

Project Implementation Report

FISCAL YEAR 2026

Reporting period: 1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026

UNEP GEF Coordination Office

United Nations Environment Programme

SECTION 1

1 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

i In this section, you'll identify your project. Most fields are basic facts about the project that don't change year to year (project ID, title, financing, dates, key contacts).

1.1 Project Details

REFERENCE NUMBERS

GEF ID *	10446
<i>The 4–6 digit identifier from the GEF database.</i>	
Umoja WBS *	SB-016315
<i>Format: SB-XXXXXX. Found in the project's Umoja record.</i>	
SMA IPMR ID	44035
<i>The Strategic Management Application Implementation Plan and Monitoring Report ID.</i>	
Grant ID	S1-32GFL-000649
<i>Format: S1-XXXXX-NNNNNN.</i>	

PROJECT IDENTITY

Project Short Name *	Cameroon CBIT
<i>A short name to identify the project in lists. E.g. "Togo E-mobility".</i>	
Full Project Title *	Capacity-building for transparency in NDC implementation in Cameroon
<i>The full official title from the ProDoc.</i>	
Project Type *	Medium-sized project (MSP)
Parent Programme (Optional)	
<i>If this is a child project of a larger programme, name the parent.</i>	
Project Scope *	National
Region *	Africa
<i>E.g. "Asia Pacific" — or list multiple if cross-regional.</i>	
Countries *	Cameroon
<i>List all project countries. Write them however you usually do — comma-separated, line-break, etc.</i>	
GEF Focal Area(s) *	Climate Change Mitigation
<i>E.g. Climate Change Mitigation, Biodiversity, International Waters, Land Degradation, Chemicals & Waste.</i>	



DURATION

Planned Duration * 36

In months. E.g. "48".

Project Age at Reporting Date * 51

How long the project has been running, in months.

FINANCIALS

GEF Financing Amount * \$ 1,597,500.00

Total GEF grant amount.

Co-financing (Total Planned) * \$ 711,000.00

Total co-financing pledged at CEO endorsement.

Co-financing (Actual to date) * \$ 431,888

Total co-financing materialized to date —
verified actual amount.

Total Disbursement (as of 30 June) * \$1,484,500.00

Total disbursed by UNEP since project start.

Total Expenditure (as of 30 June) * \$ 1,319,475

Total spent by EA since project start.

KEY DATES

CEO Endorsement / Approval * 10/03/2022

UNEP Project Approval Date * 30/06/2022

Start of Implementation * 01/07/2022

Date PCA came into force.

Date of Inception Workshop (Optional) 29/05/2023

Date of First Disbursement * 18/08/2022

Completion Date — Original PCA * 30/09/2025

Completion Date — Revised / Current PCA 30/09/2026

(Optional)

Only fill if the project has been formally extended or revised.

Midterm Review Undertaken? * N/A

Actual Mid-Term Date (Optional)

Only fill if Midterm = Yes.

Expected Mid-Term Date *(Optional)**Only fill if Midterm = No.*

Expected Terminal Evaluation Date *	31/03/2027
--	------------

Expected Financial Closure Date *	30/09/2027
--	------------

1.2 Project Description

Describe the project in 3–5 paragraphs. Include the project objective, the problem being addressed, the main components, and the expected outcomes. If you've written this in the ProDoc, you can copy from there.

Project Description

Project objective : : Improve the institutional and technical capacity of national institutions to enhance the implementation of the Paris Agreement through greater transparency in Cameroon.

Component 1 : Strengthen Cameroon's capacity to collect and process climate change data into useful information for policy-making and reporting to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).

Expected result 1 : Cameroon improves its monitoring, reporting, and verification (MRV) system as well as institutional capacity to comply with the Enhanced Transparency Framework (ETF) and improve transparency over time.

Executing agency: Ministry of Environment, Nature Protection and Sustainable Development

1.3 Project Contact

IMPLEMENTING AGENCY

Implementing Division(s) *	Climate Change Division
-----------------------------------	-------------------------

The UNEP division(s) leading this project.

UNEP Portfolio Manager(s) *	Asher Lessels
------------------------------------	---------------

UNEP Task Manager(s) *	Julien Lheureux
-------------------------------	-----------------

UNEP Budget / Finance Officer *	Tsungi Mutesva
--	----------------

UNEP Support / Assistants <i>(Optional)</i>	Hassan Coulibaly
--	------------------

EXECUTING AGENCY

Executing Agency(ies) *	Ministry of the Environment, Nature Protection and Sustainable Development (MEPNSD)
--------------------------------	---

Full official name as it appears in the PCA.

Co-implementing Agency <i>(Optional)</i>	N/A
---	-----



EA Manager / Representative *	KAGONBE Timothée
EA Project Coordinator / Manager *	NGUEMADJI Moussa Jules Maxime
EA Finance Manager *	TSAPI DEDZO Théophile
EA Communications Lead <i>(Optional)</i>	N/A
Other Project Partners <i>(Optional)</i> <i>List any other organisations partnering on this project.</i>	

SECTION 2

2 OVERVIEW OF PROJECT STATUS

i In this section, you'll describe how the project is progressing this year — the ratings, the co-finance, stakeholder engagement, gender, safeguards, and management risks.

2.1 UNEP Programme of Work and UN Linkages

How this project links to UNEP's Programme of Work and UN frameworks.

Current UNEP Subprogramme(s) * <i>E.g. "Climate action subprogramme".</i>	Climate Action Sub-Programme
Previous UNEP Subprogramme(s) (Optional) <i>Only if the subprogramme has changed during this project.</i>	N/A
PoW Indicator(s) <i>The Programme of Work indicators this project contributes to.</i>	Climate: (iii) Number of national, sub-national and private actors reporting under the strengthened transparency arrangements of the Paris Agreement with the support of UNEP.
UNSDCF / UNDAF Linkages <i>The UNSDCF/UNDAF outcome(s) this project contributes to.</i>	The project is aligned with the United Nations Development Assistance Framework (UNDEF) for the period 2014-2018, particularly with regard to its strategic axis "Improving food security, community resilience to climate change and access to employment for youth and women"; The related area of cooperation is "environment; sustainable management of natural resources and the living environment".
Relevant SDG Goal(s) * <i>E.g. "Goal 13: Climate Action, Goal 15: Life on Land".</i>	Goal 13: Take urgent action to address climate change and its impacts
Relevant SDG Target(s) * <i>E.g. "13.1, 13.2, 15.3".</i>	13.3 Improve education, awareness, and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning

2.2 GEF Core and Sub Indicators

One row per GEF core indicator or sub-indicator that this project reports against. Each indicator gets its own targets and materialised value. **The first row below is shown as a sample — replace with your data.** Press Tab in the last cell to add new rows.

