	SMA IPMR ID		83965				
Project Short Title	ISLANDS Caribbean I	Grant ID		S1-32GFL-000693				
		Umoja WBS		SB-017600				
Project Title	Ir	Implementing Sustainable Low and Non-Chemical Development in SIDS ISLANDS - Caribbean Child Project						
Project Type	Child Project	Duration months	Planned	60				
Parent Programme if child project	Implementing Sustainable Low and Non- Chemical Development in SIDS (ISLANDS)		Age	26.2 months				
GEF Focal Area(s)	Chemicals and Waste	Completion Date	Planned -original PCA	30-Jun-26				
Project Scope	√ Regional		Revised - Current PCA	n/a				
Region	Latin America and the Caribbean	Date of CEO Endorse	ement/Approval	28-May-21				
Countries	Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, Belize, Dominican Republic, Guyana, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago	UNEP Project Approv	val Date (on Decision Sheet)	14-Jun-21				
GEF financing amount	USD 11,000,000	PCA entering into for	ce	21-Jul-21				
Co-financing amount	USD 47,041,860	Start of Implementat	ion (Date of 1st Disbursement)*	25-Aug-21				
	·	Date of Inception Wo	rkshop, if available	20-0 ct-21				
Total disbursement as of 30 June	USD 1,241,962	Midterm undertaken?	?	√ No				
Total expenditure as of 30 June	USD 401,652	Actual Mid-term Dat	te, if taken					
		Expected Mid-Term [Date, if not taken**	25-Aug-24				
		Expected Terminal Ev		30-Jun-27				
		Expected Financial Cl	osure Date	30-Dec-27				

^{*}As per Legal Agreement signed with the EA, project effectiviness is defined as "the date of receipt of first disbursement or sub-allotment".

1.2 EA: Project description

^{**}A Mid-Term will be undertaken only if projects expenditures are 30% or above planned budget. If below the 30% threshold, a management review will be carried out by PM/TM.

The parent programme entitled ISLANDS – Implementing Sustainable Low and Non-Chemical Development in SIDS - supports 30 SIDS, including 12 Caribbean nations of which 9 identified in the present child project entitled "ISLANDS Caribbean I" (Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, Belize, Dominican Republic, Guyana, Saint Kitt and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago). The parent programme framework was designed to ensure that lessons and knowledge from each of the child projects are captured and shared among SIDS globally. The aim is to facilitate the replication and scale-up of initiatives based on lessons learnt, the demonstration of best practices and fostering increased south-south cooperation. The child **project objective** is to prevent the build-up of material and chemicals in the environment that contain POPs and Mercury and other harmful chemicals in SIDS, and to manage and dispose of existing harmful chemicals and materials in SIDS.

The projects includes 4 components:

Component 1. Preventing the Future Build-Up of Chemicals Entering SIDS - The Component addresses the need for Caribbean SIDS to stop generating hazardous waste that is difficult to manage and likely to build up over time Here the ISLANDS programme aims to work together with project countries and IDB constituencies to put in place effective mechanisms to control the import of chemicals, materials and products that lead to the generation of hazardous waste.

Component 2. Safe Management and Disposal of Existing Chemicals, products and materials - This component addresses the need to dispose of harmful chemicals and materials in project countries in an environmentally sound manner. Here the ISLANDS programme aims to work together with project countries to implement a number of interventions, including the collection, safeguarding, export and disposal of PCBs, obsolete pesticides and chemicals, DDT stockpiles and selected mercury added products. The ISLANDS programme also aims to assist countries in improving their capacities to manage hazardous waste, and to develop tools for countries to access additional funding for these activities in the future.

Component 3. Safe management of Products entering SIDS/Closing Material and Product loops for Products - This component addresses the need to halt the build-up of harmful materials and chemicals in Caribbean SIDS. To achieve this, the ISLANDS programme aims to work together with project countries to establish effective circular and life cycle management systems in partnership with the private sector.

Component 4. Knowledge Management and Communication - This component address the generation and dissemination of knowledge from project activities as well as from the wider Programme. Specifically, ©Component

This project is co-implemented between UNEP and FAO.

1.3 Project Contact

Division(s) Implementing the project

Name of co-implementing Agency

TM: UNEP Portfolio Manager(s)

TM: UNEP Task Manager(s)

TM: UNEP Budget/Finance Officer
TM: UNEP Support/Assistant

Industry and Economy Division, GEF Chemicals and Waste Unit

FAO

Ludovic Bernaudat Yolanda Cachu

Anuradha Shenoy

N/A

Executing Agency(ies)

Names of Other Project Partners

EA: Manager/Representative

EA: Project Manager

EA: Finance Manager

EA: Communications lead, if relevant

Basel Convention Regional Center for Training and Technology Transfer for the Caribbean (BCRC Caribbean)

