

GEF - PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION REPORT (PIR)

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At: 2024-08-29 13:19:02

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UNEP GEF PIR Fiscal Year 2024
Reporting from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024

1 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Project Details

GEF ID: 10694	Umoja WBS: GFL-11207-14AC0003-SB-021335
SMA IPMR ID: 129377	Grant ID: S1-32GFL-000803
Project Short Title: Bahamas Integrated Land Management	
Project Title: Integrated Landscape Management for Addressing Land Degradation, Food Security and Climate Resilience Challenges in The Bahamas	
Duration months planned:	48
Duration months age:	20
Project Type:	Full Sized Project (FSP)
Parent Programme if child project:	
Project Scope:	National
Region:	Latin America and Caribbean
Countries:	Bahamas
GEF Focal Area(s):	Land Degradation
GEF financing amount:	\$ 5,717,580.00
Co-financing amount:	\$ 15,092,080.00
Date of CEO Endorsement/Approval:	2022-06-02
UNEP Project Approval Date:	
Start of Implementation (PCA entering into force):	2022-11-16
Date of Inception Workshop, if available:	2022-11-24
Date of First Disbursement:	2023-01-11
Total disbursement as of 30 June 2024:	\$ 571,758.00
Total expenditure as of 30 June:	\$ 410,501.00
Midterm undertaken?:	No
Actual Mid-Term Date, if taken:	

Expected Mid-Term Date, if not taken:	2025-01-30
Completion Date Planned - Original PCA:	2026-09-30
Completion Date Revised - Current PCA:	
Expected Terminal Evaluation Date:	2027-03-31
Expected Financial Closure Date:	2027-09-30

1.2 Project Description

The objective of the project is to enhance climate-resilient food production across productive agricultural landscapes through sound Integrated Landscape Management and Land Degradation Neutrality approaches in The Bahamas. The proposed project will seek to achieve these objectives through the following components:

Component 1: Strengthening the enabling environment for achievement of land degradation neutrality through improved policy and governance. This component focuses on strengthening the enabling environment' by tackling fragmented policy and planning processes and weak institutional capacities.

Component 2: Demonstrating of regenerative agriculture and resilient food production systems, practices and technologies. This component will contribute to reducing LD through development and demonstration of best practice land restoration and regenerative CSA models on over 10,000 hectares in seven islands of The Bahamas and based on an ILM approach. In addition to the 10,000 ha to be targeted for restoration, 17,300 hectares of land that are under the management of the Ministry of Agriculture, Marine Resources and Family Island Affairs and the Bahamas Agricultural and Industrial Corporation (BAIC) will be the focus of SLM policy extension under the project. These are landscapes that are under active use and land not currently under production, that however have high productive use potential that require priority safeguard in the context of maintenance of ecosystem and agricultural productivity.

Component 3: Incentivizing uptake and replication of SLM and climate resilient agriculture. This component will contribute to assisting farmers and associated producer groups accelerate adoption of practices that will reduce adverse environmental impacts and enhance resilience of agricultural systems through provision of direct incentives to realize support for livelihood enhancement.

Component 4: Enhancing monitoring and knowledge management systems for land degradation neutrality assessment and agricultural production system resilience assessment and tracking related GEB Indicators. This component focusses on enhancing science-based decision-making to support improved integrated landscape management based on capability to evaluate LD and environmental status of productive agricultural landscapes and contribution to GEBs through increased understanding and awareness of relevant environmental issues.

The project will ultimately result in improved livelihoods, well-being and GEBs through improvements in the sustainability, productivity, health and resilience of productive ecosystems. The project targets 27,300 hectares on seven (7) islands in the Bahamian archipelago - Abaco, Andros, Cat Island, Eleuthera, Long Island, Grand Bahama and New Providence – on which the land management practices used is contributing to the land degradation challenges the country faces. In addition, these islands are home

to the majority of the population and harbour significant natural and biological resources that underpin the economy. Further, several of these islands recently experienced recent intense hurricanes that severely impacted landscapes, worsening land degradation with direct effects and directly impacting on ecosystems and livelihoods, driving the need for intervention.

1.3 Project Contacts

Division(s) Implementing the project	Ecosystems Division
Name of co-implementing Agency	
Executing Agency (ies)	Department of Environmental Planning & Protection - Bahamas Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources
names of Other Project Partners	Ministry of Agriculture Marine Resources and Family Affairs; Forestry Unit; Department of Agriculture; Department of Physical Planning; University of The Bahamas; BAMSI, CARDI, IICA, Bahamas Development Bank; Department of Gender and Family Affairs; Cat Island Conservation Institute; Bahamas Network for Rural Women; One Eleuthera Foundation; Friends of the Environment – Abaco; FAO; The Nature’s Conservancy; PIMS; Caribbean Network for Rural Women Producers; Bahamas Agricultural Entrepreneurs Cooperative; Blue Field Farms; Grand Bahama Beekeepers Cooperative; Sysco Bahamas; Solomon Fresh Market; Super Value; Budget Meats; Green System Bahamas Limited; Food Post Farms; Atlantis Resort; Bahamar Resort and Spa and Margaritaville.
UNEP Portfolio Manager(s)	Johan Robinson
UNEP Task Manager(s)	Christopher Cox
UNEP Budget/Finance Officer	George Saddimbah
UNEP Support Assistants	Gloritzel Frangakis
Manager/Representative	Rhianna M. Neely-Murphy
Project Manager	Ma. Cecilia B. Colarina
Finance Manager	Shenik Thompson
Communications Lead, if relevant	

2 Overview of Project Status

2.1 UNEP PoW & UN

UNEP Current Subprogramme(s):	Thematic: Nature action subprogramme
UNEP previous Subprogramme(s):	
PoW Indicator(s):	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nature: (iii) Number of countries and national, regional and subnational authorities and entities that incorporate, with UNEP support, biodiversity and ecosystem-based approaches into development and sectoral plans, policies and processes for the sustainable management and/or restoration of terrestrial, freshwater and marine areas Nature: (iv) Increase in territory of land- and seascapes that is under improved ecosystem conservation and restoration
UNSDCF/UNDAF linkages	2022-2026 UN MSDP in the Caribbean includes Outcome 6 'Caribbean countries manage natural resources & ecosystems strengthening their resilience & enhancing the resilience& prosperity of the people and communities that depend on them' which is relevant to the objectives under this project
Link to relevant SDG Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss
Link to relevant SDG Targets:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws 15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements 15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world

2.2. GEF Core and Sub Indicators

GEF core or sub indicators targeted by the project as defined at CEO Endorsement/Approval, as well as results