Indicator	Mid-Term Target	End-of-Project Target	Total Target	Materialised to Date
11- Persons benefiting from investments financed by the GEF	N/A	Women: 96 Men: 144; Total: 240	Women: 96; Men: 144; Total: 240	Women: 208; Men: 288; Total: 496

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add an indicator.

2.3 Implementation Status & Risk

Fill in the PIR number and rating codes for THIS reporting year (FY 2026 — the leftmost column). Past years will be filled in automatically by the Implementing Agency (UNEP) from prior PIRs. If you see past-year cells that are blank, leave them as they are.

Past-year columns (FY 2025 and earlier) are auto-filled by UNEP from prior PIRs — do not edit. Only fill the FY 2026 column.

	FY 2026 THIS YEAR	FY 2025	FY 2024	FY 2023
PIR #	4th PIR	3rd PIR	2nd PIR	1st PIR
Outcomes rating	S	S	S	MS
Outputs rating	S	S	S	U
Risk rating	L	L	L	M

Summary of Progress this Reporting Period

Summarise progress towards outcomes and outputs, including the key achievements this reporting period. This is the most important narrative in the report — take your time.

The reporting period was marked by significant progress in the implementation of the project. Activities under Outputs 1.3 and 1.4 recorded significant progress, with the completion of key studies, tools and capacity building activities. Training activities on NDC monitoring, MRV/MRV, RCP and SSP climate scenarios as well as the integration of climate data into decision-making were completed. The online NDC monitoring platform and associated key technical documents were also finalized.

The main element still to be finalized concerns the establishment of the laboratory for the promotion of research on climate transparency, whose activities have experienced delays. However, the preparation of the equipment acquisition documents was initiated by the PMU in April-May 2026.

In order to take into account the delays in the implementation of activities, Revision 2 of the project, including an extension of the implementation schedule, was approved by UNEP and entered into force on 17 April 2026. This revision extends the operational completion date of the project to 30 September 2026.

Based on the progress made, the completion of the majority of planned activities and the steps taken to finalize the remaining activities, the overall progress towards the project's outcomes and outputs is considered **Satisfactory (S)**.

Summary of Challenges & Actions Taken to address them

Describe the main challenges encountered this reporting period and the corrective actions taken (or planned) to address them.

The main challenge remains the delay in the establishment and equipment of the Climate Transparency Research Laboratory. This activity is the main residual risk for the full completion of the project. However, the risk is considered low, given the measures already undertaken by the PMU, the revised schedule and the mobilization of

stakeholders to finalize this activity before the technical closure of the project.

The laboratory will be installed on the premises of the Ministry, which will facilitate its integration into the existing institutional arrangements and contribute to its sustainability beyond the project. Its maintenance and technical operation will be carried out by the Ministry's IT team, which already manages and maintains the other national platforms for the collection and management of climate data. This provision should help reduce the risks related to the maintenance and sustainability of the infrastructure after the closure of the project. **Low risk (L).**

2.4 Co-Finance

Planned Co-Finance *	\$ 711,000
-----------------------------	------------

Actual Co-Finance to Date *	\$ 431,888
------------------------------------	------------

Co-Finance Justification

Explain why actual co-finance differs from planned co-finance. Note any delays or challenges in materialising co-finance commitments.

During the period under review, the Ministry of Environment and the Government of Cameroon continued to mobilize the planned co-financing, mainly in the form of in-kind contributions. The cumulative amount of co-financing mobilized increased from US\$254,544 to US\$431,888, an increase of US\$177,344 over the period. To date, the co-financing mobilized represents about 61% of the total amount of USD 711,000.

Challenges: The mobilization of the remaining co-financing remains to be pursued until the completion of the project. The efforts of the National Project Director and the Ministry will continue to ensure the availability of expected contributions to support the remaining activities, including those related to the finalization and operationalization of the Climate Transparency Research Lab.

2.5 Stakeholder Engagement

Date of PSC / Steering Committee Meeting *	No PSC meetings held during the reporting period
---	--

Most recent PSC meeting in this reporting period.

Stakeholder Engagement Narrative

Describe PSC meetings, consultations, workshops, and key partnerships during this period.

During the reporting period, from 1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026, the project continued to engage key national and regional stakeholders, including sectoral administrations, decentralized local authorities, academia, NGOs and the private sector. Consultations were also conducted with municipalities to build their capacity on climate change impacts and the use of climate scenarios in decision-making and local planning.

The project organized 25 training sessions on five themes: NDC monitoring, MRV of mitigation and adaptation measures, RCP and SSP scenarios, and integration of climate data and projections into decision-making. These activities covered the different agro-ecological zones of Cameroon and trained about 496 new stakeholders,

including 208 women and 288 men.

The regional trainings were organized in Douala (15 to 19 September 2025 with 50 participants); 02 to 04 February 2026 with 50 participants; 28 to 29 May 2026 with 50 participants); , Ebolowa (21 to 24 September 2025 with 50 participants; 12 to 14 February 2026 with 50 participants; 01 to 02 June 2026 with 50 participants), Bafoussam (09 to 11 December 2025 with 50 participants including 38 new beneficiaries; 18 to 29 February 2026 with 50 participants; 04 to 05 June 2026 with 50 participants) and Garoua (25 to 26 February 2026 with 50 participants; 25 to 26 March 2026 with 50 participants, 25 to 26 June 2026 with 50 participants), with the participation of sectoral administrations, local authorities, universities, NGOs and the private sector.