Ms. Jewel Batchasingh

Ms. Rachel Ramsey

Ms. Jewel Batchasingh

NA

2- OVERVIEW OF PROJECT STATUS

TM: UNEP Current Subprogramme(s)

Chemicals and Pollution Action

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PoW Outcomes: 3A, 3B, 3C PoW Outcome Indicators: (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi)

Direct Outcomes to which project contributes: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 3.11, 3.13

TM: UNEP previous Subprogramme(s)

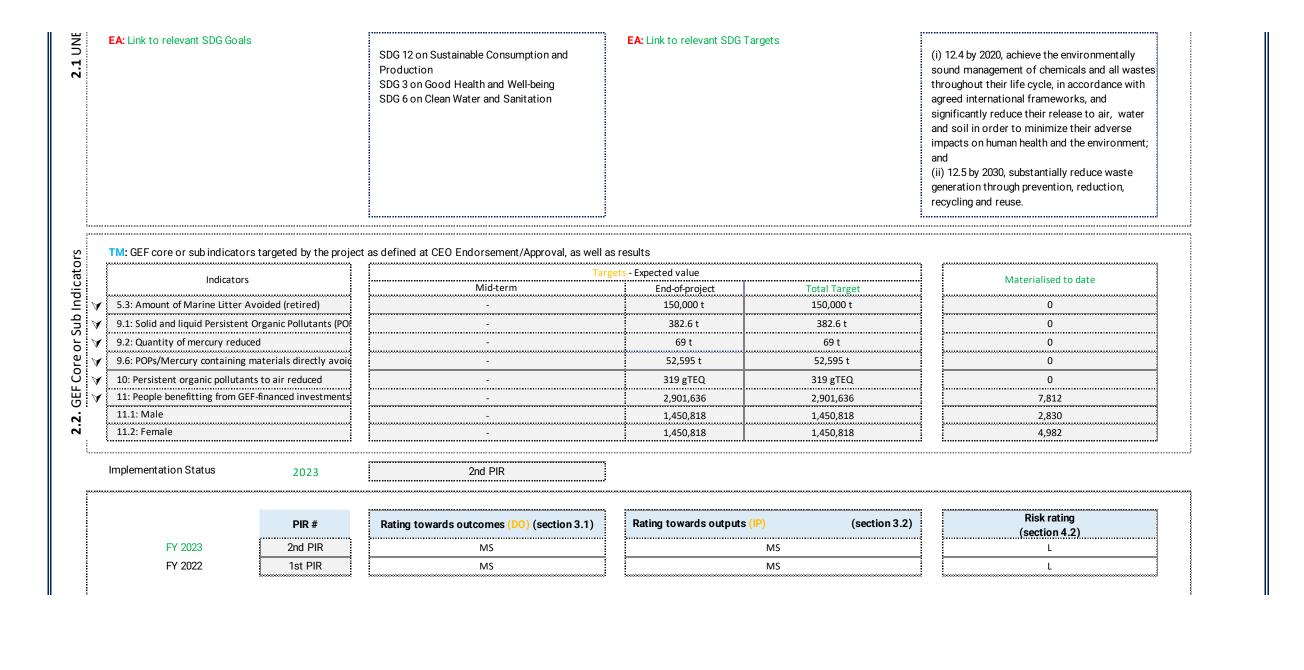
n/a

TM: PoW Indicator(s)

EA: UNSDCF/UNDAF linkages

National priorities are consistent with the eight priorities of the Draft Caribbean Regional Waste Action Plan developed by the Caribbean Water and Wastewater Association (CWWA) which, once implemented, would be adopted by the project countries and the UNDAF