Indicators	Targets - Expected Value			Materialized to date
	Mid-term	End-of-project	Total Target	
3.1- Area of degraded agricultural lands under restoration	5000	10000	10000	0 (mobilization still in progress)
4.3-Area of landscapes under sustainable land management in production systems	7500	17300	17300	0 (mobilization still in progress)
6.5- Carbon sequestered or emissions avoided in the	1,963,940	3,927,880	3,927,880	to be determined at mid-term

Indicators	Targets - Expected Value			Materialized to date
	Mid-term	End-of-project	Total Target	
AFOLU sector (Direct)				
11- People benefitting from GEF-financed investments	350	1000	1000	50 (initial stakeholder contacts - mobilization still in progress)

Implementation Status 2023: 1st PIR

2.3. Implementation Status and Risks

	PIR#	Rating towards outcomes (section 3.1)	Rating towards outputs (section 3.2)	Risk rating (section 4.2)
FY 2024	1st PIR	MS	MS	M
FY 2023				
FY 2022				
FY 2021				
FY 2020				
FY 2019				
FY 2018				
FY 2017				
FY 2016				
FY 2015				

Summary of status

The "Integrated Landscape Management (ILM) for Addressing Land Degradation, Food Security and Climate Resilience Challenges in The Bahamas" is the first of its kind undertaking for the Bahamas, to address land degradation through SLM in a mainstreaming approach that has focus on the agricultural sector. The Bahamas ILM Project was launched in November 22, 2022. However, at this first PIR reporting period, some of the expected initial deliverables were delayed, attributed to lags in formalizing institutional arrangements through partnership/stakeholder contractual engagements; this was in respect to the timeliness of signing of the Contracts for partner collaborating institutions. Nevertheless, 7/8 collaborating institutions are on board executing respective deliverables. To date work under Components 1 and 2 are most advanced; Components 3 and 4 are substantially dependent on outputs from the first 2 components.

Component 1 Strengthening of enabling environment for the achievement of land degradation neutrality through improved policy and governance: The Partnership Initiative for Sustainable Land Management or PISLM is the lead collaborating institution in the conduct of consultations/workshops toward development of the updated National Action Program (NAP) and the Land Assessment report on Land Degradation and Neutrality. PISLM completed the formulation of an updated NAP that is aligned

with the current UNCCD Strategy; the aligned NAP is an update of the last NAP which was published back in 2006. This aligned NAP, along with the final land assessment report are now tabled for Parliament level review, waiting for the release of the Cabinet Paper (attached cabinet paper in step 5) for adoption and execution. This will be used as reference in the crafting of a national policy framework for Land Management.

Component 2 Demonstration of Regenerative agriculture and resilient food production system, practices and technologies Implementation under this component is shared among various collaborating agencies with a direct oversight of the Bahamas Ministry of Agriculture. These agencies are the following:

> Bahamas Agriculture and Marine Science Institute (BAMSI) - Commenced conduct of trainings for farmers and development of training curriculum for the establishment of their online training portal for farmers. These preparatory steps are contributory to the establishment of 10 propagation facilities across the 7 project islands.

> Caribbean Agricultural Research and Development Institute (CARDI) - In charge of establishment of demonstration sites for Climate Smart Agriculture and regenerative farming and the conduct of trainings for farmers and other partner agencies. During this reporting period, CARDI has been able to comply with one of their in-kind co financing commitment to the ILM Project when they refurbished a greenhouse structure in Gadstone Road that will contribute directly to the project in the propagation of planting material. CARDI is in final completion phase of the scoping analysis and needs assessment for planting materials.

> Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture (IICA) - IICA is completing the conduct of the soil and water sampling analysis as well as finalizing the designs for the composting facilities. Consultants are on-board, and the results of yet to finalized assessment on land degradation will be used as basis for consideration in the establishment of composting sites. This institution is in charge for the conduct of training for the Land Degradation Assessment, as well as for the soil and water sampling in order to prepare the target areas for the establishment of 3 composting facilities in the islands of Abaco, Grand Bahamas and New Providence. There has however been some delay in execution of the land degradation assessment in terms of finalization of the land degradation criteria/definitions and methodologies that will be applicable to the Bahamas. This is being rectified.

Key activities that have been rolled out include:

- Sensitization of stakeholders across the 7 target islands (Abaco, Andross, Grand Bahamas, New Providence, Long Island, Cat Island and Eleuthera) and building relationships with the local farming communities.
- Delopment or selection of a methodology and conduct of baseline land degradation assessments
- Selection of appropriate SLM and CSA technologies
- Planning and organization for the establishment of field demonstration sites featuring context-specific SLM-CSA interventions on the targeted islands

Component 3 - Incentivizing uptake and replication of SLM and climate resilient agriculture The Bahamas Development Bank (BDB) is the lead partner in this component and the contract is under final negotiation. BDB will provide support to farmers and associated producer groups in order to accelerate adoption of practices that will reduce adverse environmental impacts and enhance resilience of agricultural systems through provision of direct incentives to realize support for livelihood enhancement. BDB will also assist the development of Gender-sensitive business investment plans (inclusive of market access mechanisms), business development services and capacity

building to facilitate enhanced production of agricultural and other value-added products from restored landscapes and access to markets made available to farmers and community groups.

Component 4 - Enhancing monitoring and knowledge management systems for land degradation neutrality assessment and agricultural production system resilience assessment and tracking related GEB Indicators. The University of The Bahamas (UB) is the main collaborating institution under this Component. The UB is currently recruiting the consulting team who will lead the establishment of a National Environmental-Agricultural Production Information System (NEAPIS).

2.4 Co Finance

Planned Co-finance:	\$ 15,092,080
Actual to date:	809,400
Progress	<p>Justify progress in terms of materialization of expected co-finance. State any relevant challenges:</p> <p>This co financing report will be reflected in the 2nd quarter expenditure report. (GOV) DEPP - \$200,000 - Office premises / \$84,000 - Administrative and project support IICA - \$511,654 (Office premises, Staff salaries and HQ support, Telecommunications, Transportation) CARDI - \$6,936 (Professional and technical support , refurbishment of the green house and communication charges) BAMSI - \$6,810 (BAMSI Professional work and technical support)</p>

2.5. Stakeholder

Date of project steering committee meeting	2024-05-29
Stakeholder engagement (will be uploaded to GEF Portal)	<p>The ILM project has an established Project Steering Committee (PSC) that provides a strategic direction and oversight to project management. This body is a multi-disciplinary and multi sectoral body covering related environmental areas of practice. The PSC comprises of representatives of relevant government agencies, academic institutions, and other stakeholder representatives. The project has had initial interface with several of the organizations that have been engaged in the development of the project now that it is in the implementation phase. Overall this includes some 32 entities as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Farmer support organization</u>: Bahamas Agripeneur National Farmer Group, Bahamas Network for Rural Women Producers, Cat Island farmers association, Cat Island farmers association, Cat Island Conservation Institute, One Eleuthera Foundation, Friends