The Steering Committee, initially scheduled for the second quarter of 2026, has been postponed due to scheduling constraints of several members. It will finally be held on July 9, 2026 in Yaoundé, with the expected participation of 20 representatives of ministries and national institutions. This meeting will present the results of the project and strengthen the ownership of the tools developed, in particular the NDC monitoring platform.

2.6 Gender

Does the project have a Gender Action Plan? * Yes

Gender Mainstreaming Activities

Describe gender mainstreaming activities and results, including participation rates by gender.

During the reporting period, gender considerations continued to be integrated into capacity-building activities, including in regional training workshops. The PMU, based on the recommendations of the gender expert, monitored women's participation and included provisions promoting women's participation in administrative notes and invitation letters to stakeholders. The training activities implemented during the period benefited about 496 stakeholders, including 208 women and 288 men. These measures helped to strengthen women's participation in capacity-building activities and promote a more inclusive approach in the implementation of the project.

2.7 ESSM (relating to safeguards)

ESSM compliance and risks during this period.

Was the project classified as moderate/high risk? * No

At project design.

If Yes, what safeguard risks were identified? * N/A

Leave blank if you answered No above.

New environmental/social risks this period? * No

If Yes, describe the new risks * N/A

Leave blank if you answered No above.

Any complaints received this period? * No

If Yes, describe the complaints *

N/A

*Leave blank if you answered No above.***ESSM Management Narrative ****Describe how environmental and social safeguards are being managed.*

This project has been classified as "low" as a safeguard risk because it focuses mainly on normative issues, i.e. institutional capacity building to improve GHG inventories and report on NDCs, so that the government meets transparency requirements regarding climate change commitments and reports reliably on progress.

2.8 Knowledge Management and Learning

Knowledge Activities and Products **Knowledge products developed, events participated in, knowledge shared.*

During the reporting period, the project continued to generate and disseminate knowledge through training, consultation and awareness-raising activities on climate transparency. The main activities focused on improving the national MRV/MRV system in line with the requirements of the Enhanced Transparency Framework, monitoring NDCs, developing RCP and SSP climate scenarios, as well as integrating climate data and projections into decision-making processes. The main products and knowledge materials developed or disseminated include training materials and workshop reports, tools for collecting and processing climate data, mapping and modelling tools, as well as tools and equipment made available to national institutions. The online platform dedicated to monitoring NDCs is also an important tool for sharing and enhancing the knowledge produced by the project.

Main Learning During the Period **Lessons learned this period and how they'll influence future implementation.*

The implementation of the project strengthened the understanding and capacities of national actors on climate transparency, including on the requirements of the Paris Agreement's Enhanced Transparency Framework, the improvement of MRV/MRV systems, the quality of GHG data and inventories, as well as the monitoring of NDCs. The trainings also strengthened the capacities of stakeholders to use climate data, RCP and SSP scenarios and climate projections to inform planning and decision-making.

2.9 Stories

Stories to be Shared **A story illustrating the project's impact or a significant achievement this period. Helps GEF communications team showcase the work.*

No specific stories to share for this project during the current reporting period

SECTION 3

3 PERFORMANCE

i In this section, you'll rate progress against each project outcome and each output. Please ensure that this aligns with the Project Structure and Log Frame from your Project Document. These tables grow — press Tab in the last cell to add new rows.

3.1 Rating of Progress Towards Achieving Project Outcomes

One row per objective or outcome indicator. The first column says "Objective" for the project objective row, or "Outcome 1", "Outcome 2" etc. **The first row below is shown as a sample — replace with your data.**

Objective / Outcome	Indicator	Baseline	Mid-Term Target	End-of-Project Target	Progress (Current)	EA Summary	TM Rating
Improve the institutional and technical capacity of national institutions to enhance the implementation of the Paris Agreement through greater transparency in Cameroon.	Indicator A: Improvement in the quality of institutional capacity for transparency - Based on GEF 1 to 4 rating as per Annex IV of CBIT programming directions	1		3 (+2)	2 (+1 increment)	Cameroon has strengthened its institutional capacity in transparency, notably through the development of the first biennial Transparency Report in July 2026 with increased participation of national institutions and a better definition of the roles and responsibilities of stakeholders. Institutional capacity for transparency activities has improved significantly, from baseline "1" to "2". In hindsight, it seems that setting a target at level "3" during the design phase may have been too ambitious for a US\$1.6 million project. The achievement of level "2" can therefore be considered satisfactory. Cameroon will be able to continue to strengthen its institutional capacity in transparency in the future, including through a second CBIT project.	S
	Indicator B: Number of direct beneficiaries disaggregated by gender as co-benefit	0		At least 240 direct beneficiaries. Women: 96	496 Beneficiary Stakeholders of which 208 women and 288	Training and institutional and technical capacity-building activities benefited approximately 496 stakeholders, including 208 women and 288 men.	HS



	of GEF investment.[GEF-7 Core Indicator 11]			Men: 144	men		
Outcome 1: Cameroon improves its Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MRV) system and institutional capacity to comply with the Enhanced Transparency Framework (ETF) and improve transparency over time	Indicator 1: Qualitative rating of the national GHG inventory reporting in its ability to track GHG emission from the key sectors Based on the GEF 1-10 rating scale, outlined in Annex III of the CBIT's Programming Directions	3		6 (+3)	5 (+2 increment)	Cameroon produced its National GHG Inventory Report in June and July 2026, which served as the basis for the projections presented in NDC 3.0. This exercise helped to improve the MRV system and gradually align it with the requirements of the Enhanced Transparency Framework. Thanks to the CBIT project, the quality of Cameroon's GHG inventories has increased from a baseline score of "3" to "5". Although this result is slightly below the end-of-project target of "6", the target set at the time of project design can, in hindsight, be considered ambitious. Therefore, the achievement of a score of "5" is considered satisfactory, and Cameroon will be able to work on a CBIT 2 project to continue efforts towards this indicator.	S
	Indicator 2: Qualitative rating of the national MRV system for tracking mitigation, adaptation and support. Based on the GEF 1-10 rating scale, outlined in Annex III of the CBIT's Programming Directions	3		6 (+3)	5 (+2 increment)	The project contributed to the strengthening of the national MRV/MRV system, in particular through the improvement of institutional arrangements and the clarification of the roles and responsibilities of the various stakeholders. At the end of the project, it is estimated that Cameroon's MRV system has gone from a baseline score of "3" to "5". Although this result is slightly lower than the end-of-project target of "6", the target set at the project design can, in hindsight, be considered ambitious. Therefore, the achievement of a score of "5" is considered satisfactory, and Cameroon will be able to work on a CBIT 2 project to continue efforts towards this indicator.	S
	Indicator 3: Number	0		At least 5	6	Six (6) climate actions meeting the requirements of the	HS