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USD 1.283.593



3. RATING PROJECT PERFORMANCE

g of progress towards achieving the project outcome	es (Development Objectives)						
Project objective and Outcomes	Indicator	Baseline level	Mid-Term Target or Milestones	End of Project Target	Progress as of current period (numeric, percentage, or binary entry only)	EA: Summary by the EA of attainment of the indicator & target as of 30 June	TM: Progress
ective	<u> </u>	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······			
To support SIDS to enter a safe chemical development pathway. This will be done through strengthening their ability to control the flow of chemicals, products and materials into their territories, unlocking resources for long term management and integrated chemicals and waste management in SIDS.	N/A	NA	NA	NA	NA	Outcome targets are due later in the project. Sinergised activities between GEF 10279 and GEF 10472 ISLANDS Caribbean II are now underway ,and progress is being made as per outputs on table below.	MS
come 1							
Countries have adopted environmentally sound policies and control the import of chemicals, materials and products that lead to the generation	Quantity of waste and polluting chemicals avoided by the control of imports (Impact indicator 1.2)	Caribbean SIDS have varying levels of environmental legislation and controls in place to control imports of chemicals and the generation of hazardous	NA	100,000 tonnes of marine litter avoided	0	Outcome targets are due later in the project. Sinergised activities between GEF 10279 and GEF 10472 ISLANDS Caribbean II are now underway ,and progress is being made as	мѕ
of hazardous waste	No. of countries that adopted ESM policies for chemical wastes	wastes. Levels of capacity to develop, draft, enact, implement and enforce vary. Per year, project countries generate over 110,000 tonnes of WEEE; 410,000 t plastics; 190,000 t ELVs; 110,000 t	NA	40,095 tonnes of POPs/Mercury containing waste avoided	0	per outputs on table below.	мѕ
		waste oil; 40,000 t used tyres, and; 110,000 t used lead acid batteries. The great majority is generated in the Dominican Republic, followed by Trinidad	NA	182 tonnes of solid and liquid POPs/mercury avoided	0		MS
		and Tobago.	NA	200 g-TEQ/yr emissions of POPs to air avoided	0		мѕ
		NA	9 countries have adopted environmentally sound policies	0		мѕ	
ome 2							
Harmful chemicals and materials present and/or generated in the countries are being disposed of in an environmentally sound manner	Quantities of harmful chemicals and materials present and/or generated in Caribbean SIDS that are being disposed of in an environmentally sound manner	The project countries are at varying stages of ratification of the BRS and Minamata Conventions. Hazardous chemicals and waste systems in the Caribbean region are in the process of	NA	152 tonnes of PCBs eliminated regionally	0	Outcome targets are due later in the project. Sinergised activities between GEF 10279 and GEF 10472 ISLANDS Caribbean II are now underway ,and progress is being made as per outputs on table below.	мѕ
		modernization, but practices vary based on income level and other limiting factors. There are large amounts of PBDE, HBCD, PFOS and Hg products present in the countries as well as uPOPs emissions. A rapid inventory assessment of obsolete equipment in 2016 (except Guyana and DR) identified 46.54 tonnes of PCBs oil and contaminated equipment for disposal abroad. Another inventory is underway in 4 project countries (ANU, BZE, SLU and SUR) as part of the GEF 5558 project. Dominican Republic and Guyana	NA	5 tonnes liquid mercury and 9 tonnes mercury added products eliminated regionally	0		MS
			NA	Avoidance of 100 g-TEQ/yr of POPs to air emissions regionally	0		MS
		estimates 114 tonnes (2009 NIP) and 20 tonnes (2013 NIP) of PCBs and equipment.	NA	Avoidance of 100 tonnes of HHP in rural areas	0		
ome 3	y	y	y	······		······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Build-up of harmful materials and chemicals is prevented through establishment of effective circular and life-cycle management systems in partnership with the private sector	Quantities of harmful materials and chemicals not disposed on dump sites	In the Caribbean, private sector entities are contracted by governments and businesses for waste collection and disposal and landfill management. Additionally, most recycling, material recovery, waste treatment and waste/material	NA	1.9 tonnes of BDEs in ELVs and e-waste eliminated regionally	0	per outputs on table below.	MS
		export activities are led by the private sector and are driven by prices in the international recycling commodity markets. These activities occur in several Caribbean countries for a few hazardous	NA	1.7 tonnes of PFOS in products eliminated regionally	0		MS
		waste streams including waste oil, e-wastes, and spent lead acid batteries as well as the recycling of nonhazardous wastes. Nonetheless, private sector waste management in the Caribbean is generally	NA	7,500 tonnes of POPs/Mercury containing waste avoided and 5,000 tonnes eliminated	0		MS
		poorly developed and there are limited publicprivate partnerships to support chemicals and waste management.	NA	Avoidance of 19 g-TEQ emissions of POPs to air through diversion of waste going to landfills	0		
come 4				,		, <u>,</u>	. ,
Knowledge generated by the project is disseminated to, and applied by, SIDS in all regions	No. of beneficiaries and users from SIDS adopting good practices and BAT as a result of improved awareness	Knowledge generated by projects and activities in SIDS is not currently shared, disseminated or communicated in a systematic way. As a	NA	2,901,636 direct beneficiaries (20% of the population of participant countries)	7,812 beneficiaries	Beneficiaries include: youth taking part in the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge activities with schools in 8 of the 9 participating countries; youth, but also general population who a have downloaded the Tide Turners app; and	мѕ

barriers, Caribbean SIDS rarely learn from each other, nor from the experiences of other SIDS		50,000 tonnes of marine litter avoided through beneficiaries	(the GEF 10266 ISLANDS CCKM project. Outcome targets on marine litter avioded are due later in the		
ould, not from the experiences of other side	NA	and consumers from SIDS adopting good practices and	0%	project, but progress on outputs is detailed on the table below.	мѕ	
		BAT			A	į

For joint projects and where applicable ratings should also be discussed with the Task Manager of co-implementing agency.