	<p>of the Environment - Abaco, Caribbean Network of Rural Women Producers, Bahamas Agricultural Entrepreneurs Cooperative, Blue Field Farms (Aquaponics Research center), Grand Bahama Beekeepers Cooperative</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Private sector</u>: Sysco Bahamas (Bahamas Food Services), Super Value, Solomon Fresh Market, Budget Meats , Green System Bahamas Limited, Food Post Farms, Atlantis Resort, Bahamar Resort, Margaritaville hotel and Resort. • <u>Governmental</u>: Department of Environmental PLanning and Protection (DEPP), Ministry of Agriculture Marine Resources and Family Affair services , Forestry Unit, Department of Agriculture, Department of Physical Planning, Department of Gender and family affairs, • <u>Academic</u>: University of The Bahamas, Bahamas Agriculture and Marine Science Institute (BAMSI); • <u>Financial services</u>: Bahamas Development Bank, • <u>Technical support partners</u>: Inter American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture, Caribbean Agricultural Research and Development Institute, Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), The Nature Conservancy, Partnership Initiative for Sustainable Land Management (PISLM). <p>Lead collaborating technical institutions for implementation under each component include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Partnership Initiative for Sustainable Land Management (PISLM)</u> - Component 1 re: The conduct of Land Degradation Neutrality (LDN) assessment report and the updating of the National Action Program (NAP) for the deployment of a national land management policy framework. • <u>Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture (IICA)</u> - Component 2 - establishment of composting facilities and assessment of the land degradation and water and soil sampling in The Bahamas. • <u>Caribbean Research and Development Institute (CARDI)</u> - Component 2 - conduct of trainings for the demonstration of regenerative agriculture and resilient food production system, practices and technologies. • <u>Bahamas Agriculture and Marine Science Institute (BAMSI)</u> - Component 2 - re: establishment of propagation facilities and the conduct and development of a training course for farmers. • <u>Bahamas Development Bank (BDB)</u> Component 3 - Implmenettaion of trainings and establishing mechanisms for the provision of direct incentives to realize support for livelihood enhancements; develop a gender-sensitive business investment plans (inclusive of market access mechanisms), business development services and capacity building to facilitate enhanced production of agricultural and other value-added products from restored landscapes and access to markets made available to farmers and community groups • <u>University of The Bahamas (UB)</u> - Component 4 - Training and establishment of the National Environmental Agricultural Production System (NEAPIS) - this will contribute to the strengthening of the environmental and agricultural data collection management , analysis, reporting and dissemination.
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2.6. Gender

Does the project have a gender action plan?	Yes
Gender mainstreaming (will be uploaded to GEF Portal):	The ILM Project is in the early stages of implementation and will be guided by the project Gender Action Plan (GAP) that will address identified gender risks, differences, gaps and opportunities, as well as describe the monitoring and evaluation plan for tracing gender impacts and results, and identify specific resources allocated for some activities. It should be noted that in the Bahamas, there is gender inequality amongst farmers; there are fewer female farmers than male, and the size of farms operated by females is smaller than those operated by males. The ILM project will therefore need to respond to the disparity and as feasible within the scope of the GAP (and project resources), open up opportunity for the promotion and advancement of gender equality by ensuring it is mainstreamed in all areas of capacity building and the execution activities. Greater participation of women will be pursued by the project. The project will complement an initiative led by IICA and the Ministry of Agriculture targeting women farmers in New Providence and the Family Islands. The project will contribute to making the crucial shift from 'one-off initiative' to an ongoing stakeholder relationship which is strengthened through gender mainstreaming.

2.7. ESSM

Moderate/High risk projects (in terms of Environmental and social safeguards)	<p>Was the project classified as moderate/high risk CEO Endorsement/Approval Stage?</p> <p>Yes</p> <p>If yes, what specific safeguard risks were identified in the SRIF/ESERN?</p> <p>It will involve many grant awardees in their regenerative agricultural practices. Their activities may involve chemical fertilizers and violate labor and working conditions if related standards are not fully understood and/or complied by them. Safeguard risk identification and management should be clearly communicated to the grant awardees. The project stated that deforestation and land conversion, quarrying and mining are some of the barriers to the situation. These local people have different interests and dynamics, which may cause conflicting interests among local stakeholders in terms of land management and accessibility, quality, and quantity of water. Land tenure issue in Bahamas remain unclear as well. The project team should identify the needs and roles of the landless people and other marginalized people. Then, engage them by taking the human-rights based approach. Grievance Redress mechanism and UNEP's Stakeholder Response Mechanism should be included in the stakeholder engagement plan when developed, be disclosed, and actively communicated to the local communities.</p>
New social and/or environmental risks	<p>Have any new social and/or environmental risks been identified during the reporting period?</p> <p>No</p> <p>If yes, describe the new risks or changes?</p>

Complaints and grievances related to social and/or environmental impacts	<p>Has the project received complaints related to social and/or environmental impacts (actual or potential) during the reporting period?</p> <p>No</p> <p>If yes, please describe the complaint(s) or grievance(s) in detail, including the status, significance, who was involved and what actions were taken?</p> <p>None at this stage.</p>
Environmental and social safeguards management	<p>Given that the ILM project is still at the early stage of implementation, no issues related to measures to institute environmental and social safeguards have emerged as yet. The project has an ESSM Framework and Stakeholder and gender Action Plan as part of the design and approval that will be main references to assure compliance. According to the guidance in the project Safeguard Risk Identification, the project will need to be sensitive to the actions of the beneficiary stakeholders in implementation of regenerative agricultural practices in cases that may involve inappropriate application chemical inputs or potentially violate labor and working conditions if related standards are not fully understood and/or complied by them. The project will monitor safeguard risk identification and management that will be communicated to beneficiaries. The project will have to be cognizant of potential conflicts associated with varied interests and dynamics among stakeholders in terms of land management and accessibility among other considerations. This extends to identification of the needs and roles of land users without secure title access and other marginalized people in a human-rights based approach. The Grievance Redress mechanism and UNEP’s Stakeholder Response Mechanism will be part of the stakeholder engagement plan and will be disclosed, and actively communicated to the local communities.</p>