	of climate change actions fully elaborated and populated with data that meets the requirements of the ETF available online					Enhanced Transparency Framework (ETF) are available or in the process of being finalized: (1) the National GHG Inventory Report, (2) the First Biennial Transparency Report (BTR), (3) the Fourth National Communication on Climate Change, (4) the NDC 3.0, (5) the National Climate Plan, and (6) the National Climate Change Adaptation Plan (PNACC) review process.	
	Indicator 4: Number of stakeholders using training and tools provided to elaborate climate change policies, and reports required by UNFCCC in line with PA requirements.	0		Total: 60; Men: 36; Women: 24	0	The indicator will be assessed through a survey of stakeholders trained in the 3rd quarter of 2026, to determine whether they have used the knowledge gained from the training sessions as well as the tools developed under the CBIT project to develop public policies on climate change and to report to the UNFCCC. These surveys should be disaggregated by sex.	MS

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add an outcome.



3.2 Rating of Progress Towards Delivery of Outputs

Please put one output per row. In the Component column, write the number and name (e.g. "1 Component 1: Institutional capacity"). Press Tab in the last cell to add rows.

Component	Output / Deliverable	Expected Completion	Previous (%)	Current (%)	EA Justification & Challenges	TM Rating
Component 1: Strengthening Cameroon's capacity to collect and process climate change data into useful information for policymaking and reporting to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).						
	Output 1.1: National institutions strengthened to coordinate, manage and implement climate transparency activities	2024-11-30	100%	100%	The activities of Output 1.1 were fully completed during the first quarter of 2025.	S
	Deliverable 1.1.1: One report mapping relevant stakeholders and assessing gaps and capacity needs regarding institutional arrangements as well as technical gaps and needs for climate change information management; connecting current work on the NDC, NC, BUR, GHG Inventory and AC with new reporting requirements under the ETF, assessing available climate change data and data generation systems; and identifying data sources needed to comply with the 2006 IPCC Guidelines and the MPGs for the ETF	2024-06-30	100%	100%	The activity was completed in the first quarter of 2025. Key climate change actors were identified in line with the standards of the Paris Agreement's Enhanced Transparency Framework. The formation of greenhouse gas inventories was transmitted to stakeholders at the central and regional levels.	S
	Deliverable 1.1.2: Legal and Regulatory Framework design	2024-06-30	100%	100%	The activity was completed in the first quarter of 2025. A regulatory framework in line with the transparency requirements set out in Article 13 of the Paris Agreement for the enhanced transparency framework for reporting to the UNFCCC.	S
	Deliverable 1.1.3: Drafts of Memoranda of Understanding or Cooperation Agreements	2024-11-30	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. The consultant developed draft Memoranda of	S



	for efficient and coordinated institutional arrangements.				Understanding (MoU), which were reviewed and validated by available stakeholders. These finalized MoUs are now being used to formalize partnerships with national institutions to produce and provide relevant information to the UNFCCC at the national level.	
	Deliverable 1.1.4: One report listing nominated faculties and schools in climate change priority sectors, including respective decrees of nomination and activities to be implemented.	2024-11-30	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. A comprehensive list of faculty from various universities was established. Formal letters were sent to these institutions requesting the appointment of focal points to support the implementation of project activities by the partnership.	S
	Deliverable 1.1.5: Reports on consultation and validation workshops with stakeholders.	2024-11-30	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. All consultants submitted their consultation and validation reports during the workshops.	S
	Output 1.2: Technical support, training and tools provided to the country to submit transparent, consistent, comparable, complete and accurate greenhouse gas (GHG) inventories	2024-10-31	100%	100%	Output 1.2 activities were fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. The capacities of national stakeholders, both at the central and regional levels, were strengthened through the provision of tools, equipment and training to support transparent greenhouse gas inventory systems.	S
	Deliverable 1.2.1: Reports on the proposed adapted tools, templates, protocols and guidelines for the sustainable management of the National Greenhouse Gas Inventory System and report on the proposed improvement plan.	2024-06-30	100%	100%	A report presenting the appropriate tools/modules for training in greenhouse gas inventories is available. The elements of the plan to improve greenhouse gas stocks as part of the improvement of the national inventory system are available,	S
	Deliverable 1.2.2: Training material + workshop reports: 1 Training of trainers workshop + 5 regional training workshops on collection and analysis of information	2024-10-31	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. The capacities of national stakeholders, both at the central and regional levels, were strengthened through the provision of tools, materials and training in data collection	S