3.2 Rating of progress implementation towards delivery of outputs (Implementation Progress)

Output	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of 30 June 2022 (%) (Towards overall project targets)	Implementation status as of 30 June 2023 (%) (Towards overall project targets)	EA: Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	TM: Progress rati
ler Comp 1 Output 1.1: The legislative and institutional framework is developed to support the environmentally sound management of hazardous chemicals in materials, products and wastes at national and regional levels in the Caribbean	Mar-25	5%	10%	<i>"</i>	S
Activity 1.1.1: Assess relevant legislation, infrastructure and institutional capacities to manage hazardous chemicals in materials, products and wastes at national and regional levels	Dec-23	5%	10%	Consultancy ongoing Improvement of the Legislative Framework	MS
Activity 1.1.2: Specific hazardous chemicals and wastes policies and legislation developed to support management at national and regional levels	Jul-24	5%	10%	Consultancy ongoing Improvement of the Legislative Framework	S
Activity 1.1.3: National strategies (one per country) developed for adoption and implementation of the model policies and legislation	Mar-25	5%	10%		S
Output 1.2: Sustainable training programme is developed to assist countries with implementing the Chemicals and Wastes MEAs at a national level (Implemented by FAO)	Dec-24	5%	5%		
Activity 1.2.1: Conduct a Training Needs Assessment (TNA) for implementation of the Chemicals and Wastes MEAs (Implemented by FAO)	Jun-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) with the PSC for review.	MS
Activity 1.2.2: Develop targeted training material and conduct training for the gaps identified from the Training Needs Assessment (Implemented by FAO)	Jun-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) with the PSC for review.	MS
Activity 1.2.3: Develop a "Training of Trainers" programme to extend the capacity in key agencies mandated with the implementation of and the monitoring of Chemicals and Wastes MEAs (Implemented by FAO)	Jun-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) with the PSC for review.	MS
Activity 1.2.3 Seven (7) packages of sustainable programme materials (instructional design materials and online survey training materials) (Implemented by FAO)	Dec-23	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be shared with the PSC for review.	мѕ
Activity 1.2.4: Develop, adapt or utilize an online training platform which is designed to promote sustainability (implemented by FAO)	Dec-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review.	MS
Activity 1.2.5: Develop and implement an awareness raising programme on the Chemicals and Wastes MEAs Training Platform (Implemented by FAO)	Dec-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review.	MS
Output 1.3: National, institutional and technical capacity to reduce/control the current and future trade of chemicals and products containing hazardous chemicals is strengthened	Feb-25	5%	5%	[Mid-term: 1 x Model Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for formal institutional arrangements including requisite Terms of Reference for member agencies] [Mid-term: 1 x Pre-screening and Inspection Guidelines for MAPs] [Mid-term: 1 x training plan developed for customs and border control agencies on monitoring of imported chemicals] [End of project: 1 x pilot project to test guidelines through procurement of X-ray fluorescence devices or similar devices to detect liquid mercury. The pilot will be demonstrated in either Guyana or Suriname based on the assessment of the pre-screening and inspection procedures developed as a mid-term activity]	