2.8. KM/Learning

Knowledge activities and products	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > National Policy Instrument on SLM_Bahamas > Elaborating the Land Degradation Neutrality (LDN) Baseline for Target Setting Process (TSP) > The updated National Action Programme (NAP) of the Bahamas designed from the UNCCD prescribed guidelines > Land Assessment Report > Cabinet Paper (Parliament level) - Re: Waiting for adoption of NAP and the land assessment report by the members of the Parliament
Main learning during the period	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > The Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources and Ministry of Agriculture needs to be sensitized to gender issues through

	<p>gender mainstreaming and thereby build an enabling environment.</p> <p>> The Ministry of Agriculture’s policy framework should reflect the connection between farmland housing and farm families. The latter should be encouraged as potentially sustainable units of production as well as socially committed to the sector and community.</p> <p>> The project implementation partnership (among the lead technical agencies) engagement and bringing to attention at the PSC provides critical opportunities to explain and clarify various issues affecting the implementation of the project. The project needs to maintain a high level of synergy and interconnectedness between the partners given that the outputs are to be used among the agencies in their respective work. There are opportunities for agency co-execution and the project is gaining efficiency at ensuring these opportunities are maximized.</p>
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2.9. Stories

<p>Stories to be shared</p>	<p>The ILM Project is in the early stages of implementation and stories will be extracted for the next reporting cycle. The key areas for potential for stories will be around the development of a national policy framework on land management. The country through the project will be investing in integrating SLM to enhance climate resilience with focus on the agricultural sector while preserving environmental benefits. This undertaking, the first of its kind for the country will be done within a statutory framework that is based on land degradation neutrality. Preparatory activities and document preparation have been actioned and now await consideration/endorsement via Cabinet Conclusion by The Bahamas members of the Parliament. Additional stories will emerge from the implementation and establishment of 3 composting facilities, 10 propagation facilities and the demonstration of regenerative agriculture in the 7 target islands that will be replicated on other islands of the Bahamas.</p>
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3 Performance

3.1 Rating of progress towards achieving the project outcomes

Project Objective and Outcomes	Indicator	Baseline level	Mid-Term Target or Milestones	End of Project Target	Progress as of current period (numeric, percentage, or binary entry only)	Summary by the EA of attainment of the indicator & target as of 30 June	Progress rating
Outcome 1.1: Three lead agencies with responsibility for land management in the Government of The Bahamas adopt an enhanced ILM decision making framework to achieve LDN in the longer term.	(i) Number of national policy position statements on LDN endorsed by government and stakeholders;	0	1	1	1	one (1) Cabinet Paper is on the level of the parliament for approval. The adoption of the ILM project through along with the submitted updated National Action Program aligned with UNCCD and the land assessment report will be used as a reference in the crafting of a national policy framework for LDN.	S
	(ii) Number of national agencies that formally adopt an Inter-sectoral coordination mechanism on LDN.	0	1	3	0	An inception workshop was conducted last July 24, 2023. The adoption is dependent on the approval and adoption of the submitted cabinet paper.	S
Outcome 2.1: Effectiveness of SLM and regenerative climate-smart agriculture practices demonstrated in Abaco, Andros, Cat Island, Eleuthera, Grand Bahama, Long Island and New Providence. Results documented and disseminated to key stakeholders for replication							
	Number of assessments of the efficacy of the SLM/CSA restorative measures based on nature-based solutions over 10,000 ha of productive landscapes that serve as demonstrations, reviewed and accepted by scientific agencies and stakeholders (at mid-term and project end)	0	1	2	0	Part of the target for the next year	MS
Outcome 2.2: Farmers and community producer groups trained and supported to adopt SLM and							
	Increase in adoption of SLM and climate-smart measures by	0	50% of target	100% of farmers	0%	Assessment and surveys are on going in order to establish the baseline.	MS

Project Objective and Outcomes	Indicator	Baseline level	Mid-Term Target or Milestones	End of Project Target	Progress as of current period (numeric, percentage, or binary entry only)	Summary by the EA of attainment of the indicator & target as of 30 June	Progress rating
regenerative climate smart agricultural practices	farmers and stakeholders (including at least 50% women) within landholdings based on field assessment surveys.		farmers population	target population			
Outcome 3.1: Communities contribute to develop, operationalize and, replicate gender-sensitive business investment plans and market access mechanisms to support livelihood enhancement.	(i) % Increase in number of agricultural-based investments that have access to markets that incorporate SLM and climate-smart approaches (assessed at inception).	0	25% increase above baseline	50% increase above baseline	0%	promote greater partnership with the Bahamas Development Bank and other private organizations	MS
	(ii) % Increase in productivity/ yield of farms participating in the programme (assessed at inception)	0	above 25% from baseline	above 50% from the baseline	0%	continued capacity building and farmers training is on going; and engaging experts to assist on the technical aspect of improving yields and greater productivity.	MS
Outcome 4.1: Enhanced evidence-based decision-making to support evaluation toward land degradation neutrality and agricultural production resilience and contribution to GEBs in productive agricultural landscapes	(i) Change (%) in availability and utilization of new data products in national level reporting, research efforts and decision-making (via user uptake survey)	0	25% included in user uptake over baseline	75% included in user uptake over baseline	0%	BAMSI through its partner academic institutions adhere to an Inter-agency cooperation/data sharing	MS
	(ii) LDN monitoring system operational	0	1	1	0	no progress as of this reporting period	MS
	(iii) Lessons learned on ILM and LDN mainstreamed in land use related decision making and policies (number of policy references)	0	5	8	0	The project has just started and no emerging lessons learned yet as of this reporting period	MS
Outcome 4.2: Increased							

Project Objective and Outcomes	Indicator	Baseline level	Mid-Term Target or Milestones	End of Project Target	Progress as of current period (numeric, percentage, or binary entry only)	Summary by the EA of attainment of the indicator & target as of 30 June	Progress rating
understanding and awareness of relevant environmental issues among decision makers, farmers, the public, facilitate mainstreaming and scaling-up of project approaches and interventions	(i) % Increase in the level of awareness among target beneficiaries (by community survey)	0	20% over baseline	50% over baseline	0%	the awareness raising activities conducted during this reporting period was part of the local project orientations done in the islands. However, a Communications Officer will soon be on board lead on the conduct of the awareness survey.	MS
	(ii) Extent of replication of tools and approaches (by practitioner survey)	0	20% over baseline	50% over baseline	0%	no progress as yet	MS