	for the GHG inventory elaboration; reporting protocols; IPCC 2006 guidelines.				and analysis for transparent greenhouse gas inventories. This included the development of data-sharing protocols and training on the 2006 IPCC guidelines.	
	Deliverable 1.2.3: Training material + workshop reports: 1 Training of trainers workshop + 5 regional stakeholders training workshops on Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA / QC) of GHG Inventories.	2024-10-31	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. The capacities of national stakeholders, both at the central and regional levels, were strengthened through the provision of tools, materials and training on appropriate methods to ensure quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) for transparent greenhouse gas inventories.	S
	Deliverable 1.2.4: Training material + workshop reports: 1 Training of trainers workshop + 5 regional stakeholders training workshops on IPCC 2006 software.	2024-10-31	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. The capacity of national stakeholders, both at the central and regional levels, was strengthened through the provision of tools, materials and training on the use of the IPCC 2006 software to support the transparency of greenhouse gas stocks.	S
	Deliverable 1.2.5: Training material + workshop reports: 1 Training of trainers workshop + 5 regional stakeholders training workshops for peer review of national GHG inventories.	2024-10-31	100%	100%	The activity was fully completed in the first quarter of 2025. The capacities of national stakeholders, both at the central and regional levels, were strengthened through the provision of tools, equipment and training covering the different stages of the assessment process of reports submitted to the UNFCCC, including GHG inventories and biennial reports, in support of the transparency of the reports.	S
	Output 1.3: Technical support, training and tools provided to the country to track Nationally Determined Contributions (Mitigation and Adaptation) and support needed and received	2026-04-30	30%	95%	The main planned activities have been completed, including technical studies, strengthening of the MRV/MRV system, development of the online NDC monitoring platform and associated tools.	S
	Deliverable 1.3.1: Report of current Monitoring, Reporting and Verification	2024-06-30	20%	100%	The activity was fully completed during a restitution to the MINPDED in September 2025 and during the training and	S



	practices and gaps with the assessment on specific needs by relevant institutions in the climate change information management system.				appropriation workshops of the new MRV system that takes into account the requirements of the Enhanced Transparency Framework (CTR) organized in November and December 2025 It resulted in the finalization of the report on current measurement, reporting and verification (MRV) practices, as well as the identification of gaps related to the assessment of the specific needs of the institutions involved in the climate change information management system.	
	Deliverable 1.3.2: Detailed list of equipment acquired and installed, specifying the beneficiaries (institutions and units), including information on the roles and responsibilities concerning the usage and maintenance of this equipment.	2026-03-30	10%	50%	The detailed list of equipment for the Climate Transparency Laboratory is still being finalized, following consultations with relevant stakeholders. However, the country has identified and selected the site to host the laboratory, in line with the guidance in the project document. The completion date of this deliverable has been revised to 15 September 2026 to allow for the finalization of the consultations, the list of equipment, and the modalities of use and maintenance. New completion date: September 15, 2026.	MS
	Deliverable 1.3.3: Training material + workshop reports: 1 Training of trainers workshop + 5 regional stakeholders training workshops on MRV of emissions, MRV of mitigation, Adaptation and MRV of support.	2025-02-28	0%	100%	Training materials for MRV on mitigation, adaptation and support have been available since September–October 2025. Training of trainers (ToT) workshops and regional workshops were held in November and December 2025.	S
	Deliverable 1.3.4: Report, and recommendations for improvements to the MRV system.	2025-03-31	20%	100%	The report outlining recommendations to improve the MRV process in Cameroon has been available since December 2025 and is under review by the relevant departments of the ministry responsible for the national MRV system.	S



	Deliverable 1.3.5: Report with detailed design of the proposed online platform for the exchange of information on NDC tracking, (mitigation and adaptation) and support needed and received, including roadmap for its operationalization, necessary resources and requirements.	2026-03-31	15%	100%	The online platform has been finalized. Its architecture, operationalization roadmap and necessary resources are available.	S
	Deliverable 1.3.6: A report describing the architecture and operationalization of the online platform, including manual of prerequisites, update and use of the platform	2026-03-31	25%	100%	The report presenting the architecture of the online platform has been available since January 2026	S
	Deliverable 1.3.7: Proposal on a gender-sensitive communication plan to ensure user-friendliness and visibility of the online platform for the exchange of information on NDC tracking (mitigation and adaptation), and support needed and received.	2026-01-31	25%	100%	The gender-sensitive communication plan report was finalized on July 01, 2026 after the restitution session where a representative of the MINEPDED Communication Unit intervened on June 24, 2026	S
	Deliverable 1.3.8: Report on country-specific monitoring indicators for NDC tracking (mitigation and adaptation), and support needed and received.	2026-02-28	10%	100%	The document presenting the NDC Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MRV) system, as well as the NDC monitoring indicators for both the mitigation and adaptation components, was finalized in September 2025. It was subsequently validated, together with the MRV system, during the training workshop organized between November and December 2025.	S
	Deliverable 1.3.9: Report on tools, templates, protocols and guidelines for tracking NDC implementation (mitigation and adaptation) and support needed and	2026-03-31	10%	100%	All the activities planned under this deliverable were completed during the period under review. The report presenting the tools, templates, protocols and guidelines	S



	received				necessary to monitor the implementation of NDCs for the mitigation and adaptation components is available. A report session was organized within MINEPDED in September 2025, with National NDC Focal Points from sectoral administrations. The observations made during this workshop were taken into account in the final version of the report.	
	Deliverable 1.3.10: 3 workshop reports: 1 training of trainers' workshop + 5 regional stakeholders training workshops, peer exchange and training activities on tracking NDC implementation and support needed and received.	2026-04-30	0%	100%	The activities planned under this deliverable were fully completed during the reporting period. The trainings focused on monitoring the implementation of the NDCs, as well as monitoring the necessary support and support received. The training of trainers was held from 26 to 29 August 2025 in Doula with 50 participants, followed by 04 regional workshops organized in Douala (15-19 September 2025, 50 participants), Ebolowa (22-24 September 2025, 50 participants), Bafoussam (29 September-01 October 2025, 50 participants), Garoua (7-9 October 2025, 50 participants). Workshop reports and training materials are available.	S
	Output 1.4: Technical support, training and tools provided to the country to use climate analysis in decision-making	2026-07-31	10%	64%	The activities planned under Output 1.4 have been completed, with the exception of those related to the laboratory (Deliverables 1.4.4 and 1.4.5). These activities included the development of RCP climate scenarios, the preparation of SSP socio-economic scenarios, and the integration of climate data and projections into decision-making processes, including local planning. The planned training-of-trainers activities and regional workshops were also successfully conducted.	S
	Deliverable 1.4.1: Training material + workshop reports on the development of climate scenarios and 1 Training workshop for trainers + 5 Regional workshops for	2026-02-28	10%	100%	The activities planned under this deliverable have been fully completed. 28 to 31 January 2026 with 50 participants, followed by four regional workshops grouped into 04 workshops, in Douala (from 02 to 04 February	S