Activity 1.3.1: Develop a formal mechanism for inter- institutional collaboration and communication as it relates to the trade of restricted or controlled chemicals, products and waste and management of data generated by relevant agencies	Aug-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review.	MS
Activity 1.3.2: Improve capacity of customs and border control agencies for the identification of trade in restricted and prohibited hazardous chemicals, products containing chemicals and waste	Aug-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review.	
Activity 1.3.2 (FAO): Develop and deliver tailored regional training material and training programme for customs and border control agencies on monitoring of imported chemicals (Implemented by FAO)	Aug-24	5%	5%		
Output 1.4: Increased capacity for the development and implementation of national and regional chemicals and products standards including GHS	Jun-25	10%	10%	[Mid-term: 1 x Assessment of existing national and regional labelling and product standards] [Mid-term: 1 x Assessment of GHS implementation in each project country] [Mid-term: MOU between BCRCCaribbean and CROSQ] [End of project: 2 x regional standards based on national priorities identified in the assessment] [End of project: 9 x national roadmaps for GHS implementation]	S
Activity 1.4.1: Develop two (2) regional labelling and product standards for relevant chemicals and products	Nov-24	10%	20%	Consultancy ongoing on the Development of two (2) regional labelling and product standards for relevant chemicals and products	S
Activity 1.4.1:Develop and deliver capacity building /training workshop on Good Labelling Practice for Pesticides in agriculture (Implemented by FAO)	Feb-24	0%	5%	LOA in development with CAHFSA to develop and deliver capacity building /training workshop on Good Labelling Practice for Pesticides in agriculture	MS
Activity 1.4.2: Create national roadmaps to support countries with future development and implementation of labelling and product standards for relevant chemicals and products	Aug-24	10%	10%	Consultancy ongoing on the Development of two (2) regional labelling and product standards for relevant chemicals and products	S
Activity 1.4.3: Detailed multi-institutional assessment of current implementation of GHS, gap analysis and recommendations as it relates to capacity to respond and control chemicals imports at the borders	Aug-24	5%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review.	5
Output 1.5: Sustainable Procurement is promoted to key stakeholders to reduce the manufacture/import of products containing hazardous chemicals	Jun-25	0%	0%	}	
Activity 1.5.1: Assess enabling environment for Sustainable Procurement in countries and determine which products lend themselves to such policy	Dec-24	0%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review.	
Activity 1.5.2: Assess and select sustainable suitable alternatives to PFAS, POP-PBDEs, SCCPs/PCBs/PCNs and mercury added products	Dec-24	0%	0%		
Activity 1.5.3: Training and sensitization of stakeholders and consumers on the benefits of Sustainable Procurement (Implemented by FAO)	Jun-25	0%	5%	Planned for the next reporting period - Draft RFP (Request for Proposals) under development for reissue based on synergised approach to project execution under the GEF ISLANDS Programme. Draft TOR (Terms of Reference) to be circulated for PSC review. Activity 1.5.3 (FAO implemented TOR development ongoing) - Develop Bio-pesticides registration manual for SIDS (in collaboration with private sector); -Develop Consumer risk assessment with MRL for exports and locally consumed agricultural -Develop guidance on sustainable procurement (farmers, distributors, public procurement) - Development of tools/ assessment with guidance and knowledge products for farmers and distributors on sustainable procurement & Provision of trainings.	
Index Comp 2					
Inder Comp 2 Output 2.1: Capacity for environmentally sound management of SC POPs and MC Hg products strengthened, and obsolete pesticides and chemicals, PCBs and DDT eliminated	End of Project	2%	8%		MS
Activity 2.1.1: Develop management and destruction/stabilisation strategies to eliminate PCBs, obsolete pesticides and chemicals, DDT stockpiles and selected mercury added products	Apr-25	2%	8%	Tender Evaluation ongoing.: Develop management and destruction/stabilisation strategies to eliminate Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs), obsolete pesticides and chemicals, Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT) stockpiles and selected mercury added products	MS
Activity 2.1.2: Elimination of obsolete chemicals, PCBs, DDT and mercury added products through safeguarding, centralization and destruction/stabilisation	End of Project	2%	5%	Tender Evaluation ongoing for Activity $2.1.1$: Develop management and destruction/stabilisation strategies to inform Activity $2.1.2$	MS
Activity 2.1.3: Awareness campaign to promote or apply BAT/BEP to minimize UPOPs emissions from open burning	Sep-24	2%	5%	Tender Evaluation ongoing. Awareness campaign to promote or apply Best Available Techniques (BAT) & Best Environmental Practices (BAT/BEP) to minimize UPOPs (Unintentional POPs) emissions from open burning	MS

Output 2.2: Capacity to manage other hazardous vaste streams specific to the Caribbean improved	Mar-26	2%	5%	[Mid-term: One regional model developed for strategic planning in the waste sector] [Mid-term: 9 x national roadmaps for hazardous waste management strategies (one for each country)] [Mid-term: 3 x regional guidelines for management of priority waste sectors or scenarios] [Mid-term: At least 25 waste management professionals trained on management of priority waste sectors or scenarios regionally (at least 40% female)] [Mid-term: 1 x model national hazardous waste management plan with consideration to waste management in rural areas for regional use] [End of project: 2 x demonstration projects (1 rural hazardous waste management, 1 agrochemical waste management)]
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4 Risk Rating

4.1 Table A. Project management Risk

Please refer to the Risk Help Sheet for more details on rating

Risk Factor		EA's Rating		TM's Rating
Management structure - Roles and responsibilities	A	Low : Well developed, stable Management Structure and Roles/responsibilities are clearly defined/understood. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	٨	Low : Well developed, stable Management Structure and Roles/responsibilities are clearly defined/understood. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
2 Governance structure - Oversight	A	Low: Steering Committee and/or other project bodies meet at least once a yearand Active membership and participation in decision-making processes. SC provides direction/inputs. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	Ą	Low: Steering Committee and/or other project bodies meet at least once a yearand Active membership and participation in decision-making processes. SC provides direction/inputs. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
3 Implementation schedule	A	Moderate: Project progressing according to work planand Adaptive management and regular monitoring. Moderate likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	A	Moderate: Project progressing according to work planand Adaptive management and regular monitoring. Moderate likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
4 Budget	A	Low: Activities are progressing within planned budgetand Balanced budget utilisation including PMC. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	A	Low: Activities are progressing within planned budgetand Balanced budget utilisation including PMC. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
5 Financial Management	A	Low: Funds are correctly managed and transparently accounted forand Audit reports provided regularly and confirm correct use of funds. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	Ą	Low: Funds are correctly managed and transparently accounted forand Audit reports provided regularly and confirm correct use of funds. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
6 Reporting	A	Low: Substantive reports are presented in a timely manner and Reports are complete and accurate with a good analysis of project progress and implementation issues. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	A	Low: Substantive reports are presented in a timely manner and Reports are complete and accura with a good analysis of project progress and implementation issues. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
7 Capacity to deliver	A	Low: Sound technical and managerial capacity of institutions and other project partners and Capacity gaps were addressed before implementation or during early stages. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.	٨	Low: Sound technical and managerial capacity of institutions and other project partners and Capacity gaps were addressed before implementation or during early stages. Low likelihood of potential negative impact on the project delivery.
If any of the risk factors is rated a Moderate or higher, pla	ease incl	ude it in Table B below	› 	