3.2 Rating of progress implementation towards delivery of outputs (Implementation Progress)

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
1						
Strengthening the enabling environment for the achievement of land degradation neutrality through improved policy and governance	Output 1.1.1: Advisory and support services, including capacity building, to develop and implement an Integrated Land Management Strategy, and Inter-Sectoral Operational Framework to achieve LDN in The Bahamas provided to selected personnel from at least 3 lead national agencies with responsibility for agricultural/rural land management					S
	Activity 1.1.1.1.: Develop, approve and operationalize an ILM Strategy and Inter-Sectoral Operational Framework	2024-07-30	--	70%	The full completion of this activity is dependent on the Bahamas Parliament's adoption of the Cabinet Paper	
	Activity 1.1.1.2: Conduct strategy and inter-sectoral operational framework training for three lead agencies	2024-12-31	--	80%	Draft reports are already circulated among the members of the PSC for final comments and further review. This document is already translated in a Cabinet Conclusion which is still under	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					process of approval and adoption	
	Output 1.1.2: Studies and recommendations conveyed in at least 5 policy papers to upgrade relevant land development policies, regulatory instruments and incentive regimes and specify how the LDN target-setting process will be integrated, to encourage investments in the agricultural sector towards LDN, made available to key audiences					S
	Activity 1.1.2.1 Develop policy papers and update land development policies	2024-07-30	--	50%	The review of related legislation was completed however, it was found out that there is no single legislation that is related to land degradation and management. An assessment on Land Degradation Neutrality is still on going in order to determine a baseline that can be use as reference in drafting land development policy.	
2						
Demonstration of regenerative agriculture and resilient food production systems, practices and technologies	Output 2.1.1: Degraded areas rehabilitated across 10,000 hectares of productive landscapes through demonstration and implementation of restorative nature-based solutions for uptake by farmers/stakeholders					MS
	Activity 2.1.1.1 Conduct National Assessment of LD	2024-12-31	--	20%	The delay is attributed to some organizational changes on leadership and technical persons of IICA who are suppose to be involve in the ILM project.	
	Activity 2.1.1.2: Conduct needs assessment for planting materials	2024-12-31	--	20%	> 31st January, 2024. The development and preparation of the survey tool was 75% complete. Preparation prior to data collection was 20% completed.> 29th February, 2024. The development and preparation of the survey tool was 85%	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					<p>completed. Survey Tool Development: . The second draft was completed. Data Collection The Bahamas National Statistical Institute (BNSI) was engaged to assist with execution by providing experienced enumerators to administer the survey tool.> 30th April. 2024 . Fifty (50%) percent of the data collection process was completed. The Execution Phase of the survey was being implemented with BNSI. Budgets are being reviewed and developing an MOU is being discussed. Training Dates were tentatively scheduled to commence in May' 2024. CARDI is awaiting an updated Farmers List form the Department of Agriculture as this will inform the number of enumerators required.</p> <p>> The CARDI started with a sensitization process with the support of the Ministry of Agriculture and Marine Resources on 5th February 2024. A follow up meeting was held on 1st May 2024 along with the Department of Agriculture - both meeting finalized the scoping for the 7 islands and farm visitation . Delayed signing of CARDI's Contract by the Ministry of Environment also caused the delay in the commencement of CARDI's deliverables .> 30 June 2024 - Training Manuals completed for 18 enumerators and 7 field</p>	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					supervisors. 18 Tablets are in the process of being purchased to facilitate data collection. Agenda, training schedule and training content was completed. Survey Tool and Progress report completed for submission	
	Activity 2.1.1.3 Establish demonstrations of restorative nature-based solutions on selected farms and degraded sites	2025-05-30	--	20%	> On April 11-12, 2024 - he GEF project was showcased along with the benefits of a small-structured climate smart greenhouse. Equipped with heat absorption technology, it allows the internal ambient temperature to remain relative stable to facilitate germination and seedling growth. The Honorable Prime Minster Phillip Davis along with other Cabinet visited the Greenhouse and had the opportunity to see how small spaces can be maximized to produce up to 6000 seedlings along with the varied varieties of seeds produced by CARDI.> A Technical working group was convened internally to address this activity. The team consists of an agronomist, plant biotechnologist, livestock scientist, climate smart strategist and a water management specialist. . A scoping methodology outlining scoping activities were developed. The scoping activities will be used to develop selection criteria for demonstration sites, lead farmers, nurseries and resource persons on each	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					island. This was done in a bi weekly meeting during the week of May 1-15, 2024. > 1 June 2024 - A farm visitation in New Providence, Nassau was conducted to se the soil fertilty and management practices, the pothole system, tree crop propagation, biochar production and livestock integrated systems. Visit to the other island will continue on the month of July with the participation of the Department of Agriculture and finally meet the stakeholders in order to schedule the trainings.	
	Activity 2.1.1.4: Establish Plant Propagation Facilities	2025-02-28	--	20%	> February - June 2024 - 1 "Validation Survey" created and refined for virtual dissemination to producers in the target islands. 75 Producers' opinions and demographic data collected thus far in 3 islands (Long Island, Cat Island, Eleuthera) The brief survey tool was produced to understand producers' willingness to support the plant propagation facility and details of what plants they want more of on-island. Link: https://forms.gle/bBJP9R9R9KGGDBxk9 . > May 8th virtually and May 31st in-person at Ministry of Agriculture & Marine Resources Conference room - May 8th virtually and May 31st in-person at Ministry of Agriculture & Marine Resources Conference room. Both meetings	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					were brainstorming and clarification sessions with project stakeholders CARDI & IICA in regard to the next round of training courses and deliverables. As the work is collaborative between partner organizations (data from upstream needed to feed into downstream activities)	
	Activity 2.1.1.5: Conduct Plant Propagation Certification Training Course	2024-12-30	--	20%	> From period January - June 2024 - 1 Workshop-type course was developed geared toward farmers, staff in government agricultural agencies, and BAMSI Agriculture development officers around the country. Internal meetings occurred bi-weekly during the development phase to determine course contents, practical exercises and materials required. The experience of the BAMSI academic staff in similar curricula facilitated the production of the course in line with the organization's standards, national education accreditation standards, and objectives of the project tailored to and in consideration of the unique goals of each island.> June 11 & 12, 2024 - BAMSI North Andros Training Room & Research & Demonstration Farm and June 25 & 26 Knowles' Media Center, Cat Island - Over two (2) working days (9am - 3pm; 9am - 1pm) theoretical and practical aspects of plant propagation	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					<p>toward nursery development was presented. Demonstrations of seedling tray best practices, cuttings, and air layering were a key feature of the hands-on experiential session on the second day. As a part of a dynamic set of sessions, participants were also appraised of the wider project, grant opportunities, and the upcoming series of other courses to which participants gave their suggestions. 1 Promotional Flyer was produced to advertise the course's execution date and venue in each island 40-slide instructional presentation produced</p> <p>Plant Propagation Course conducted in 2 islands:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">North Andros [Twelve (12) Attendees] & Cat Island [Thirty-Three (33) attendees].</p>	
	Activity 2.1.1.6: Design composting facilities and operational arrangements	2025-03-31	--	25%	<p>Before the Ministerial decision on compost sites, A Consultant for the composting facility was actively engaged in site visits and evaluations. To date, he has assessed (4) Farms, the BAMS property, "Formal" dumpsites across Andros (North, Mangrove Cay, and South Andros), Green Systems, GRAC, the New Providence Ecology Park, and Anchorage Forestry on Gladstone Road. Compost specialist will have to visit</p>	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					the three locations formally selected by the Ministry of Agriculture, accompanied by personnel from the Ministry of Works and Department of Agriculture.	
	Activity 2.1.1.7: Establish composting facilities	2024-12-30	0%	10%	Only preparatory phase with respect to the final selection of the composting sites had been done by IICA during this reporting period.	
	Activity 2.1.1.8: Develop a framework for soil and water quality sampling and analyses (including periodic sampling and analyses)	2025-03-31	--	20%	Soil and water sampling was conducted a Civil-Environmental Engineer, and a Hydrologist. The ideal process would have been to use farm characterizations and other information to prepare a list of locations for soil and water investigations. Budget and the lack of available data for the LD assessment were also factors. The specialist used expert judgement to navigate this dilemma. The sample collection exercise is scheduled to continue with Grand Bahama and Abaco as the next target islands. This leg of the exercise was intended to include the LD Consultant and PISLM representatives to coordinate travel, data collection, and observation	
	Activity 2.1.1.9: Create, review and revise AFOLU carbon methodologies and tools for all forest carbon accounting and support agricultural methodologies	2026-12-30	--	10%	This is to be finalized with the Forestry Unit - Consultation meetings are planned .	
	Output 2.2.1: Suite of at least 10 SLM-LDN, restorative climate-smart agriculture, integrated waste management tools, practices, approaches, technologies, and capacity building to support expanded adoption of SLM and regenerative climate-smart agriculture practices					MS