	stakeholders in the development of RCP based climate scenarios				2026, 50 participants), Ebolowa (from 12 to 14 February 2026 with 50 participants), Bafoussam (18 to 20 February 2026 with 50 participants), Garoua (24 to 26 February 2026 with 50 participants). Training materials and workshop reports are available.	
	Deliverable 1.4.2: Training material + workshop reports on the development of socioeconomic scenarios and 1 training workshop for trainers + 5 Regional workshops for stakeholders in the development of SSP based scenarios.	2026-02-28	0%	100%	The activities planned under this deliverable have been fully completed. A training of trainers was organized in Douala from 28 to 31 January 2026 with 50 participants, followed by four regional workshops grouped into 04 workshops. Douala (from 02 to 04 February 2026, 50 participants), Ebolowa (12 to 14 February 2026 with 50 participants), Bafoussam (18 to 20 February 2026 with 50 participants), Garoua (24 to 26 February 2026 with 50 participants). Training materials and workshop reports are available.	S
	Deliverable 1.4.3: Training material +workshop reports: 1 training workshop for trainers + 5 Regional workshops for policy-makers, ministry staff, local authorities and other relevant stakeholders on how to integrate climate data and projections into decision-making processes, including into local planning.	2026-05-31	0%	100%	The activities planned under this deliverable were fully completed during the reporting period. A training of trainers was organized in Douala from 11 to 13 May 2026 with 50 participants, followed by five regional workshops grouped into 04 workshops. The first in Douala (from 28 to 29 May 2026, 50 participants), Ebolowa (01 to 02 June 2026 with 50 participants), Bafoussam (04 to 05 June 2026 with 50 participants), Garoua (25 to 26 June 2026 with 50 participants). Training materials and workshop reports are available.	S
	Deliverable 1.4.4: Report on the establishment of a laboratory for promoting research on climate transparency + launching workshop reports	2026-07-31	0%	10%	This activity has experienced significant delays and is still under implementation. During the reporting period, preparatory steps for the establishment of the laboratory were undertaken, including the identification of the site that will host it and consultations with the relevant stakeholders. The laboratory will be housed within the	MU



					premises of the Ministry of Environment to facilitate its integration into existing institutional frameworks. The revised completion date is 30 October 2026, with all funds for the equipment procurement expected to be committed by 30 September 2026.	
	Deliverable 1.4.5: A detailed report of the equipment supplied to the laboratory for promoting research on climate transparency.	2026-07-31	0%	10%	This activity has been significantly delayed and is still being implemented. The preparatory steps for the acquisition and provision of the laboratory's equipment were initiated during the period under review. The finalization of the list of equipment, its acquisition and its installation remain to be carried out. The new completion date of this activity is scheduled for August 31, 2026 with a commitment of expenses starting on September 30, 2026.	MU
Total Progress (for QBR)			60.00%	89.75%		

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add an output.

SECTION 4

4 RISKS

i In this section, you'll log all project risks and describe how you're mitigating them. Please ensure you use the Safeguard Risk Identification Form (SRIF) to help you fill out this section. Risks are tracked across multiple PIRs — past columns are pre-filled.

4.1 Project Management Risk

Rate each management risk factor from BOTH the EA's perspective and the Task Manager's perspective. Use the drop-downs in each cell.

Risk factor	EA Rating	TM Rating
1. Management structure & roles <i>Are roles clear? Is the team well-structured?</i>	L	L
2. Governance & oversight <i>Is the steering committee functional? Are decisions documented?</i>	L	L
3. Implementation schedule <i>Is the project on track? Are milestones being hit?</i>	L	M
4. Budget <i>Is the budget realistic and tracking to actual spend?</i>	M	M
5. Financial management <i>Are financial controls in place? Audits clean?</i>	L	L
6. Reporting <i>Are progress reports timely and accurate?</i>	L	M
7. Capacity to deliver <i>Does the EA have the capacity to deliver the project?</i>	L	L



4.2 Risk Log

One row per risk. The Δ (delta) column shows whether the risk has changed since last PIR. Past PIR columns are pre-filled by the Implementing Agency (UNEP).

Overall project risk rating →		M	L	L	L				=	The overall risk rating of the project remains low. The majority of activities have been completed, and those that remain incomplete are expected to be completed by the end of September 2026.
Risk Description	Affecting	CEO ED	PIR 1	PIR 2	PIR 3	PIR 4	PIR 5	PIR 6	Δ	Justification
The COVID-19 pandemic slows down the implementation of the project	All	M	L	L	L	L			=	The COVID-19 pandemic is over. This risk is no longer relevant to the implementation of the project and no longer requires specific mitigation measures.
The impacts of climate change, such as extreme weather events, could affect internet connectivity and secure data storage	All	M	N/A	L	L	L			=	Measures have been taken to secure the data and provide suitable storage solutions. The risk remains low.
Lack of buy-in from government/ministries	All	L	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			=	Since the launch of the project, the governance mechanism has operated on a regular basis, with at least one meeting of the Steering Committee organized each year, ensuring the supervision and involvement of the main national institutions. The next Steering Committee is scheduled for July 9, 2026. However, the continued appropriation of the online transparency platform by the various ministries remains necessary to ensure its use and sustainability.



PIR FY26 · CBIT Cameroon

Limited sustainability of the project's impact. Due to reliance on external experts and other factors. such as insufficient use and maintenance of purchased equipment	All	M	N/A	L	L	L			=	After more than 3 years of implementation, the project has contributed to increasing the number of national experts with climate transparency skills, thus reducing the dependence on external expertise. The Government has also shown a commitment to ensure the maintenance and sustainable use of the equipment acquired under the project. In addition, the development of collaborations with other initiatives and institutions involved in the field of climate transparency, in particular the ICAT, is an opportunity to maintain technical support beyond the project. These elements contribute to reducing the sustainability risk, which is kept at a low level.
Changes in governance. Key personnel within government agencies. Security. and/or government decisions	All	M	L	L	L	L			=	The National Directorate of the CBIT project has always had the same key staff in place since the beginning of the project implementation. No changes in governance or key personnel that could affect the implementation of the project were recorded during the reporting period. The risk has therefore not materialised and remains low.
Insufficient participation of stakeholders and partners. Poor cooperation between participating institutions	All	L	N/A	L	L	L			=	The risk did not materialise during the period under review. The various training, consultation and validation activities benefited from the participation of key national and regional stakeholders. Collaboration between the institutions involved in the implementation of the project remains generally satisfactory. However, continued stakeholder engagement is still necessary to ensure ownership and sustainability of the project's results.