4.2 Table B. Risk-log

Implementation Status (Current PIR)

2nd PIR

Insert ALL the risks identified either at CEO endorsement (inc. safeguards screening), previous/current PIRs, and MTRs. Use the last line to propose a suggested consolidated rating.

,	Risk affecting:			Risk R	ating	-99			Variation respect to last rating		
Risk	Outcome / outputs	CEO ED	PIR 1	PIR 2	PIR 3	PIR 4	PIR 5	PIR 6	Δ	Justification	
COVID-19 risks - Restricted travel	Outputs 1.1,2.1,2.2,3.1,3.2,4.1.3	М	L	Not Applicable					I	Covid 19 pandemic declared as ended in May 2023 Travel restrictions are no longer in place as of early 2022	
COVID-19 risks - Decreased local support due to shifted priorities	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	L	L					=	Covid 19 pandemic declared as ended in May 2023 with normalisation of national landscape being realised from early 2022	
COVID-19 risks - Increase of new waste streams	Outputs 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	L	Not Applicable	L					=	Not recognised during the ongoing project work	
COVID-19 risks - Impacts to SIDS economies (especially due to tourism reduction)	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	Н	L	Not Applicable					I	Covid 19 pandemic declared as ended in May 2023 with normalisation of national landscape being realised from early 2022. Travel restrictions are no longer in place as of early-2022.	
Climate change risks - Infrastructure damage due to increased hurricane frequency in the Caribbean	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	Not Applicable	Not Applicable					=	Not applicable to activities during the reporting period	
Climate change risks - Increase in disaster waste due to increased hurricane frequency in the Caribbean	Outputs 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	Not Applicable	Not Applicable					=	Not applicable to activities during the reporting period	
Climate change risks - Shifts in political priorities	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	L	L	L					=	Political priorities remain unchanged.	
Climate change risks - Delays in project outputs	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	Н	Not Applicable	Not Applicable					=	Not applicable to activities during the reporting period	
Operational/delivery risks - Political priorities, will and/or buy- in are not adequate for execution of key project activities	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	L	L					=	Prolitical priorities and will remain strong and unchanged	
Operational/delivery risks - Changes in governments and country personnel to persons with little awareness and buy-in to the project	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	L	L	L					=	Risk well managed by project team and via use of t National Working Group Charipersons and Nationa Project Coordinators	
Operational/delivery risks - Private sector and/or community support and behavioural change are not adequate	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	L	Not Applicable	L					=	No occurences during the ongoing project work	
Operational/delivery risks - High shipping and recycling costs and low market price of recyclable materials reduce the viability of establishing material recovery and recycling initiatives	Outputs 3.1, 3.2, 3.3,	L	Not Applicable	L					=	No occurences during the ongoing project work	
Technical risks - Inadequate data available to support activities	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	Not Applicable	L					ı	No occurences during the ongoing project work	

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Social risks - Continued disregard for the environmental and health impacts of existing waste management activities	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	L	Not Applicable	L					=	No occurences during the ongoing project work. Good local community youth engagement during Tide Turners Challenge activities.
Social risks - Economic displacement of informal sector workers through formalisation of chemicals and waste management systems	Outputs 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3 1	L	Not Applicable	L					=	No occurences during the ongoing project work. Current project activities involve data collection only.
SS 3: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	Not Applicable	L					I	Current project activities involve assessments and data collection only. This data collection also includes health and safety measures for workers, so that inadequate practices are identified. Highlighted environmental risks related to management and disposal of chemicals will be addressed on the Terms of Reference for the corresponding activities scheduled for the following reporting period. During the next PIR, project will report on progress of safeguard risk management for SS3 Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency.
SS 4: Community Health, Safety and Security	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 21, 22, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	Not Applicable	L					I	Improvements via ongoing project work. Current project activities involve assessments and data collection only. Highlighted environmental risks related to management and disposal of chemicals will be addressed on the Terms of Reference for the corresponding activities scheduled for the following reporting period. During the next PIR, project will report on progress of safeguard risk management for SS4 Community Health, Safety and Security.
SS 8: Labor and working conditions	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	М	Not Applicable	L					I	Current project activities involve assessments and data collection only. This data collection also includes health and safety measures for workers, so that inadequate practices are identified and improvements can take place. The BCRC Caribbean follows UNEP guiding principles and being an intergovernmental organisation, under the BRS secretariat, they have these rules integrated in their operations. During the next PIR, project will report on progress of safeguard risk management for SS8 Labour and working conditions.
Implementation schedule - Delays in the execution of sub- activities	Outputs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.1., 3.2, 3.3, 4.1	N/A	Not Applicable	М						smeanshing actimities between tearn 10279 and cervitudes and this approach involved significant administrative work, e.g. letters of agreement with countries and conformation of National Working Groups, that had to be in place in all participating countries before activities could begin. Furthermore, contributing factors surround the duration of the procurement processes and need for negotiations. This risk was managed by maintaining close contact with National Focal Points to expedite countries' internal processes, as well as improving the scoping of Terms of Reference and re-issuing bid when necessary to ensure suitable candidates could participate in the bidding process. Participating countries are SIDS and therefore the pool of suitable trained professionals can be lower than professord.
Consolidated project risk		М	L	L					=	This section focuses on the variation. The overall rating is discussed in section 2.3.