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
	across 17,300 ha by at least 700 farmers					
	Activity 2.2.1.1 Develop and Implement Education/Awareness Training Program for Farmers	2024-08-30	--	20%	1 Workshop-type course was developed geared toward farmers, staff in government agricultural agencies, and BAMSI Agri-development officers around the country.1 Promotional Flyer was produced to advertise the course's execution date and venue in each islands. 140-slide instructional presentation produced Plant Propagation Course conducted in 2 islands: North Andros [Twelve (12) Attendees] & Cat Island [Thirty-Three (33) attendees. The experience of the BAMSI academic staff in similar curricula facilitated the production of the course in line with the organization's standards, national education accreditation standards, and objectives of the project tailored to and in consideration of the unique goals of each island	
	Activity 2.2.1.2 Develop Education/Awareness Training Materials and Short Videos	2024-07-30	--	25%	Clips from the training courses are being collated in order to develop an instructional training video.	
	Activity 2.2.1.3 Develop online version of the Education/Awareness Training Program	2025-07-30	--	25%	the conceptualization process is on going	
	Activity 2.2.1.4 Identify and upscale most effective SLM-LDN regenerative CSA models	2024-08-30	--	25%	June 10th In-person meeting with Director of the Department of Agriculture (DoA) . Clarification of collaborative work under this	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
					deliverable was illuminated and opportunities for tangible results were discussed. Follow through of collaborative agreements made prior to September 2024.	
	Activity 2.2.1.5 Conduct Train the trainer Workshops on upscaling SLM-LDN regenerative CSA models	2024-12-30	--	25%	This is already within the frame of IICA's priorities .	
	Activity 2.2.1.6 Develop and implement online climate smart agricultural systems and SLM short courses	2025-12-30	--	25%	this is targeted for next year	
	Activity 2.2.1.7 Prepare and distribute land conservation/sustainable land use, composting and pollution control Training Manuals	2025-12-30	--	20%	this is due for next year	
	Activity 2.2.1.8 Develop and distribute training videos	2025-12-30	--	10%	this is due for next year	
3 Incentivizing uptake and replication of SLM and climate-resilient agriculture						
	Output 3.1.1: Gender-sensitive business investment plans (inclusive of market access mechanisms), business development services and capacity building to facilitate enhanced production of agricultural and other value-added products					MS
	Activity 3.1.1.1: Develop and deliver certificate-based gender sensitive training curriculum: SLM Methods; CSA; and Market Access [BAMSI]	2024-12-30	--	20%	the development of this is still on going but due for December 2024.	
	Activity 3.1.1.2: Develop business investment plan templates [BAIC]	2025-11-30	--	10%	This is due for next year - however, the Contract for the Bahamas development Bank is already for signature	
	Activity 3.1.1.3: Develop and deliver training program to facilitate farmers and associated farmers' ability to access a grant mechanism [BAIC]	2025-01-30	--	5%	due for January c/o the Bahamas Development Bank - still awaiting the signing of the Contract between the BDB and the DEPP.	
	Activity 3.1.1.4 Conduct gender analysis to assess artisan clientele affected by downturn of markets during Covid-19 [BAIC]	2026-05-30	--	5%	This is due for 2026 with the BDB as the collaborating institution	
	Output 3.1.2: Grant mechanism made available to support eco-social business ventures accessed by farmers and community groups					

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
	Activity 3.1.2.1: Design the grant mechanism to finance SLM and climate-smart agribusinesses [BDB]	2024-08-30	--	15%	Still waiting for the final signing of the Contract between the DEPP and BDB , as well as the downloading of the 2nd tranche for ILM	
	Activity 3.1.2.2 Roll-out grants to farmers [BDB]	2025-12-30	--	5%	Contract is already for signature - this activity is still due for next year	
	Activity 3.1.2.3: Monitor and assess performance of farmers awarded grants [BDB]	2026-12-30	--	0%	this is due for 2026 but Contract with the Bahamas Development Bank is already for signature .	
4 Enhancing monitoring and knowledge management systems for land degradation neutrality assessment and agricultural production system resilience assessment and tracking related GEB Indicators						
	Output 4.1.1: National Environmental Agricultural Production Information System developed and accessible through multi-stakeholder operational platforms for use to improve decision making by technical professionals, farmers, practitioners and other stakeholders					MU
	Activity 4.1.1.1: Conduct the NEAPIS Requirements Analysis	2025-02-28	--	0%	Contract with the University of the Bahamas was signed and the transfer of the first tranche for mobilization fund was done.	
	Activity 4.1.1.2: Design, develop and test NEAPIS	2025-12-30	--	5%	this is due for next year - but the hiring of consultant by UB is on going	
	Activity 4.1.1.3: Implement/install, and configure NEAPIS	2025-12-30	--	5%	on going - hiring of consultant by UB is on process.	
	Activity 4.1.1.4: NEAPIS Key Stakeholders Capacity Building	2025-11-30	--	5%	due for next year by UB	
	Output 4.1.2: Low-cost environmental/ agrometeorological systems for land resource degradation and agro-climatic assessment and accompanying capacity building designed and pilot-tested in six of the target islands by researchers, students, technical professionals and relevant community stakeholders for monitoring trends in land degradation, food system resilience and GEBs at multiple scales					MU
	Activity 4.1.2.1: Conduct the Environmental-Agrometeorological	2024-05-30	--	5%	UB's delayed hiring of consultant who	