Insufficient human and technical resources to design and implement a comprehensive national climate MRV framework and support partners	All	M	N/A	L	L	L			=	Several capacity-building sessions were carried out for the benefit of national experts during the implementation of the project. These activities gradually increased the number of national experts with the necessary skills to contribute to the preparation and improvement of climate transparency reports, including BTRs, NDCs and other national reports. National capacity building thus significantly reduced the risk of insufficient human and technical resources.
Lack of adequate institutional arrangements	All	L	N/A	L	L	L			=	The existing institutional framework does not yet fully cover the transparency requirements of the Paris Agreement and the Enhanced Transparency Framework. However, the project directly contributes to addressing this gap through the improvement of the national MRV/MRV system, the clarification of the roles and responsibilities of the institutions concerned, and awareness-raising and capacity building activities. These activities facilitate exchanges between institutions and contribute to the progressive definition of an institutional framework adapted to the national context and the requirements of the Enhanced Transparency Framework. The risk thus remains low.
High turnover of staff within the government. This can delay project implementation and deplete critical skills	All	L	L	L	L	L			=	The key officials involved in the implementation of the project, including the National Project Director and the Secretary General of the Ministry, have been in office from the beginning of the project until the reporting period. This stability of key staff has helped to ensure the continuity of implementation and the preservation of institutional knowledge. The



										risk therefore remains low.
Risks identified in the 2023 PIR										
The difficulties encountered by the Ministry in setting up the Project Management Unit (PMU) and starting the recruitment of experts/consultants are causing significant delays in the implementation of the project	All	N/A	S	L	L	L			=	All planned recruitments under the project have been completed and the PMU now has the necessary human resources to implement the activities. By the end of the reporting period, more than 80 per cent of the project activities had been carried out. The risk associated with the establishment of the PMU and the recruitment of experts/consultants is therefore now considered to be very low.
The slow responsiveness of the Ministry/PMU will lead to further delays in the implementation of the project <i>[Implementation schedule]</i>	All	N/A	M	L	L	M			↑	Administrative delays persist and continue to affect the pace of implementation of certain activities. This risk is particularly important during the finalization phase of the project, particularly for the establishment of the laboratory and the acquisition of equipment. Close monitoring is necessary to limit their impact on the revised schedule.
The government of Cameroon has not mobilized the co-financing committed to the project. <i>[Budget]</i>	All	N/A	M	L	L	L			=	The mobilisation of co-financing has progressed satisfactorily during the period. The process of making funds available is continuing and there are currently no significant delays in disbursement. The risk therefore remains low.
Risks identified in the 2024 IREP										
Gaps in the collection of GEF Core Indicator 11 reporting evidence associated with direct project beneficiaries,	All			L	L	L			=	This risk does not pose a threat to the achievement of project results, but the collection of reliable data on direct beneficiaries remains a reporting requirement of the GEF. The PMU should continue



disaggregated by sex. [Reporting]										to monitor this indicator and ensure that adequate evidence, including gender-disaggregated participation lists, is available for future reporting periods.
Risks identified in the 2025 PIR										
Delays in the implementation of results 1, 3 and 1.4 could jeopardize the project's ability to achieve its results and project completion targets by the end of April 2026 [Implementation schedule]					L	M			↑	Despite the Revision 2 of the project, which aims in particular to allow the finalization of the remaining activities, the risk remains. Output 1.3 is almost complete, with a 95% completion level, while output 1.4 has reached 64% and is therefore more than halfway complete. Persistent delays, particularly for laboratory-related activities, could affect compliance with the revised schedule. Close monitoring of the remaining activities is ensured to ensure that they are completed on time.
New risks identified in the 2026 REP										
The lack of evidence to document the impact and effective use of the trainings and tools developed in the CBIT project could limit the ability of the PMU to adequately report on indicator 4 of the project results framework. [Reporting]						L				At the time of submission of this PIR, the project team is still unable to provide data for indicator 4 of the project results framework. A survey will be carried out in the 3rd quarter of 2026, among all beneficiaries of the CBIT training.

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add a risk.



4.3 Outstanding Moderate, Significant & High Risks

For each outstanding risk **with a rating of Moderate or higher**, describe what was done and what's planned next.

Risk	Previous Actions Decided	Actions Taken This Period	Next Steps	When	By Whom
2023 PIR Risks					
The Cameroonian government has not mobilized the indentured workers co-financing of the project. <i>[Budget]</i>	Action 1 [2025]: Ensure the availability of co-financing to cover all CSP meetings scheduled for the year 2025 and	Action partially completed. The Project Manager continues to work with the relevant institutions to ensure that co-financing continues to be mobilized until the completion of the project.	Action 1 [2026]: Continue to monitor the mobilisation of co-financing to ensure its availability for the remaining activities, including the Steering Committee meetings scheduled until the completion of the project.	Until September 30, 2026	NPD, in consultation with institutions concerned (MINEPAT and MINFI)
2024 PIR Risks					
Gaps in the collection of evidence to be reported on the GEF 11 central indicator associated with direct project beneficiaries, disaggregated by sex <i>[Reporting]</i>	Action 2 [2025]: The list of direct beneficiaries will be updated periodically: on a quarterly basis, and shared with UNEP to ensure accurate monitoring and reporting. The PMU will ensure that there is no double counting of direct beneficiaries.	Partially completed. An updated version of the list of direct beneficiaries is being finalized and will be submitted to UNEP by the end of August 2026.	Action 2 [2026]: Finalize the consolidated list of direct beneficiaries, disaggregated by sex, based on attendance lists and other supporting documents of activities. The list will be shared with UNEP to ensure accurate reporting and avoid double counting.	August 31, 2026	PMU
2025 PIR Risks					
Delays in the implementation of results 1, 3 and 1.4 could jeopardize the project's ability to achieve its results and project completion targets by the end of April 2026 <i>[Implementation schedule]</i>	Action 3 [2025]: The PMU will provide updates to UNEP at the bi-monthly coordination meetings on the progress made by the experts working on outcomes 1.3 and 1.4, to monitor whether their	Partially completed The PMU regularly monitored the progress of the activities of Outcomes 1.3 and 1.4 and shared progress with UNEP at coordination meetings. A Revision 2 of the project also	Action 3 [2026]: Maintain close monitoring of the remaining activities, including those related to the establishment and equipment of the laboratory (deliverables 1.4.4 and 1.4.5), and regularly communicate their	Until September 30, 2026	PMU