4.3 Table C. Outstanding Moderate, Significant, and High risks

Risk	Actions decided during the previous reporting instance (PIR-1, MTR, etc.)	Actions effectively undertaken this reporting period	Additional mitigation measures for the next periods			ext periods
	(PIR-1, MTR, etc.)			What	When	By whom
nplementation schedule - Delays in the execution of sub- tivities	N/A	Contributing factors surround the duration of the procurement processes and need for negotiations. Improved scoping of Terms of References, widening advertising of open consultancies, as well as re-issuing requests for proposals to ensure sufficient suitable candidates could submit applications.		Improved scoping of Terms of References, widening advertising of open consultancies, as well as re-issuing requests for proposals to ensure sufficient suitable candidates could submit applications.	Duration of the project	Project team
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High Risk (H): There is a probability of greater than 75% that assumptions may fail to hold or materialize, and/or the project may face high risks.

Significant Risk (S): There is a probability of between 51% and 75% that assumptions may fail to hold and/or the project may face substantial risks.

Moderate Risk (M): There is a probability of between 26% and 50% that assumptions may fail to hold or materialize, and/or the project may face only modest risks.

Low Risk (L): There is a probability of up to 25% that assumptions may fail to hold or materialize, and/or the project may face only modest risks.



Project Minor Amendments

Minor amendments are changes to the project design or implementation that do not have significant impact on the project objectives or scope, or an increase of the GEF project financing up to 5% as described in Annex 9 of the Project and Program Cycle Policy Guidelines. Please tick each category for which a change occurred in the fiscal year of reporting and provide a description of the change that occurred in the textbox. You may attach supporting document as appropriate.

5.1 Table A: Listing of all Minor Amendment (TM)

Minor amendments	Changes
Results framework	No
Components and cost	No
Institutional and implementation arrangements	No
Financial management	No
Implementation schedule	Explain in table B
Executing Entity	No
Executing Entity Category	No
Minor project objective change	No
Safeguards	No
Risk analysis	No
Increase of GEF project financing up to 5%	No
Co-financing	No
Location of project activity	No
Other	No

Mi	nor amendme	nts			

5.2 Table B: History of project revisions and/or extensions (TM)

Version	Туре	Signed/Approved by UNEP
Original Agreement		21/07/2021

3	Entry Into Force (last signiture Date)	Agreement Expiry Date	Main changes introduced in this revision								
3	21/07/2021	31/12/20126	Project Cooperation Agreement with Basel Convention Regional Centre for the Caribbean								
3				}							

GEO Location Information:

The Location Name, Latitude and Longitude are required fields insofar as an Agency chooses to enter a project location under the set format. The Geo Name ID is required in instances where the location is not exact, such as in the case of a city, as opposed to the exact site of a physical infrastructure. The Location & Activity Description fields are optional. Project longitude and latitude must follow the Decimal Degrees WGS84 format and Agencies are encouraged to use at least four decimal points for greater accuracy. Users may add as many locations as appropriate. Web mapping applications such as OpenStreetMap (https://www.openstreetmap.org/#map=4/21.84/82.79) or GeoNames(http://www.geonames.org/) use this format. Consider using a conversion tool as needed, such as: https://coordinates-converter.com Please see the Geocoding User Guide by clicking here(https://gefportal.worldbank.org/App/assets/general/Geocoding%20User%20Guide.docx)