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
	System Requirements Analysis				will initiated the actual analysis	
	Activity 4.1.2.2: Design, develop and test Environmental-Agrometeorological System	2024-08-30	--	10%	UB's delayed hiring of consultant to initiate this activity	
	Activity 4.1.2.3: Field Equipment Procurement, Installation and capacity building	2024-12-30	--	10%	UB's delayed hiring of consultant to initiate this activity- a joint meeting is set for August 15, 2024	
	Activity 4.1.2.4: Implement, test and validate Environmental-Agrometeorological System	2024-12-30	--	5%	UB is still on the process of hiring their consultant for this activity	
	Output 4.2.1: Knowledge Management Strategy and Plan and Communication Plan for the systematization, publication and dissemination of best practices / lessons learned, and enhancement of awareness using innovative technologies and digital tools					MS
	Activity 4.2.1.1 Develop and Implement a Knowledge Management Strategy and Knowledge Hub	2025-03-30	--	5%	UB Contract signed - this is due for 2025	
	Activity 4.2.1.2 Develop and implement a Communications Plan.	2024-05-30	--	5%	Delay on the part of UB in hiring their consultants	
	Output 4.2.2: Suite of at least 15 specific public awareness resources, media outputs developed and made accessible.					
	Activity 4.2.2.1 Develop and implement a series of five (5) high quality short videos documenting implementation of SLM technologies	2025-04-30	--	10%	this is due for next year but a TOR for the Communications Officer is now being develop	
	Activity 4.2.2.2 Develop and implement a three (3) set poster series	2024-10-30	--	15%	Poster designs are now being conceptualized by collaborating partners as a product of the farmer's training being undertaken in the islands.	
	Activity 4.2.2.3 Develop three (3) sets of knowledge documentation on the specific experiences of Bahamian farmers	2025-05-30	--	5%	due for next year	
	Activity 4.2.2.4 Throughout the project's lifetime, five (5) appearances on radio programs	2026-12-30	--	0%	this is due for 2026	
	Output 4.2.3: Series of at least 10 knowledge sharing events for exchanging lessons learned, information dissemination and					

Component	Output/Activity	Expected completion date	Implementation status as of previous reporting period (%)	Implementation status as of current reporting period (%)	Progress rating justification, description of challenges faced and explanations for any delay	Progress Rating
	networking organized and facilitated					
	Activity 4.2.3.1 Organize and implement ten (10) knowledge sharing events	2026-12-30	--	0%	due for 2026	
	Activity 4.2.3.2 Document the information shared at these exchanges and use them to produce information for the knowledge hub	2026-12-30	--	0%	due for 2026	
	Activity 4.2.3.3 Produce one (1) synthesis type video capturing the general information shared at the ten events	2026-12-30	--	0%	due for 2026	

The Task Manager will decide on the relevant level of disaggregation (i.e. either at the output or activity level).

4 Risks

4.1 Table A. Project management Risk

Please refer to the Risk Help Sheet for more details on rating

Risk Factor	EA Rating	TM Rating
1 Management structure - Roles and responsibilities	Low	Low
2 Governance structure - Oversight	Low	Low
3 Implementation schedule	Moderate	Moderate
4 Budget	Low	Low
5 Financial Management	Low	Low
6 Reporting	Low	Low
7 Capacity to deliver	Low	Low

If any of the risk factors is rated a Moderate or higher, please include it in Table B below

4.2 Table B. Risk-log

Implementation Status (Current PIR)

Insert ALL the risks identified either at CEO endorsement (inc. safeguards screening), previous/current PIRs, and MTRs. Use the last line to propose a suggested consolidated rating.

Risks	Risk affecting: Outcome / outputs	CEO ED	PIR 1	PIR 2	PIR 3	PIR 4	PIR 5	Current PIR	Δ	Justification
Limited policy level buy-in in respect to perceived priority and other competing national priorities.		M	L					L	↓	After some series of local and national orientations with key stakeholders and key government offices - this risk is not of big concern considering the active representation of The Bahamas in the UNCCD.
Climate change and climate variability and		M	M					M	=	Coordination with the Office of the

Risks	Risk affecting: Outcome / outputs	CEO ED	PIR 1	PIR 2	PIR 3	PIR 4	PIR 5	Current PIR	Δ	Justification
natural disaster occurrence associated with major hurricane. drought and extreme weather events. with disruption of institutional and project delivery processes. loss or compromise of field investments.										Prime Minister through the Climate Change Advisor in order to complement with the contingency plans of the government for disaster preparedness
Imposition of COVID19 transmission mitigation measures (if crisis situation persists) and associated disruptions; challenges potentially related to post-pandemic economic recovery in terms of changing policy and priorities. personnel and material deployment.		N/A	L					N/A	=	This is no longer of concern as the situation as normalized in terms of operations across all sectors
Limited buy-in of farmers. producers. practitioners and local communities to adopt tools. methodologies and practices		M	M					M	=	The ongoing series of trainings being conducted by both the CARDI and IICA are designed to sensitize and foster buy-in by farmers. producers. practitioners and local communities with respect to the ILM Project and associated tools. methodologies and practices.
Lack of private sector participation		M	L					L	↓	Participation from the private sector is anticipated to become more prominent in the next reporting period as greater coordination and network building are also developed.
Insecurity of land tenure /access that may hamper authorization for on-site investment and continued investment post project.		H	H					M	↓	The formulation of a national policy framework on LDN with high-level policy engagement / endorsement is anticipated to address this risk.
Potential cost over-runs associated with technology investment alternatives.		L	L					L	=	This will be reflected during subsequent reporting periods and