	delay in start-up could affect the ability to complete the project by 30 April 2026. Progress will be assessed in the December 2025 semi-annual report to determine if an extension may be required.	adjusted the timeline to finalize the remaining activities.	progress to UNEP to ensure their completion within the revised timelines.		
Delays in the implementation of results 1, 3 and 1.4 could jeopardize the project's ability to achieve its results and project completion targets by the end of April 2026 <i>[Implementation schedule]</i>	Action 4 [2025]: The PMU is expected to prepare the tender documents for the acquisition of the MRV system equipment by the end of September 2025 at the latest.	Action partially accomplished. The PMU prepared the tender documents in April and May 2026 for the acquisition of equipment for the laboratory for the promotion of research on climate transparency. The action initially planned for September 2025 was therefore carried out late, but it is now a step taken in the process of setting up the laboratory.	Action 4 [2026]: Continue the process of procurement, acquisition and installation of laboratory equipment, and ensure close monitoring to avoid further delays.	Orders placed before September 11, 2026	PMU
Delays in the implementation of results 1, 3 and 1.4 could jeopardize the project's ability to achieve its results and project completion targets by the end of April 2026 <i>[Implementation schedule]</i>	Action 5 [2025]: In preparing the July-December semi-annual progress report, the AMP will assess the likelihood of completing all activities by April 30, 2026. If this is not likely, a revision of the work plan will need to be prepared.	Action accomplished. The July–December 2025 half-yearly progress report led the PMU, in view of the delays in implementation, to revise the schedule for the completion of activities to August–September 2026. A revised work plan was prepared and validated in April 2026.	N/A		
New risks identified in the 2026 PIR					
The lack of evidence to	N/A	N/A	Action 5 [2026]: It is imperative	By September	PMU



PIR FY26 · CBIT Cameroon

document the impact and effective use of the trainings and tools developed in the CBIT project could limit the ability of the PMU to adequately report on indicator 4 of the project results framework. <i>[Reporting]</i>			that the Ministry's project team develop a questionnaire and conduct a survey of stakeholders and individuals trained under the CBIT project, to determine whether they have used the knowledge gained from the training sessions as well as the tools developed to develop public policies on climate change and to report to the UNFCCC. These surveys should be disaggregated by sex and the results should be shared with UNEP.	30, 2026	
---	--	--	---	----------	--

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add a mitigation action.

SECTION 5

5 AMENDMENTS & LEGAL AGREEMENTS

i In this section, you'll record any project amendments and revision history. Please ensure you have all relevant documents related to project changes, such as PSC documents or revised legal agreements.

5.1 Minor Amendments

For each item below, mark Yes if there has been an amendment to that aspect of the project this period.

Results Framework amended? *	No
Components and Cost amended? *	No
Institutional Arrangements amended? *	No
Financial Management amended? *	No
Executing Entity amended? *	No
Executing Entity Category amended? *	No
Minor Project Objective Change? *	No
Safeguards amended? *	No
Risk Analysis amended? *	No
Increase of GEF Project Financing up to 5%? *	No
Co-Financing amended? *	No
Location of project activity amended? *	No
Other amendment? *	Yes

Description of Minor Amendments (Optional)

If you marked Yes for any amendment above, describe what changed and why.

Implementation timeline: The Ministry and UNEP PMUs have been working on a revision of the budget and work plan to take into account delays in the launch of project activities. Revision 2 of the project was approved by UNEP in April 2026. The new operational completion date is 30 September 2026.

5.2 Legal Agreements Log

One row per formal revision. Leave blank if no revisions. Press Tab in the last cell to add rows.

Version	Type	Signed	Entry Into Force	Expiry	Main Changes
---------	------	--------	------------------	--------	--------------



Legacy legal instrument	Review	30/06/2022	01/07/2022	30/09/2026	Original Project Cooperation Agreement.
Revision 1	Extension	09/07/2024	01/08/2024	30/04/2027	The Ministry and UNEP PMUs have been working on a revision of the budget and work plan to take into account delays in the initiation of project activities. The revision of Project 1 was approved by UNEP in July 2024. The new technical completion date is 30 April 2026.
Revision 2	Extension	17/04/2026	17/04/2026	30/09/2027	The Ministry and UNEP PMUs have been working on a revision of the budget and work plan to take into account delays in the execution of project activities. The revision of Project 2 was approved by UNEP in April 2026. The new operational completion date is 30 September 2026.

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add a revision.

SECTION 6

6 GEO-LOCATION

i In this section, you'll record where your project works on the ground — the geographic locations and coordinates relevant to this reporting period.

6.1 Geo-Location Information

One row per project location. Use **Decimal Degrees (WGS84)** — e.g. **-1.286417, 36.817223** for **Nairobi** — to 6 decimal places. This is the format used by OpenStreetMap, GeoNames, and most web mapping tools. If your source coordinates are in DMS or another format, convert them at <https://coordinates-converter.com>. Leave blank if not applicable.

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GEO ID	Description	Activity
Yaoundé. Cameroon	3.86667	11.51667	2220957		

Need more rows? Press Tab in the last cell of the bottom row to add a location.

Further Geo-Referenced Information (Optional)

Any additional notes on project geography that don't fit the table above.

N/A