Location Name Required field	Latitude Required field	Longitude Required field	Geo Name ID Required field if the location is not an exact site	Location Description Optional text field	Activity Description Optional text field
Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago Hilton Trinidad & Conference Centre. Port of	 10.66668	-61.51889	3573890	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Hilton Trinidad & Conference Centre, Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago	10.67228006	-61.50761123		Conference Centre	PSC Meeting and Regional Inauguration
Parvati Girls' Hindu College, Debe, Trinidad	10.214589	-61.454048		Parvati Girls' Hindu College	Outreach and Engagement, through a school visit, on the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge (PTTC) under Activity 4.1.3.
San Fernando West Secondary School, San	10.27032	-61.462774		San Fernando West Secondary School	Outreach and Engagement, through a school visit, on the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge (PTTC) under Activity 4.1.3.
Fernando, Trinidad Fifth Company Baptist School, Indian Walk, Trinidad	10.240324	-61.336384		Fifth Company Baptist School	Outreach and Engagement, through a school visit, on the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge (PTTC) under Activity 4.1.3.
Environmental Management Agency (EMA) South Office, , Trinidad	10.259312	-61.461373		Environmental Management Agency (EMA) South Office	Capacity Building Session on the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge (PTTC) under Activity 4.1.3.
Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic	18.47186	-69.89232	3492908	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Amber Cove in Puerto Plata Province, Dominican Republic	19.831331	-70.772995	11836997	Amber Cove facilities. Solid Waste Assessment (sampling and characterisation) Area	Assessment phase data collection under Plastic Waste Management in the Dominican Republic (Activity 3.3.1)
Maimón Municipal District Office, Dominican Republic Rusto Plata Provincial Coursement Office	19.807653	-70.781143		Meeting Room	Stakeholder consultations under Plastic Waste Management in the Dominican Republic (Activity 3.3.1)
Puerto Plata Provincial Government Office, Dominican Republic	19.792097	-70.682175		Meeting Room	Stakeholder consultations under Plastic Waste Management in the Dominican Republic (Activity 3.3.1)
Eco Atlantico Facilities, Dominican Republic	19.822119	-70.740723		Plastic Collection Company in Puerto Plata Province, Dominican Republic	Stakeholder consultations under Plastic Waste Management in the Dominican Republic (Activity 3.3.1)
Taino Bay Cruise Terminal in Puerto Plata Province, Dominican Republic	19.797848	-70.69886		Taino Bay Cruise Terminal	Assessment phase data collection under Plastic Waste Management in the Dominican Republic (Activity 3.3.1)
Georgetown. Guyana	6.80448	-58.15527	3378344	Capital of participating country	No specific project sites yet
Basseterre, Saint Kitts and Nevis	17.2955	-62.72499	3575551	Capital of participating country	No specific project sites yet
Castries, Saint Lucia	13.9957	-61.00614	3576812	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Sir Arthur Lewis Community College (SALCC), Morne Fortune, Castries LC, Saint Lucia	13.998506	-60.995658		Sir Arthur Lewis Community College (SALCC)	Capacity Building Session on the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge (PTTC) under Activity 4.1.3.
Caribbean Cinemas Megaplex 8, Choc, Saint Lucia	14.032604	-60.967907		Caribbean Cinemas Megaplex 8	Outreach and Engagement, through a film screening and discussion, on the Plastic Tide Turners Challenge (PTTC) under Activity 4.1.3. of the GEF 10279 Project.
Paramaribo, Suriname	5.86638	-55.16682	3383330	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Saint John's, Antigua and Barbuda	17.12096	-61.84329	3576022	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Bridgetown, Barbados	13.10732	-59.62021	3374036	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Belmopan, Belize	17.25	-88.76667	3582672	Capital of participating country	National Working Group Meetings
Guadeloupe - Overseas department and region of France	16.25	-61.58333	3579143	Study Tour Country- Demonstration Sites	Visited site. Output 3.2 on the Environmentally Sound Management of End-of-life Vehicles, of the GEF ISLANDS Projects, 10279 and 10472
Hotel Arawak Beach Resort, Le Gosier, Guadeloupe	16.20693	-61.50342		Conference Centre	Visited site. Output 3.2 on the Environmentally Sound Management of End-of-Life Vehicles, of the GEF ISLANDS Projects, 10279 and 10472
Antilles Energie Recyclage (AER)	16.26898	-61.50342		End of Life Vehicle Recovery Centre, Metals, Glass and WEEEs management	Visited site. Output 3.2 on the Environmentally Sound Management of End-of-Life Vehicles, of the GEF ISLANDS Projects, 10279 and 10472
Bio With You	16.27227	-61.65768		Company that developed biodegradable packaging products from sugar cane bagasse	Visited site. Output 3.2 on the Environmentally Sound Management of End-of-Life Vehicles, of the GEF ISLANDS Projects, 10279 and 10472
Société Nouvelle De Récupération (SNR)	16.24383	-61.56454		Scrap Metal and End of Life Vehicle Recovery Centre	Visited site. Output 3.2 on the Environmentally Sound Management of End-of-Life Vehicles, of the GEF ISLANDS Projects, 10279 and 10472

Please provide any further geo-referenced information and map where the project interventions is taking place as appropriate. *

[Annex any linked geospatial file]