Risks	Risk affecting: Outcome / outputs	CEO ED	PIR 1	PIR 2	PIR 3	PIR 4	PIR 5	Current PIR	Δ	Justification
										adaptive measures put in place as appropriate
Non-agreement on data management and data sharing protocols.		L	L					L	=	This will be monitored with subsequent reporting periods.
	M		M					M	=	

4.3 Table C. Outstanding Moderate, Significant, and High risks

Additional mitigation measures for the next periods

Risk	Actions decided during the previous reporting instance (PIRt-1, MTR, etc.)	Actions effectively undertaken this reporting period	What	When	By Whom
Climate change and climate variability and natural disaster occurrence associated with major hurricane, drought and extreme weather events, with disruption of institutional and project delivery processes, loss or compromise of field investments.		Coordination with the Office of the Prime Minister through the Climate Change Advisor in order to complement with the contingency plans of the government for disaster preparedness	Continued coordination with the OPM/Climate Change Advisor with DEPP management to ensure contingency plans are in place for continuity post-disaster	ongoing	PMU
Limited buy-in of farmers, producers, practitioners and local communities to adopt tools, methodologies and practices		Conducting local orientations and coordination with existing farmers organizations in Cat Island, Andros, Abaco, Eleuthera and Grand Bahama	the collaborating institutions are moving in the field in a collective manner in order to deliver the ILM message in a clear and wholistic manner	October 2023-April 2024	PMU, BAMS, CARDI, IICA

Risk	Actions decided during the previous reporting instance (PIRt-1, MTR, etc.)	Actions effectively undertaken this reporting period	What	When	By Whom
Insecurity of land tenure /access that may hamper authorization for on-site investment and continued investment post project		Community Organizing and communication with local leaders of farmers organizations	Education and capacitating farmers about the objective and long term results of the project mitigates insecurities and doubts on perceived investment plans	November 2023-July 2024	Project Stakeholders and PMU
Implementation schedule		The PMU has stepped up its guidance and oversight of the main collaborating partners in the project. This has been through bilateral engagements and facilitating joint coordination among the partners.	Continued close oversight of the main collaborating partners in the project. Convening technical coordination meetings and updates to the project steering committee for mitigative actions as needed.	ongoing	PMU. BAMSI. CARDI. IICA

High Risk (H): There is a probability of greater than 75% that assumptions may fail to hold or materialize, and/or the project may face high risks. Significant Risk (S): There is a probability of between 51% and 75% that assumptions may fail to hold and/or the project may face substantial risks. Moderate Risk (M): There is a probability of between 26% and 50% that assumptions may fail to hold or materialize, and/or the project may face only modest risks. Low Risk (L): There is a probability of up to 25% that assumptions may fail to hold or materialize, and/or the project may face only modest risks.

5 Amendment - GeoSpatial

Project Minor Amendments

Minor amendments are changes to the project design or implementation that do not have significant impact on the project objectives or scope, or an increase of the GEF project financing up to 5% as described in Annex 9 of the Project and Program Cycle Policy Guidelines. Please tick each category for which a change occurred in the fiscal year of reporting and provide a description of the change that occurred in the textbox. You may attach supporting document as appropriate

5.1 Table A: Listing of all Minor Amendment (TM)

Minor Amendments	Changes
Results Framework:	No
Components and Cost:	No
Institutional and implementation arrangements:	No
Financial Management:	No
Implementation Schedule:	
Executing Entity:	No
Executing Entity Category:	No
Minor project objective change:	No
Safeguards:	No
Risk analysis:	No
Increase of GEF financing up to 5%:	No
Location of project activity:	No
Other:	No

Minor amendments

5.2 Table B: History of project revisions and/or extensions (TM)

Version	Type	Signed/Approved by UNEP	Entry Into Force (last signature Date)	Agreement Expiry Date	Main changes introduced in this revision
Original signed agreement		2022-11-15	2022-11-16	2027-09-30	

GEO Location Information:

The Location Name, Latitude and Longitude are required fields insofar as an Agency chooses to enter a project location under the set format. The Geo Name ID is required in instances where the location is not exact, such as in the case of a city, as opposed to the exact site of a physical infrastructure. The Location & Activity Description fields are optional. Project longitude and latitude must follow the Decimal Degrees WGS84 format and Agencies are encouraged to use at least four decimal points for greater accuracy. Users may add as many locations as appropriate. Web mapping applications such as OpenStreetMap or GeoNames use this format. Consider using a conversion tool as needed, such as: <https://coordinates-converter.com> Please see the Geocoding User Guide by clicking here

Location Name	Latitude	Longitude	GEO Name ID	Location Description	Activity Description
New Providence	25.0186	-77.4054		Gladstone road Near Jubilee sub division	Varied mix of farming enterprises
New Providence	25.0071	-77.3831		Cowpen Road area	Varied mix of farming enterprises
Abaco	23.0376	-74.9007		Central Abaco	Large-scale farming investments
Andros Island	25.0093	-78.0327		North Andros - Mastic Point settlement. Nicholls town	Large-scale farming investments
Grand Bahama	26.6543	-78.1927		general geography - High Rock to Pelican Point	Varied mix of farming enterprises
Eleuthera	25.4877	-76.7258		The Bluff Settlement area	Varied mix of farming enterprises
Eleuthera	25.4524	-76.6629		Upper Bogue area	Varied mix of farming enterprises
Eleuthera	25.3688	-76.5208		Gregory Town to Alice Town general area	Varied mix of farming enterprises
Eleuthera	24.9087	-76.1822		Tarpum Head area	Varied mix of farming enterprises
Cat Island	24.3452	-75.4773		overall geography of island	Varied mix of farming enterprises; regenerative farming
Long Island	23.0376	-74.9007		overall geography of island	Varied mix of farming enterprises

Please provide any further geo-referenced information and map where the project interventions is taking place as appropriate. *

Detailed and accurate maps related to the ILM project interventions in 7 covered islands are yet to be finalized based from the on going assessments and surveys being conducted by partner collaborating institutions. The map of the exact project locations will be available on the next reporting period.

[Annex any linked geospatial file]

Additional Supporting Documents:

Filename	File Uploaded By	File Uploaded At	
Cabinet Paper-UNCCD-NAP -ILMProject July 2024 - Draft.docx	Executing Agency	2024-08-08 14:58:12	<u>Download</u>
National Policy Instruments on SLM_Bahamas.pptx	Executing Agency	2024-08-08 14:55:59	<u>Download</u>
FINAL_National Land Assessment Report Bahamas.pdf	Executing Agency	2024-08-07 17:16:36	<u>Download</u>
FINAL_Bahamas Aligned NAP.pdf	Executing Agency	2024-08-07 17:16:24	<u>Download</u>